

Form No. 918074 Revision D Aug. 2011

# 753Z / 803

# Compact Excavator

Beginning Serial Number: AC02571





# perator's Manua

#### **GEHL COMPANY**

#### **WARRANTY**

GEHL COMPANY, hereinafter referred to as Gehl, warrants new Gehl equipment to the Original Retail Purchaser to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months from the Warranty Start Date.

#### **GEHL WARRANTY SERVICE INCLUDES:**

Genuine Gehl parts and labor costs required to repair or replace equipment at the selling dealer's business location.

GEHL MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED (INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE), EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY STATED IN THIS WARRANTY STATEMENT.

ANY OF THESE LIMITATIONS EXCLUDED BY LOCAL LAW SHALL BE DEEMED DELETED FROM THIS WARRANTY; ALL OTHER TERMS WILL CONTINUE TO APPLY.

SOME STATES DO NOT PERMIT THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF THESE WARRANTIES AND YOU MAY HAVE GREATER RIGHTS UNDER YOUR STATE LAW.

#### **GEHL WARRANTY DOES NOT INCLUDE:**

- 1. Transportation to selling dealer's business location or, at the option of the Original Retail Purchaser, the cost of a service call.
- 2. Used equipment.
- 3. Components covered by their own non-Gehl warranties, such as tires, batteries, trade accessories and engines.
- 4. Normal maintenance service and expendable, high-wear items.
- 5. Repairs or adjustments caused by: improper use; failure to follow recommended maintenance procedures; use of unauthorized attachments; accident or other casualty.
- 6. Liability for incidental or consequential damages of any type, including, but not limited to lost profits or expenses of acquiring replacement equipment.

No agent, employee or representative of Gehl has any authority to bind Gehl to any warranty except as specifically set forth herein.

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#### **NOTES**

# CHAPTER 1 – GENERAL INFORMATION

#### INTRODUCTION

This Operator's Manual is intended to give the owner/operator assistance in preparing, adjusting, maintaining and servicing the machine. More importantly, this manual provides an operating plan for safe and proper use of the machine. Major points of safe operation are detailed in Chapter 2 – Safety.

Read and understand the contents of this manual completely and become familiar with the machine before attempting to operate it. Contact your dealer to obtain additional manuals.

Throughout this manual, information is introduced by the word **NOTE** or **IMPORTANT**. Be sure to read the message carefully and comply with the message. Following this information will improve operating and maintenance efficiency, help to avoid breakdown and damage and extend the service life of the machine.

Do not use the machine for any application or purpose other than described in this manual. Consult your dealer before using special attachments or equipment not approved for use with the machine. Any person making unauthorized modifications is responsible for the consequences.

The use of the machine is subject to certain hazards that cannot be eliminated by mechanical means – only by exercising intelligence, care and common sense. Such hazards include, but are not limited to: hillside operation, overloading, load stability, poor maintenance and use of the machine for purposes for which it was not intended or designed.

It is essential to have competent and careful operators, not physically or mentally impaired, who are thoroughly trained in safe operation and proper load handling.

It is recommended that operators be capable of obtaining a valid motor vehicle operator's license.

Manitou Americas, Inc. reserves the right to make changes and improvements in the design and construction of any part without incurring the obligation to install such changes on any unit previously delivered. Some illustrations in this manual may show doors, guards and shields open or removed for illustrative purposes only. BE SURE all doors, guards and shields are in their proper operating positions BEFORE starting the engine to operate the machine.

The Gehl dealer network stands ready to provide any assistance you may require, including genuine service parts. All service parts should be obtained from your dealer. Give complete information about the part and include the model and serial number of your machine. Record the serial number in the space provided on this page, as a handy reference.


#### **Serial Number Location**

The machine serial number plate (1, Figure 1-1) is located on the front frame, below the operator's cab. The cab/canopy serial number (2) is located on the inside of the cab frame.



Figure 1-1 Serial Number Plate Locations

#### **Engine Serial Number Location**

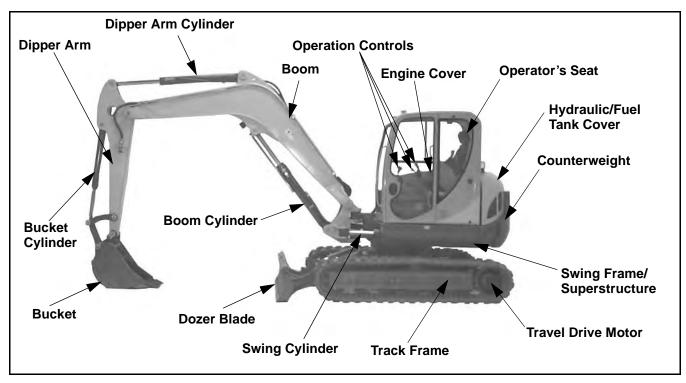
The engine serial number label is located on the cylinder head cover

# **Engine serial number label** Excavators serial numbers AH00611 and up MODEL ENGINE NO. YANMAR® YANMAR CO.,LTD. MADE IN JAPAN Engine serial number label Excavators serial numbers AH00610 and before SMODEL k W OUTPUT-ГРM DISPLACEMENT ENGINE NO. YANNAR DIESEL ENGINE

#### **Ownership Change**

If the machine was purchased "used," or if the owner's address has changed, please provide your dealer or Manitou Americas, Inc. Service Department with the owner's name and current address, along with the machine model and serial numbers. This allows for updating the registered owner information, so the owner can be notified directly in case of an important product issue, such as a safety update program.

#### **Excavator Component Identification**



**Figure 1-2 Component Names** 

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Fluid Capacities/Lubricants

**Note:** Capacities indicated are approximate.

Component/Application	Lubricant	Specification	Season/Temper- ature	Capacity <sup>a</sup>
Diesel Engine	Engine Oil <sup>b</sup>	SAE 10W-40 (according to DIN 51502); API: CD, CF, CF-4, CI-4 SAE E3, E4, E5	-4°F (-20°C) +104°F (+40°C)	10.8 qts. (10.2 L)
Travelling Drive Gear- box Oil	Gearbox Oil <sup>c</sup>	Q8 T 55, SAE80W-90 FINA PONTONIC GLS SAE80W-90	Year-round	About 0.3 gal. (1.3 L) each
	Hydraulic Oil <sup>d</sup>	HVLP46 (according to DIN 51524 section 3)		
Hydraulic Oil Tank		PANOLIN HLP Synth 46	Year-round	26.2 gal. (99 L)
	Biodegradable Oil <sup>e</sup>	FINA BIOHYDRAN SE 46 BP BIOHYD SE-46		
Сиосо	Roller and Friction Bearings	FINA Energrease L21M	Voor round	A a Daguira d
Grease	Open Gear (live ring gears)	BP Energrease MP-MG2	Year-round	As Required
Grease Fittings	Multipurpose Grease <sup>f</sup>	FINA Energrease L21M	Year-round	As Required
Battery Terminals	Acid-proof Grease <sup>g</sup>	FINA Marson L2	Year-round	As Required
		No. 2-D, DIN 51601 grade	Over 39°F (4°C)	
Diesel FuelTank	Diesel Fuel	No. 1-D, DIN 51601 grade	Below 39°F (4°C)	24.6 gal. (93 L)
Engine and Hydraulic Oil Cooler	Coolant	Water + antifreeze; SP-C	Year-round	7.4 qts. (7.0 L)
	Refrigerating Agent	R134a		1.7 lbs. (750 g)
Air Conditioning	Compressor Oil	Sanden SP10	Year-round	7.1 in <sup>3</sup> (116.5 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Windshield Washer	Cleaning Agent	Water + Antifreeze	Year-round	5.3 gal. (2 L)

a. Capacities shown are approximate; use only oil level check to determine correct oil level

b. BP Vanellus MG 15W40, BP Vanellus C-Extra 10W30, Chevron Delo 400 15W40 or equivalent; Refer to engine operator's manual for more detailed information about recommended oil grade type use depending upon ambient temperature.

c. Hypoid gearbox oil based on basic mineral oil (API GL-4, GL-5)

d. Mobile DTE15M, Amoco Rykon 46, BP Energol HLP-HD 46 or equivalent

e. Hydraulic ester oils (HEES). IMPORTANT! Do not mix biodegradable oil types/grades; do not mix biodegradeable and mineral oils. Ensure hydraulic attachments are free of mineral oil residue before use.

f. FINA Energrease 21M, Chevron RPM Heavy-Duty Grease No. 2, Mobilgrease Moly 52, or BP Energrease Moly EP2

g. Standard acid-proof grease

#### **Engine**

Engine			
Engine Model	S/N AC02571-AH00610:	S/N AH00611 and up:	
	EPA Tier II	EPA Tier III	
	Yanmar 4TNV98-VNS	Yanmar 4TNV98-ZVNS	
Type	Water-cooled 4-stroke,	4 cylinder diesel engine	
Displacement	202 cu. ir	n. (3.32 L)	
Bore and Stroke	3.9 x 4.3 in. (	98 x 110 mm)	
Horsepower (DIN)	57.0 hp (42.5 kW) @ 2100 rpm	58.2 hp (43.4 kW) @ 2100 rpm	
Max. Torque	184 lbft. (249.3 Nm) @ 1350	183.7 lbft. (249 Nm) @ 1350	
	rpm	rpm	
Max. Engine Speed (with no load)	2290 +/- 50 rpm	2130 +/- 50 rpm	
Idle Engine Speed	1050 +/- 25 rpm	1100 +/- 25 rpm	
Fuel Injection System	Direct injection		
Starting Aid	Glow plug (Preheatin	g time 10-15 seconds)	
Max. Inclined Angle (engine still supplied	25° in all	directions	
with oil)	NOTE: The machine's theoretical		
	climbing ability (30°/58%) exceeds this angle!		
Exhaust Emission Compliance	97/68/EC; U.S. EPA		
Engine Oil Capacity	8.2 qts. (7.8 L)		
Engine Coolant Capacity	7.4 qts. (7.0 L)		

#### **Hydraulic System**

Hydraulic System	753Z	803
Pump	Double variable-displacement +	Double variable-displacement +
	twin gear pump	twin gear pump
	$2 \times 2.0 + 1.7 \text{ in}^3$	$2 \times 2.0 + 1.7 \text{ in}^3$
	$(2 \times 32 + 27.7 \text{ cm}^3)$	$(2 \times 32 + 27.7 \text{ cm}^3)$
Flow Rate	2 x 19.4 gpm + 16.6 gpm	2 x 21.8 gpm + 9.7 gpm
	(2 x 73.4 L/min + 62.8 L/min) @	(2 x 82.5 L/min + 36.7 L/min) @
	2290 rpm +/- 50 rpm	2290 rpm +/- 50 rpm
Operating Pressure (working and driving)	3771 psi (260 bar)	4351 psi (300 bar)
Operating Pressure (swing unit)	3118 psi (215 bar)	
Hydraulic Fluid Cooler	Standard	
Hydraulic Reservoir (system capacity)	26.2 gal. (99 L)	
Filter	Return line filter	

#### **Undercarriage and Swing System**

<b>Undercarriage and Swing System</b>	753Z	803
Travel Speed		
Low Speed	2.0 mph (	(3.2 km/h)
High Speed	3.1 mph (5.0 km/h)	3.2 mph (5.2 km/h)
Ground Clearance	14.8" (375 mm)	15.0" (380 mm)
Swing Speed	8.7 rpm	9.2 rpm
Gradability	30° (58%)	
Rubber Track Width	17.7" (450 mm)	
Number of Track Rollers	5 per side	
Average Ground Pressure	5.0 psi (0.35 kg/cm²)	5.1 psi (0.36 kg/cm²)

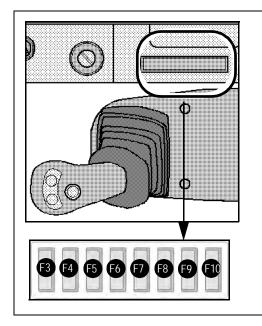
#### **Dozer Blade**

Dozer Blade	753Z	803
Width	7'5" (2250 mm)	
Height	1'6" (500 mm)	
Maximum Lift Above Ground	1'5" (470 mm)	1'5" (450 mm)
Maximum Depth Below Ground	1'3" (386 mm)	1'7" (528 mm)

#### **Electrical System**

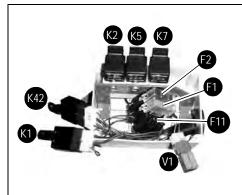
Alternator	12V, 55A
Starter	12V, 2.3 kW
Battery	12V, 88Ah, BCI group size 49 (93 opt.), 680 CCA
Socket	15A max Cigarette lighter

#### **Fuse Box in Instrument Panel**



Fuse No.	Rated Current	Protected Circuit
		Indicators, cut-off solenoid, relays
F3	10 Amp	Also E-ECU for 753Z (SN
	10 Amp	AH00646 and up) and 803 (SN
		AH0611 and up)
F4	10 Amp	Boom light
F5	15 Amp	Roof lights
F6	10 Amp	Valves, horn
F7	15 Amp	Heating, air conditioning
F8	10 Amp	Windshield wiper, interior light
F9	10 Amp	Rotating beacon, radio
F10	15 Amp	Socket, cigarette lighter

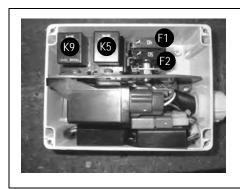
# Main Fuse Box with Relays - located underneath the cab -753Z (SN AH00646 and up) and 803 (SN AH0611 and up)



Fuse No.	Rated Current	<b>Protected Circuit</b>
F1	40 Amp	Start, preheat
F2	50 Amp	Main fuse, fuel-filling pump, ignition lock
F11	10 Amp	E-ECU, engine relay

Relay No.	Protected Circuit
K1	Engine electronics main relay
K2	Fuel-filling pump relay
K5	Preheating high current relay
K7	Start high current relay
K42	Fuel injection pump relay
V1	Blocking diode

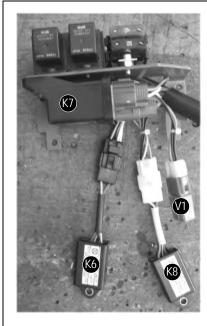
# Main Fuse Box with Relays - located underneath the cab -753Z (SN AH00645 and before) and 803 (SN AH0610 and before)



Fuse No.	Rated Current	<b>Protected Circuit</b>
F1	40 Amp	Start, preheat, cut-off solenoid
F2	50 Amp	Main fuse, ignition lock

Relay No.	Protected Circuit
K9	Cut-off solenoid
K5	Preheating

# Relays - located underneath the cab -753Z (SN AH00645 and before) and 803 (SN AH0610 and before)



Relay No.	<b>Protected Circuit</b>	
K6	Preheating timer	
K7	Starting relay	
K8	Cut-off solenoid	
V1	Diode	

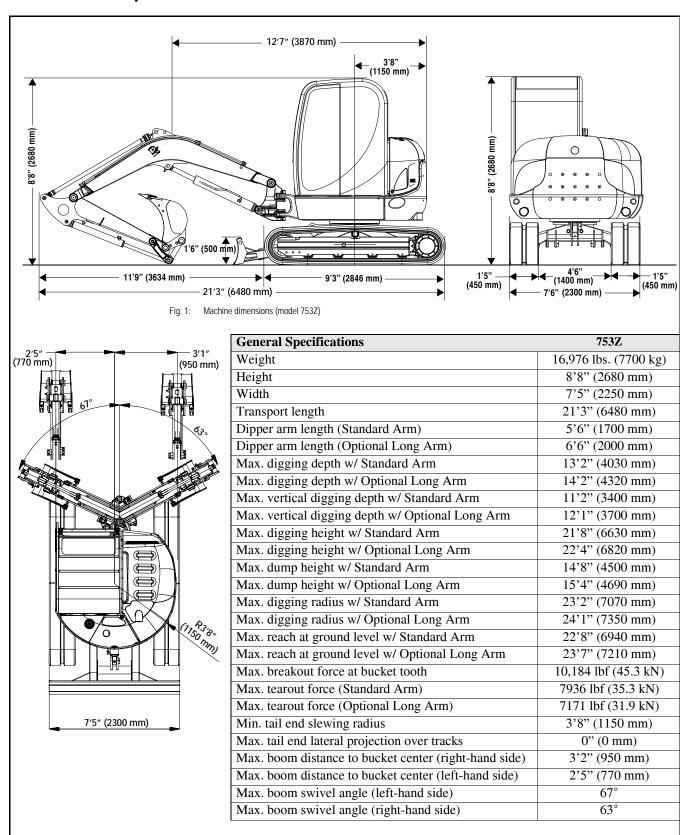
#### **Coolant Compound Table**

Outside temperature	Coolant: Halvoline XLC (based on ethylene glycol)							
Outside temperature	Water	Anticorro	sion agent	Antifreeze agent				
Up to °F (°C)	% by vol- ume	in³/gal (cm³/L) % by volume		% by volume				
39 (4)	99			_				
14 (-10)	79			20				
-4 (-20)	65	2.6 (10)	1	34				
-13 (-25)	59			40				
-22(-30)	55			44				

#### **Sound Levels**

Sound Levels	Model 753Z	Model 803
Sound Power	97 dB(A)	101 dB(A)
Sound Pressure	77 dB(A)	78 dB(A)

#### 753Z General Specifications



#### **803 General Specifications**

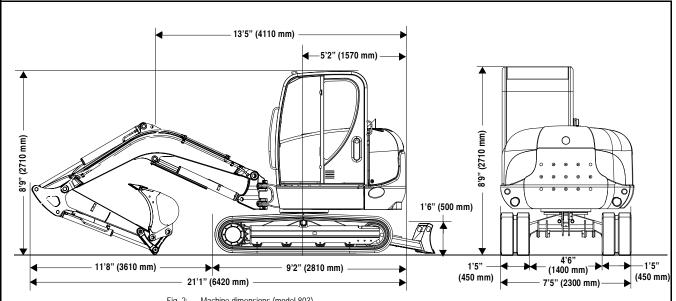
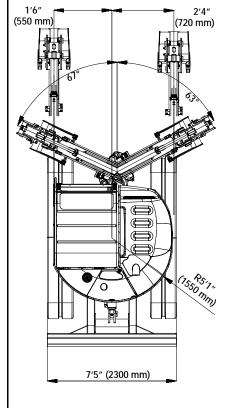


Fig. 2: Machine dimensions (model 803)



<b>General Specifications</b>	803
Weight	17,549 lbs. (7960 kg)
Height	8'9" (2710 mm)
Width	7'5" (2250 mm)
Transport length	21'0" (6420 mm)
Dipper arm length (Standard Arm)	6'1" (1850 mm)
Dipper arm length (Optional Long Arm)	7'1" (2150 mm)
Max. digging depth w/ Standard Arm	14'1" (4290 mm)
Max. digging depth w/ Optional Long Arm	15'0" (4580 mm)
Max. vertical digging depth w/ Standard Arm	12'0" (3670 mm)
Max. vertical digging depth w/ Optional Long Arm	13'0" (3970 mm)
Max. digging height w/ Standard Arm	22'9" (6980 mm)
Max. digging height w/ Optional Long Arm	23'5" (7170 mm)
Max. dump height w/ Standard Arm	15'9" (4840 mm)
Max. dump height w/ Optional Long Arm	16'5" (5030 mm)
Max. digging radius w/ Standard Arm	23'5" (7170 mm)
Max. digging radius w/ Optional Long Arm	24'4" (7440 mm)
Max. reach at ground level w/ Standard Arm	23'0" (7020 mm)
Max. reach at ground level w/ Optional Long Arm	24'0" (7300 mm)
Max. breakout force at bucket tooth	11,758 lbf (52.3 kN)
Max. tearout force (Standard Arm)	8700 lbf (38.7 kN)
Max. tearout force (Optional Long Arm)	7891 lbf (35.1 kN)
Min. tail end slewing radius	5'1" (1550 mm)
Max. tail end lateral projection over tracks	1'3" (400 mm)
Max. boom distance to bucket center (right-hand side)	2'4" (720 mm)
Max. boom distance to bucket center (left-hand side)	1'8" (550 mm)
Max. boom swivel angle (left-hand side)	67°
Max. boom swivel angle (right-hand side)	63°

#### **Load Diagrams**

#### 753Z Standard Dipper Arm Load Diagram

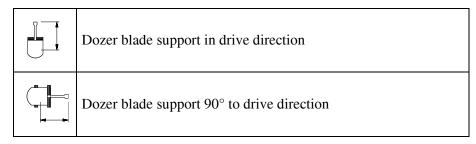
# 195" 164" 131" 93" 55" 33" 00" (5.0 m) (5.0 m)

#### Maximum permissible loads (standard arm)

	MAX.		16'4" (5.0 m)		13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A B										
13'0" (4.0 m)	3957* (1795*)	2028 (920)	3935* (1785*)	2216 (1005)	4112* (1865*)	3318 (1505)				
9'9" (3.0 m)	3880* (1760*)	1687 (765)	4090* (1855*)	2172 (985)	4696* (2130*)	3142 (1425)				
6'6" (2.0 m)	3880* (1760*)	1521 (690)	4453* (2020*)	2039 (925)	5589* (2535*)	2844 (1290)				
3'3" (1.0 m)	3913* (1775*)	1466 (665)	4795* (2175*)	1918 (870)	6360* (2885*)	2579 (1170)				
0'0" (0.0 m)	3957* (1795*)	1488 (675)	4916* (2230*)	1830 (830)	6603* (2995*)	2436 (1105)	9733* (4415*)	3594 (1630)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	3968* (1800*)	1642 (745)	4630* (2100*)	1808 (820)	6261* (2840*)	2403 (1090)	8796* (3990*)	3638 (1650)	12,522* (5680*)	7683 (3485)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	3836* (1740*)	2017 (915)			5170* (2345*)	2480 (1125)	7088* (3215*)	3781 (1715)	10,053* (4560*)	7904 (3585)

Maximum permissible load on standard dipper arm				
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable			
В	Height of load fixing point			
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited			

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.

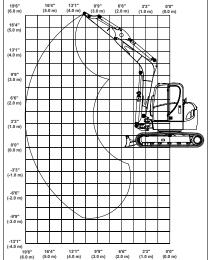


If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 753Z Standard Dipper Arm with Counterweight Load Diagram

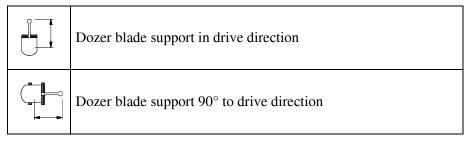


#### Max. permissible loads (standard arm w/counterweight)

	MAX.		16'4" (5.0 m)		13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A B										
13'0" (4.0 m)	3957* (1795*)	2348 (1065)	3935* (1785*)	2557 (1160)	4112* (1865*)	3770 (1710)				
9'9" (3.0 m)	3880* (1760*)	1973 (895)	4090* (1855*)	2513 (1140)	4696* (2130*)	3593 (1630)				
6'6" (2.0 m)	3880* (1760*)	1798 (815)	4453* (2020*)	2392 (1085)	5589* (2535*)	3307 (1500)				
3'3" (1.0 m)	3913* (1775*)	1731 (785)	4795* (2175*)	2260 (1025)	6360* (2885*)	3031 (1375)				
0'0" (0.0 m)	3957* (1795*)	1775 (805)	4916* (2230*)	2172 (985)	6603* (2995*)	2888 (1310)	9733* (4415*)	4266 (1935)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	3968* (1800*)	1940 (880)	4630* (2100*)	2150 (975)	6261* (2840*)	2855 (1295)	8796* (3990*)	4321 (1960)	12,522* (5680*)	9039 (4100)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	3836* (1740*)	2381 (1080)			5170* (2345*)	2943 (1335)	7088* (3215*)	4464 (2025)	10,053* (4560*)	9259 (4200)

Maximum permissible load on standard dipper arm				
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable			
В	Height of load fixing point			
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited			

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.



If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

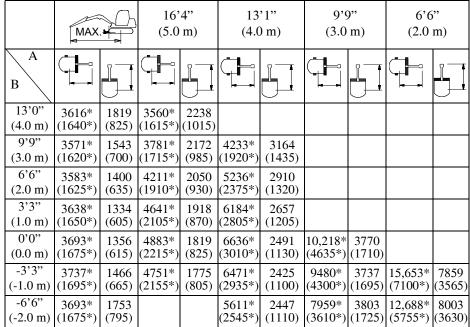
Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 753Z Extended Dipper Arm Load Diagram

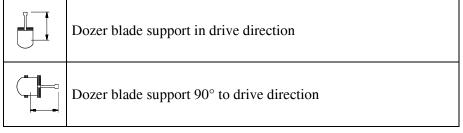
# 19%" 164" 13"" 99" 66" 33" 00" (6.0 m) (5.0 m)

#### Maximum permissible loads (extended arm)



Maximum permissible load on extended dipper arm				
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable			
В	Height of load fixing point			
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited			

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.



If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 753Z Extended Dipper Arm with Counterweight Load Diagram

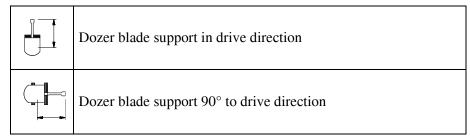
# 195° 164° 137° 93° 65° 33° 09° (6.5 m) (6.5 m)

#### Max. permissible loads (extended dipper w/counterweight)

	MAX.		16'4" (5.0 m)		13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A										
13'0" (4.0 m)	3616* (1640*)	2127 (965)	3560* (1615*)	2579 (1170)						
9'9" (3.0 m)	3571* (1620*)	1819 (825)	3781* (1715*)	2513 (1140)	4233* (1920*)	3616 (1640)				
6'6" (2.0 m)	3583* (1625*)	1653 (750)	4211* (1910*)	2392 (1085)	5236* (2375*)	3362 (1525)				
3'3" (1.0 m)	3638* (1650*)	1598 (725)	4644* (2105*)	2260 (1025)	6184* (2805*)	3109 (1410)				
0'0" (0.0 m)	3693* (1675*)	1620 (735)	4883* (2215*)	2161 (980)	6636* (3010*)	2943 (1335)	10,659* (4835*)	4442 (2015)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	3737* (1695*)	1753 (795)	4751* (2155*)	2116 (960)	6471* (2935*)	2888 (1310)	9480* (4300*)	4420 (2005)	15,653* (7100*)	9204 (4175)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	3693* (1675*)	2094 (950)			5611* (2545*)	2899 (1315)	7959* (3610*)	4486 (2035)	12,688* (5755*)	93483 (4240)

Maximum permissible load on extended dipper arm							
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable						
В	Height of load fixing point						
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited						

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.



If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 803 Standard Dipper Arm Load Diagram

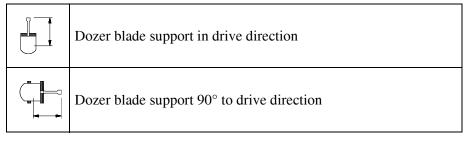
# 196" 164" 131" 99" 66" 33" 00" (5.0 m) (5.0 m)

#### **Maximum permissible loads (standard arm)**

	MAX.			'4" 0 m)	13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A B										
16'4" (5.0 m)	4409* (2000*)	3329 (1510)			4310* (1955*)	4299 (1950)				
13'0" (4.0 m)	4233* (1920*)	2568 (1165)	4222* (1915*)	2932 (1330)	4431* (2010*)	4255 (1930)				
9'9" (3.0 m)	4178* (1895*)	2172 (985)	4453* (2020*)	2866 (1300)	5104* (2315*)	4068 (1845)	6449* (2925*)	6437 (2920)		
6'6" (2.0 m)	4200* (1905*)	2028 (920)	4861* (2205*)	2745 (1245)	6063* (2750*)	3814 (1730)	8973* (4070*)	5776 (2620)		
3'3" (1.0 m)	4255* (1930*)	1962 (890)	5247* (2380*)	2612 (1185)	6878* (3120*)	3571 (1620)	10,516* (4770*)	5291 (2400)		
0'0" (0.0 m)	4321* (1960*)	2006 (910)	5412* (2455*)	2524 (1145)	7187* (3260*)	3417 (1550)	10,472* (4750*)	5148 (2335)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	4354* (1975*)	2183 (990)	5170* (2345*)	2491 (1130)	6911* (3135*)	3373 (1530)	9645* (4375*)	5137 (2330)	13,900* (6305*)	10,648 (4830)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	4277* (1940*)	2601 (1180)			5930* (2690*)	3406 (1545)	8102* (3675*)	5214 (2365)	11,530* (5230*)	10,803 (4900)
-9'8" (-3.0 m)	3748* (1700*)	3748 (1700)					5258* (2385*)	5258 (2385)		

Maximum permissible load on standard dipper arm							
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable						
В	Height of load fixing point						
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited						

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.

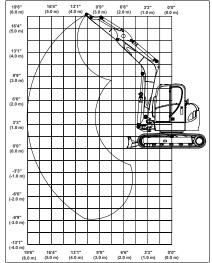


If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 803 Standard Dipper Arm with Counterweight Load Diagram

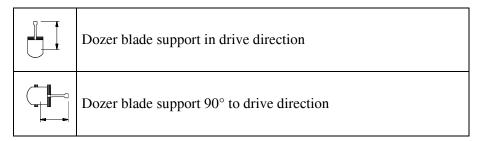


#### Max. permissible loads (standard dipper w/counterweight)

	MAX.		16'4" (5.0 m)		13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A B										
13'0" (4.0 m)	3957* (1795*)	2348 (1065)	3935* (1785*)	2557 (1160)	4112* (1865*)	3770 (1710)				
9'9" (3.0 m)	3880* (1760*)	1973 (895)	4090* (1855*)	2513 (1140)	4696* (2130*)	3594 (1630)				
6'6" (2.0 m)	3880* (1760*)	1797 (815)	4453* (2020*)	2392 (1085)	5589* (2535*)	3307 (1500)				
3'3" (1.0 m)	3913* (1775*)	1731 (785)	4795* (2175*)	2260 (1025)	6360* (2885*)	3031 (1375)				
0'0" (0.0 m)	3957* (1795*)	1775 (805)	4916* (2230*)	2172 (985)	6603* (2995*)	2888 (1310)	9733* (4415*)	4266 (1935)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	3968* (1800*)	1940 (880)	4630* (2100*)	2150 (975)	6261* (2840*)	2855 (1295)	8796* (3990*)	4321 (1960)	12,522* (5680*)	9039 (4100)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	3836* (1740*)	2381 (1080)			5170* (2345*)	2943 (1335)	7088* (3215*)	4464 (2025)	10,053* (4560*)	9259 (4200)

Maximum permissible load on standard dipper arm						
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable.					
В	Height of load fixing point					
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited.					

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.



If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 803 Extended Dipper Arm Load Diagram

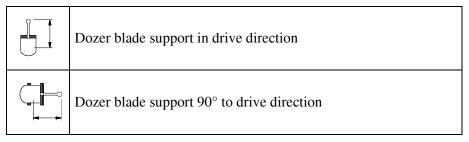
# 

#### Maximum permissible loads (extended arm)

	MAX.		16'4" (5.0 m)		13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A B										
16'4" (5.0 m)	4023* (1825*)	2910 (1320)			3814* (1730*)	3814 (1730*)				
13'0" (4.0 m)	3902* (1770*)	2315 (1050)	3880* (1760*)	2965 (1345)	3979* (1805*)	3979 (1805*)				
9'9" (3.0 m)	3869* (1755*)	2017 (915)	4156* (1885*)	2877 (1305)	4663* (2115*)	4112 (1865)	5622* (2550*)	5622 (2550*)		
6'6" (2.0 m)	3891* (1765*)	1863 (845)	4608* (2090*)	2745 (1245)	5677* (2575*)	3836 (1740)	8135* (3690*)	5919 (2685)		
3'3" (1.0 m)	3946* (1790*)	1797 (815)	5060* (2295*)	2601 (1180)	6603* (2995*)	3571 (1620)	10,097* (4580*)	5346 (2425)		
0'0" (0.0 m)	4012* (1820*)	1830 (830)	5324* (2415*)	2491 (1130)	7077* (3210*)	3395 (1540)	10,527* (4775*)	5114 (2320)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	4057* (1840*)	1973 (895)	5236* (2375*)	2447 (1110)	6978* (3165*)	3318 (1505)	9987* (4530*)	5060 (2295)	15,763* (7150*)	10,428 (4730)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	4034* (1830*)	2293 (1040)			6294* (2835*)	3329 (1510)	8675* (3935*)	5114 (2320)	13,228* (6000*)	10,5823 (4800)
-9'8" (-3.0 m)	3759* (1705*)	3120 (1415)					6294* (2855*)	5269 (2390)		

Maximum permissible load on extended dipper arm								
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable							
В	Height of load fixing point							
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited							

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.

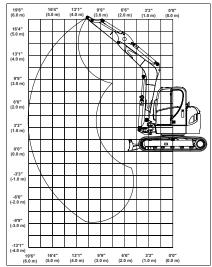


If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### 803 Extended Dipper Arm with Counterweight Load Diagram

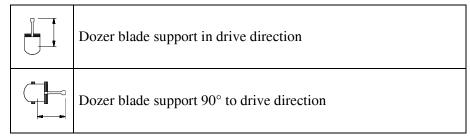


#### Max. permissible loads (extended dipper w/counterweight)

	MAX.		16'4" (5.0 m)		13'1" (4.0 m)		9'9" (3.0 m)		6'6" (2.0 m)	
A B										
16'4" (5.0 m)	4023* (1825*)	3296 (1495)			3814* (1730*)	3814* (1730*)				
13'0" (4.0 m)	3902* (1770*)	2646 (1200)	3880* (1760*)	3351 (1520)	3979* (1805*)	3979* (1805*)				
9'9" (3.0 m)	3869* (1755*)	2315 (1050)	4156* (1885*)	3263 (1480)	4663* (2115*)	4630 (2100)	5622* (2550*)	5622* (2550*)		
6'6" (2.0 m)	3891* (1765*)	2150 (975)	4608* (2090*)	3131 (1420)	5677* (2575*)	4354 (1975)	8135* (3690*)	6691 (3035)		
3'3" (1.0 m)	3946* (1790*)	2094 (950)	5060* (2295*)	2987 (1355)	6603* (2995*)	4090 (1855)	10,047* (4580*)	6118 (2775)		
0'0" (0.0 m)	4012* (1820*)	2127 (965)	5324* (2415*)	2888 (1310)	7077* (3210*)	3913 (1775)	10,527* (4775*)	5886 (2670)		
-3'3" (-1.0 m)	4057* (1840*)	2293 (1040)	5236* (2375*)	2833 (1285)	6978* (3165*)	3836 (1740)	9987* (4530*)	5831 (2645)	15,763* (7150*)	11,960 (5425)
-6'6" (-2.0 m)	4034* (1830*)	2657 (1205)			6294* (2855*)	3847 (1745)	8675* (3935*)	5886 (2670)	13,228* (6000*)	12,114 (5495)
-9'8" (-3.0 m)	3759* (1705*)	3594 (1630)					6294* (2855*)	6041 (2740)		

Maximum permissible load on extended dipper arm							
A	Overhang from the center of the turntable						
В	Height of load fixing point						
*	Lifting capacity hydraulically limited						

All table values are in lbs. (kg) and for a machine in a horizontal position on firm ground without bucket.



If equipped with a bucket or other implements, lift capacity or tilt load is reduced by bucket or implement weight.

Calculation basis: According to ISO 10567.

The excavator's lift capacity is restricted by the settings of the pressure relief valves and the hydraulic system's stabilizing features.

#### **NOTES**

#### **CHECKLISTS**

#### **Pre-Delivery Checklist**

The following checklist is an important reminder of valuable information and inspections that MUST be made before delivering the machine to the customer. Check off each item after the prescribed action is taken.

#### **✓** CHECK THAT:

- ☐ Machine has not been damaged in shipment. Check for such things as dents and loose or missing parts. Correct or replace components as required.
- ☐ Battery is securely mounted and not cracked. Be sure cable connections are tight.
- ☐ Cylinders, hoses and fittings are not damaged, leaking or loosely connected.
- ☐ Coolant/radiator hoses and fittings are not damaged, leaking or loosely connected. Coolant system is filled to the proper level and has proper antifreeze protection.
- ☐ Filters are not damaged, leaking or loosely secured.
- Machine is properly lubricated and no grease fittings are missing or damaged.
- ☐ Hydraulic system reservoir, engine crankcase and drive motors are filled to their proper levels.
- $\square$  All adjustments are made to comply with settings provided in *Chapter 4 Maintenance* of this manual.
- ☐ All guards, shields and decals are in place and secured.
- ☐ Model and serial numbers for the machine are recorded in the space provided on this page and on page 1-1.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Start the engine and test run the unit while checking that all controls operate properly.

#### ✓ CHECK THAT:

- Drive controls and boom/arm/bucket/dozer blade/swing/ pivot controls operate properly and are not damaged or binding.
- ☐ Drive controls are properly adjusted for correct neutral position.
- ☐ The parking and travelling gear brake, along with the lock-out devices, are activated with the machine stationary (no pilot control pressure).
- All hydraulic functions are NOT operational with the left control console in the raised lock-out position.
- ☐ All instrument panel gauges, indicator lights, etc. function properly and all installed lights, such as work lights, function properly.

I acknowledge the pre-delivery procedures were performed on this unit as outlined on this page.

Dealership's Name

Dealer Representative's Name

Date Checklist Filled Out

Model & Serial Number

#### **Delivery Checklist**

The following checklist is an important reminder of valuable information that MUST be passed on to the customer at the time of delivery. Check off each item as you explain it to the customer.

#### **✓** EXPLAIN:

- ☐ The *Safety* and *Operation* chapters of this manual, regarding the safe operation of the machine.
- ☐ The *Maintenance* and *Troubleshooting* chapters for information regarding the proper maintenance of the machine. Explain that regular lubrication and maintenance is required for continued safe operation and long machine life.
- ☐ Give this Operator's Manual and the AEM Compact Excavator Safety Manual to the customer and instruct the customer to read and completely understand the contents before operating the machine.
- ☐ Complete the Owner's Registration, including the customer's signature, and return it to Manitou Americas, Inc.
- Explain that a copy of the product warranty is included on the inside front cover of this Operator's Manual.

Customer's Signature

Date Delivered

#### **RETAIN FOR CUSTOMER'S RECORDS**

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#### **CHECKLISTS**

#### **Pre-Delivery Checklist**

The following checklist is an important reminder of valuable information and inspections that MUST be made before delivering the machine to the customer. Check off each item after the prescribed action is taken.

#### ✓ CHECK THAT:

- Machine has not been damaged in shipment. Check for such things as dents and loose or missing parts. Correct or replace components as required.
- ☐ Battery is securely mounted and not cracked. Be sure cable connections are tight.
- ☐ Cylinders, hoses and fittings are not damaged, leaking or loosely connected.
- ☐ Coolant/radiator hoses and fittings are not damaged, leaking or loosely connected. Coolant system is filled to the proper level and has proper antifreeze protection.
- ☐ Filters are not damaged, leaking or loosely secured.
- Machine is properly lubricated and no grease fittings are missing or damaged.
- Hydraulic system reservoir, engine crankcase and drive motors are filled to their proper levels.
- All adjustments are made to comply with settings provided in *Chapter 4 Maintenance* of this manual.
- ☐ All guards, shields and decals are in place and secured.
- ☐ Model and serial numbers for the machine are recorded in the space provided on this page and on page 1-1.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Start the engine and test run the unit while checking that all controls operate properly.

#### ✓ CHECK THAT:

- Drive controls and boom/arm/bucket/dozer blade/swing/ pivot controls operate properly and are not damaged or binding.
- ☐ Drive controls are properly adjusted for correct neutral position.
- ☐ The parking and travelling gear brake, along with the lock-out devices, are activated with the machine stationary (no pilot control pressure).
- All hydraulic functions are NOT operational with the left control console in the raised lock-out position.
- ☐ All instrument panel gauges, indicator lights, etc. function properly and all installed lights, such as work lights, function properly.

I acknowledge the pre-delivery procedures were performed on this unit as outlined on this page.

Dealership's Name

Dealer Representative's Name

Date Checklist Filled Out

Model & Serial Number

#### **Delivery Checklist**

The following checklist is an important reminder of valuable information that MUST be passed on to the customer at the time of delivery. Check off each item as you explain it to the customer.

#### **✓** EXPLAIN:

- ☐ The *Safety* and *Operation* chapters of this manual, regarding the safe operation of the machine.
- ☐ The *Maintenance* and *Troubleshooting* chapters for information regarding the proper maintenance of the machine. Explain that regular lubrication and maintenance is required for continued safe operation and long machine life.
- Give this Operator's Manual and the AEM Compact Excavator Safety Manual to the customer and instruct the customer to read and completely understand the contents before operating the machine.
- ☐ Completely fill out the Owner's Registration, including customer's signature and return it to Manitou Americas, Inc.
- ☐ Explain that a copy of the product warranty is included on the inside front cover of this Operator's Manual.

Customer's Signature

Date Delivered

#### RETAIN FOR DEALER'S RECORDS

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#### **INTENTIONALLY BLANK**

(To be removed as dealer's file copy)

918074/DP0811 1-22 Printed in U.S.A.

### **CHAPTER 2 – SAFETY**

#### SAFETY ALERTS

Manitou Americas, Inc., in cooperation with the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), has adopted this safety alert symbol: This warning symbol, used with a "signal word," indicates situations or conditions that can cause injury or death if precautions are not followed. The signal words used with the safety alert symbol are:

"CAUTION," "WARNING," and "DANGER," which indicate the level of risk and severity of hazards. All three levels indicate that safety is involved. Observe the precautions whenever you see the safety alert symbol, no matter which signal word is used.

The following signal words are used throughout this manual and on decals on the machine to warn of potential hazards:

### **A** DANGER

The word "DANGER" indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.

# **A** WARNING

The word "WARNING" indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.

# CAUTION

The word "CAUTION" indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided. may result in minor or moderate injury.

#### **IMPORTANT**

"IMPORTANT" is used to draw attention to a procedure that must to be followed to prevent machine damage.

#### **GENERAL SAFETY RULES**

Before operating the machine, first read and study the safety information in this manual. Be sure that anyone who operates or works on the machine is familiar with the safety precautions. This includes providing translations of the warnings and instructions for operators who are not fluent in reading English.

It is essential that operators be thoroughly trained in the safe operation of the machine and handling loads. Operators must not be physically or mentally impaired. Do not allow minors or unqualified personnel to operate the machine, or to be near the machine unless they are properly supervised. It is recommended that the operator be capable of obtaining a valid motor vehicle operator's license.

Only trained and authorized personnel, with a full awareness of safe procedures, should be allowed to operate or perform maintenance or service on the excavator.

Read the operator's manual provided with each attachment before using it.

Use of the machine is subject to certain hazards that cannot be eliminated by mechanical means, but only by exercising intelligence, care and common sense. Such hazards include: hillside operation, overloading, load instability, poor maintenance, and using the machine for a purpose for which it was not intended or designed.

Manitou Americas, Inc, always takes operator's safety into consideration during the design process. Guards and shields are provided, which protect the operator and bystanders from moving parts and other hazards. Operators must be alert, however, because some areas cannot be guarded or shielded without preventing or interfering with proper operation.

Different applications may require optional safety equipment. Users must evaluate the worksite hazards and equip the machine and the operator as necessary. The information in this manual does not replace any applicable safety rules and laws. Before operating the machine, learn the rules and laws for the local area. Make sure the machine is equipped as required according to these rules/laws.

Remember that some risks to your health may not be immediately apparent. Exhaust gases and noise pollution may not be visible, but these hazards can cause permanent injuries.

Some photographs in this manual may show doors, guards and shields open or removed for the purposes of illustration only. Be sure all doors, guards, shields and panels are in the proper operating positions before starting the engine to operate the machine.

Do not modify the Falling Object Protective Structure ("FOPS") unless instructed to do so in approved installation instructions. Modifications, such as welding, drilling or cutting, can weaken the structure and reduce the protection it provides. A damaged protective structure cannot be repaired – it must be replaced.

For safety reasons, use only genuine replacement service parts. For example, using incorrect fasteners could lead to a condition in which the safety of critical assemblies is dangerously compromised.

The machine is designed and intended to be used only with approved attachments. To avoid possible personal injury, equipment damage or performance problems, use only attachments that are approved for use on and within the rated operating capacity of the machine. Contact your dealer or the Manitou Americas, Inc. service department for information about attachment approval and compatibility with specific machine models. Manitou Americas, Inc. cannot be responsible if the machine is used with non-approved attachments.

Do not use the machine for any application or purpose other than described in this manual.

#### **Unauthorized Modifications**

Any machine modification made without authorization from Manitou Americas, Inc. could create a safety hazard, for which the machine owner would be responsible. For safety reasons, use only genuine replacement service parts. For example, using incorrect fasteners could lead to a condition in which the safety of critical assemblies is dangerously compromised.

#### **Attachment Precautions**

Optional kits are available through your dealer. Contact your dealer or the Manitou Americas, Inc. service department for information on available one-way (single-acting) and two-way (double-acting) piping/valving/auxiliary control kits. Because Manitou Americas, Inc. cannot anticipate, identify and test all of the attachments that owners may want to install on their machines, please contact Manitou Americas, Inc. for information on approval of attachments, and their compatibility with optional kits.

# MANDATORY SAFETY SHUTDOWN PROCEDURE

Before leaving the machine:

- 1. Bring the machine to a complete stop on a level surface. Avoid parking on an incline or a hillside, but if this is not possible, park across the slope.
- 2. Lower the working equipment to the ground and support it securely.
- 3. Run the engine at idle speed for a few minutes to allow systems to cool after operation at full speed.
- 4. Turn the key fully counter-clockwise to shut off the engine. Wait for all movement to stop.
- 5. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 6. Lock-out controls by raising left control console.
- 7. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Exit the machine using the hand-holds.

#### **OPERATION SAFETY**

#### **Before Operation**

Contact the proper local authorities for utility line locations BEFORE starting to dig. In North America, contact the North American One-Call Referral System at 8-1-1 in the U.S., or 1-888-258-0808 in the U.S. and Canada.

Remove all trash and debris from the machine every day, especially in the engine compartment, to minimize the risk of fire.

The operator's area, steps and hand holds must be kept free of oil, dirt, ice and unsecured objects.

Never use ether starting aids. Glow plugs are used for cold weather starting. Glow plugs can cause ether or other starting fluid to detonate, causing injury or damage.

Walk around the machine and inspect it before using it. Look for damage, loose or missing parts, leaks, etc. Repair as required before using the machine.

Check the tracks for damage at regular intervals. Repair or replace as necessary.

Warn all nearby personnel before starting the machine.

Below-ground hazards also include water mains, tunnels and buried foundations. Know what is underneath the work site before starting to dig.

Before working near power lines (either above-ground or buried cable-type), always contact the power utility and establish a safety plan with them.

Be aware of height obstacles. Any object in the vicinity of the boom could represent a potential hazard, or cause the operator to react suddenly and cause an accident. Use a spotter or signal person when working near bridges, phone lines, work site scaffolds, or other obstructions.

Depending upon the voltage in the line and atmospheric conditions, strong current shocks can occur if the boom or bucket is closer than 10 ft. (3 m) to the power line. Very high voltage and rainy weather can further increase the safe operating distance.

If a lighting system is installed, check its operation before working in darkness.

Use warning tag/control lockout procedures during service. Alert others that service or maintenance is being performed by tagging the operator's controls — and other machine areas if required — with a warning notice. **NEVER** start the engine if there is any indication that maintenance or service work is in progress, or if a warning tag is attached to controls in the cab.

Replace damaged safety decals and a lost or damaged operator's manual. Always store this operator's manual in the storage compartment provided for it inside the cab.

Work crew members should observe and monitor all terrain and soil conditions at the work site, along with traffic, weather-related hazards and any above- or below-ground obstacles and hazards.

If the machine is equipped with a cab, keep the windshield, mirrors and windows clean. If equipped, adjust the rearview mirrors to provide the best view to the rear of the machine. Poor visibility can cause accidents.

Adjust the seat to allow complete and comfortable access to the controls. Never adjust the seat during machine operation.

Stop the engine and lock-out the controls by raising left control console before mounting attachments. Check that attachments are securely fastened to the excavator before using them.

Before working on or with the machine, remove jewelry, tie back long hair, and do not wear loose fitting garments, such as, scarves, ties, unzipped jackets, etc., which could become caught in the moving parts of the machine and cause injury.

Do not use the machine when maintenance is scheduled to be performed. Postponing maintenance can result in a serious reduction of the service life of the machine, more serious and costly equipment failures, and contribute to unsafe operating conditions.

#### **During Operation**

ALWAYS fasten the seat belt securely and properly. Never operate the machine without the seat belt fastened around the operator.

Operate ONLY while seated in the operator's seat. Never reach in through a window to work a control. Never try to operate the excavator when not seated in the operator's position. Stay alert and focused on your work at all times.

Always keep hands and feet inside the operator's compartment while operating the machine.

Control the machine cautiously and gradually until fully familiar with all the controls and handling. Avoid high-voltage lines. Serious injury or death can result from contact or proximity to high-voltage electric lines. The bucket or boom does not have to make physical contact with power lines for current to be transmitted.

Use care on loose ground. Working heavy loads over loose, soft ground or uneven, broken terrain can cause dangerous side-load conditions and possible tip over and injury. Traveling with a suspended load or an unbalanced load can also be hazardous.

Stay away from ditches and other weak support surfaces. Be sure the surrounding ground has adequate strength to support the weight of the machine and the load.

If temperatures are changing, be cautious of dark and wet patches when working or traveling over frozen ground.

Stay away from ditches, overhangs and other weak support surfaces. Halt work and install support mats or blocking if work is required in an area of poor track support.

Overhangs are hazardous. Digging under an overhang is dangerous. Know the height and reach limits of the excavator and plan ahead while working. Avoid creating dangerous situations caused by moving around the work site while making excavations. Move to another digging area before large overhangs are formed. Working around deep pits or along high-walls or trenches may require support blocks, especially after heavy rainfalls or during spring thaws. Park the excavator away from overhangs.

Exposed hydraulic hoses could react with explosive force if struck by falling or overhead items. NEVER allow hoses to be hit, bent or interfered with during operation. Extra guards may be required. Replace any damaged hoses.

To avoid tipping, travel with the bucket or attachment as low as possible: 8–12 inches (200–300 mm) from the ground. In an emergency, lower the attachment immediately to the ground to aid stopping the machine.

Sloping terrain requires caution. Dig evenly around the work site whenever possible, trying to gradually level any existing slope. If it is not possible to level the area or avoid working on a slope, reduce the size and cycling rate of the load.

On sloping surfaces, use caution when positioning the excavator prior to starting a work cycle. Stay alert for instability situations. For example, always avoid working the bucket over the downhill crawler tracks when parked perpendicular to the slope. Slow all downhill swing movements and avoid full extensions of the bucket in a downhill direction. Lifting the bucket too high, too close to the machine, while the excavator is turned uphill can also be hazardous.

If the machine becomes unstable and starts to tip, keep the seat belt fastened, hold on firmly and brace yourself. Lean away from the point of impact and stay with and inside the machine. If tipping occurs, DO NOT jump from the machine. The machine is equipped with rollover protection, which can only protect the operator while in the operator's seat. Trying to escape from a tipping machine can result in death or serious personal injury.

Stay alert for people moving through the work area. When loading a truck, always know where the truck driver is.

Avoid loading over the cab of a truck, even if the driver is in a safe spot, because someone else could have gone inside.

Slow down the work cycle and use slower travel speeds in congested or populated areas. Use commonly understood signals so that other members of the work crew can warn the operator to slow or halt work in a potentially hazardous situation.

Use a signal person if you can't see the entire work area clearly.

Use a spotter and hand signals to keep away from power lines not clearly visible to the operator.

All personnel at the work site should be aware of assigned individual responsibilities. Communication and hand signals used should be understood by everyone.

Terrain and soil conditions at the job site, approaching traffic, weather-related hazards and any above-or below-ground obstacles or hazards should be observed and monitored by all work crew members.

Be aware that attachments affect the handling and balance of the machine. Adjust the operation of the machine as necessary when using attachments.

Before coupling or uncoupling the hydraulic lines for the attachment, stop the engine and release the pressure in the hydraulic system by moving the joysticks in all directions a couple of times.

DO NOT raise or lower a loaded bucket suddenly. Abrupt movements under load can cause serious instability.

Make sure that no one comes inside the swing radius of the machine. Anyone standing near the track frames, swing frame or the attachment is at risk of being caught between moving parts of the machine.

Do not use the machine to lift or transport people. Never carry riders. Do not allow others to ride on the machine or attachments, because they could fall or cause an accident.

Unless necessary for servicing the engine, the engine hood must not be opened while the engine is running.

Engine exhaust gases can cause unconsciousness and fatalities. Ensure adequate ventilation before starting the engine in an enclosed area.

Operators should also be aware of any open windows, doors or ductwork into which exhaust gases may be carried, exposing others to danger.

Do not overload the machine. See "Load Diagrams", starting on page 1-11, for load limits.

If the machine becomes damaged or malfunctions, stop the machine immediately and lock and tag it. Repair the damage or malfunction before using the machine.

Never jump off the machine. Always leave the machine using the steps and hand-holds. Never get on or off a moving machine.

#### **Exposure to Crystalline Silica**

Exposure to crystalline silica (found in sand, soil and rocks) has been associated with silicosis, a debilitating and often fatal lung disease. A Hazard Review (Pub. No. 2002-129) by the U.S. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) indicates that a significant risk (at least 1 in 100) of chronic silicosis for workers exposed to inhaled crystalline silica over a working lifetime. NIOSH recommends an exposure limit of 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> as a time-weighted average for up to a 10-hr workday during a 40-hr workweek. NIOSH also recommends substituting less hazardous materials when feasible, using respiratory protection, and regular medical examinations for exposed workers.

#### **Parking the Machine**

When shutting down the machine for the day, plan ahead so that the excavator will be on a firm, level surface away from traffic and away from high-walls, cliff edges and any area of potential water accumulation or runoff. If parking on an incline is unavoidable, block the crawler tracks to prevent movement. Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground. There should be no possibility of unintended or accidental machine movement.

After the machine has been parked properly, shut down the machine according to the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.

# Travel Controls May Produce Reversed Travel Operations

Before starting the machine, always check to see which end of the track frame is under the operator's cab. In the normal travel configuration, travel motors are at the rear of the machine, under the engine, and with the dozer blade to the front.

If the operator rotates the swing frame 180°, travel motors will be underneath the operator's cab, and operating travel will be reversed.

Use caution in reverse travel and swing frame rotation.

Use a signal person in high traffic areas and whenever the operator's view is not clear, such as when traveling in reverse.

#### **Additional Travel Precautions**

Swing frame control levers should not be operated while traveling.

Do not change selected travel mode (FAST/SLOW) while traveling.

Fold in work equipment so that the outer end of the boom is as close to the machine as possible, and is as low as possible (8"—12" [200 mm—300 mm]) to the ground.

Never travel over obstacles or slopes that will cause the machine to tilt severely. Travel around any slope or obstacle that would cause a tilt greater than 10°.

# **Snow, Ice and Cold Temperature Operation Precautions**

In cold weather, avoid sudden travel movements and stay away from even very slight slopes. The machine can slide sideways on icy slopes.

Snow accumulation can hide potential hazards. Use care while operating and while using the machine to clear snow.

#### FIRE HAZARDS

The machine has several components that operate at high temperature under normal operation conditions, primarily the engine and exhaust systems. Also, the electrical system, if not properly maintained or if damaged, can arc or produce sparks. These conditions make it extremely important to avoid circumstances where explosive dust or gases can be ignited by arcs, sparks or heat.

The machine must be cleaned on a regular basis to avoid the buildup of flammable debris such as leaves, straw, etc. Accumulated debris, particularly in the engine compartment, poses a fire hazard.

Add fuel, oil, antifreeze and hydraulic fluid to the machine only in a well ventilated area. The machine must be parked with controls, lights and switches turned off. The engine must be turned off before refueling or service checks are performed.

Static electricity can produce dangerous sparks at the fuel-filling nozzle. In very cold, dry weather or other conditions that could produce static discharge, keep the tip of the fuel nozzle in constant contact with the filler neck of the fuel tank, to provide a ground. Make sure that the static line is connected from the excavator to the service truck before fueling begins.

Keep fuel and other fluid reservoir caps tight and do not start the engine until caps have been secured.

Do not smoke while filling the fuel tank, while working on the fuel or hydraulic systems, or while working around the battery.

Take care to avoid spilling combustible fluids, such as oil or fuel, on a hot engine.

#### **Fire Extinguisher Recommendation**

It is recommended that a 5 lb. (2.27 kg) or larger, multi-purpose "A/B/C" fire extinguisher be mounted in the cab. Check the fire extinguisher periodically and be sure that work crew members are trained in its use.

After the machine has been parked properly, shut down the engine and cycle all controls to release any remaining hydraulic system pressure. Be sure all switches and operating controls are in the OFF position and the lefthand console is raised, locking out the hydraulic functions.

# ADDITIONAL SAFETY EQUIPMENT

# Severe operation may require use of additional safety equipment

Work in mines, tunnels, deep pits or on loose or wet surfaces could produce the hazard of falling rock, roll over or falling objects.

Any operator protective system installed on the machine must comply with applicable safety standards and carry appropriate labeling and rating information. For example, the cab of an excavator used in applications with falling object hazards must meet Society of Automotive Engineers Standard SAE J1356, "Performance Criteria for Falling Object Guards for Excavators."

Never attempt to alter or modify the protective structure, by drilling holes, welding or re-locating fasteners. Any serious impact or damage to the system requires a complete integrity re-evaluation, and the replacement of the system may be necessary.

# Install additional safety equipment if conditions require

When working with a hydraulic breaker, a front guard over the windshield may be required.

Laminated glass or polycarbonate protection for the front, side or rear windows may also be recommended depending upon particular work conditions.

Contact your dealer for available safety guards and/or recommendations if there is any risk of being hit by objects that could strike the operator's cab.

#### **Eye Protection and Safety Clothing**

Wear full eye protection, ear and head protection, safety shoes, gloves and any other protective clothing or equipment as needed while operating the machine.

#### **Safety Equipment Maintenance**

Machinery guards and body panel covers must be in place at all times. Keep clear of rotating parts, such as cooling fan and alternator belts, which could catch hair, jewelry or loose clothing.

All safety equipment must be maintained so it is always in good condition.

Safety-critical parts must be periodically replaced. Replace the following potentially fire-sensitive components as soon as they begin to show signs of deterioration:

- Fuel system flexible hoses, fuel tank overflow drain hose and the fuel filler cap.
- Hydraulic system hoses, especially the pump outlet lines.

Keep mounting brackets and hose and cable routing straps tight. Hose routing should have gradual bends.

#### **Breathing Masks and Ear Protection**

Remember that some risks to your health may not be immediately apparent. Exhaust gases and noise pollution may not be visible, but these hazards can cause permanent injuries.

#### MAINTENANCE SAFETY

Only trained and authorized personnel, with a full awareness of safe procedures, should be allowed to operate or perform maintenance or service on the machine.

Use solid support blocking. Never rely on jacks or other inadequate supports when maintenance work is being done. Block tracks front and back to prevent any movement.

Keep fuel and other fluid reservoir caps tight. Do not start the engine until caps have been secured.

Never attempt to bypass the keyswitch to start the engine. Use only the proper jump-starting procedure according to See "Using a Booster Battery (Jump-Starting)" on page 4-16.

Never use hands to search for hydraulic fluid leaks. Instead, use a piece of paper or cardboard. Escaping fluid under pressure can be invisible and can penetrate the skin and cause serious injury. If any fluid is injected into your skin, see a doctor at once. Injected fluid must be surgically removed by a doctor or gangrene may result.

Always wear safety glasses with side shields when striking metal against metal. In addition, it is recommended that a softer (chip-resistant) material be used to cushion the blow, otherwise, serious injury to the eyes or other parts of the body could result.

Use care when seating retainer pins — retainer pins can fly out or splinter when struck and could cause injury.

Do not smoke or have any spark- or flame-producing equipment or materials in the area while filling the fuel tank or working on the engine, fuel or hydraulic systems.

Do not attempt to loosen or disconnect any hydraulic lines, hoses, fittings, covers or caps without first relieving hydraulic circuit pressure. Relieve hydraulic pressure by performing the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2 Be careful not to touch any hydraulic components that have been in recent operation, because they can be hot and cause burns.

Refer to the parts manual for information about assembly of components. Always use the correct parts and the proper torques — incorrect fastener connections can dangerously weaken assemblies.

Do not run the engine if repairs are being performed alone. There should always be at least two people working together if the engine must be run during service. Both persons must maintain visual contact with each other. Keep a safe distance away from all rotating and moving parts.

Always use the proper tools while working on the machine. Inappropriate tools could break or slip, causing injury, or they may not adequately perform intended functions.

Unless necessary for servicing the machine, do not open the engine cover while the engine is running.

Keep mounting brackets and hose and cable routing straps tight. Hose routing should have gradual bends.

After cleaning the machine, examine all fuel, lubricant and hydraulic oil lines for leaks, chafe marks and damage. Tighten any loose connections and repair or replace parts as necessary.

### Use warning tag/control lockout procedures during service.

Alert others that service or maintenance is being performed and tag operator's cab controls — and other machine areas if required — with a warning notice.

#### Don't run the engine if repairs or work is being performed alone.

Do not run the engine if repairs or work is performed alone. There should always be at least two people working together if the engine must be run during service.

# Always use adequate equipment supports and blocking.

Lower bucket to the ground before leaving the operator's seat. Don't work under any equipment supported solely by a lift jack.

#### Track tension adjustments require caution.

**NEVER** fully remove the track tension grease fitting. To release pressure from the crawler frame track tension assembly, loosen the grease fitting only slightlyno more than two turns.

Keep your face and body away from the fitting. Refer to "Checking and Adjusting Track Tension" on page 4-24.

## Don't work on hot engines, cooling or hydraulic systems.

Wait for the engine to cool after normal operation. Park the excavator on a firm, level surface and lower all equipment before shutting down and switching off controls. When engine lube oil, gearbox lubricant or other fluids require changing, wait for fluid temperatures to decrease to a moderate level before removing drain plugs.

Temperatures below 120°F (49°C) will reduce the chances of scalding exposed skin while allowing the fluid to drain quickly and completely. However, do not let the fluid to fully cool, because drain time will be substantially increased.

### Cool-down is required prior to radiator or hydraulic reservoir checks.

Stop the engine and allow it to cool before performing service on the engine radiator or hydraulic reservoir. Both assemblies have pressure vents at the filler cap for venting pressure. LOOSEN CAPS SLOWLY. Vent the pressure before removing the filler caps.

# Release hydraulic system pressure by cycling controls and releasing hydraulic reservoir pressure before removing hydraulic reservoir access cover.

The hydraulic reservoir is pressurized. Vent the system pressure by rotating the filler cap. LOOSEN CAP SLOWLY prior to removal.

Make sure to release any hydraulic pressure stored in the lines by cycling the operator's controls in each direction after the engine has been shut down.

#### Pressurized hydraulic oil leaks can be hazardous.

Fluid leaks from hydraulic hoses and pressurized components can be difficult to see, but pressurized oil can have enough force to pierce the skin and cause serious injury.

Always use a piece of wood or cardboard to check for suspected hydraulic leaks. Never use your hands. Obtain immediate medical attention if pressurized oil pierces the skin. Failure to obtain prompt medical assistance could result in gangrene or other serious damage to tissue.

# Use correct replacement fasteners tightened to proper torque.

Refer to the parts manual for information on torques and assembly of components.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Always use the correct parts—incorrect fastener connections can dangerously weaken assemblies.

## Dispose of all petroleum-based oils and fluids properly.

Dispose of all petroleum-based oils and fluids properly. Used motor oil may pose a health risk. Wipe oil from your hands promptly and wash off any residue. Used motor oil is an environmental contaminant and may only be disposed of at approved collection facilities. Never drain any petroleum-based product on the ground or dispose of used oil in municipal waste collection containers, or in metropolitan sewer systems or landfills. Check state and local regulations for other requirements.

When handling oil, grease and other chemical substances, follow the product-related safety requirements (Material Safety Data Sheet [MSDS]) carefully to prevent burning or scalding yourself or other persons.

### **Safety Decals**

Safety decals must be replaced if they become unreadable. Safety decal mounting locations are shown starting on page 2-11.

# Hydraulic Cylinder Seal Periodic Replacement

Check cylinder drift rate at regular intervals. Maximum allowable rates are included at the end of the Hydraulic section in the excavator service manual. Overhaul seal kits are available through Manitou Americas, Inc.

# **High Pressure Hydraulic Lines Store Energy**

Exposed hydraulic hoses on the arm or boom could react with explosive force if struck by a falling rock, overhead obstacle or other job site hazard. Extra safety guards may be required. **NEVER** allow hoses to be hit, bent or interfered with during operation.

# Operator's Cab and Swing Frame Deck Maintenance

Cleaning off accumulations of grease and dirt helps extend equipment service life. Cleaning also provides an opportunity to inspect equipment. Minor damage can be repaired or corrected before major problems result.

# **Battery Electrolyte and Explosive Gas Hazard**

Flush eyes with water for 10-15 minutes if battery acid is splashed in the face. Anyone who swallows acid must have immediate medical aid. Call the poison control center listing in the telephone directory.

Sparks can set off explosive battery gas from incidental contact or static discharge. Turn off all switches and the engine when working on batteries. Keep battery terminals tight. Contact between a loose terminal and post can create an explosive spark.

## **Battery Disconnection Precaution**

Remove cable to negative terminal first when disconnecting a battery. Connect positive terminal cable first when installing a battery.

## **Jump-starting or Charging the Battery**

Turn off all electrical equipment before connecting leads to the battery, including electrical switches on the battery charger or jump-starting equipment.

When jump-starting from another machine or vehicle, do not allow the machines to touch. Wear safety glasses or goggles while battery connections are made.

Batteries contain acid and produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flames and lit cigarettes away from batteries at all times.

Connect positive cable first when installing jumper cables. The final cable connection, at the metal frame of the machine being charged or jump-started, should be as far away from the batteries as possible.

Disconnect the negative cable first when removing the jumper cables.

# LIFTING THE MACHINE WITH A CRANE

Only lift the machine according to the following guidelines:

- The crane and rigging equipment must have sufficient capacity. See "Lifting the Machine" on page 3-41.
- Lift the machine according to "Lifting the Machine" on page 3-41.

- Secure the machine against unintentional movement. Use taglines as needed.
- Do not lift the machine with persons on or in the machine.
- Any person guiding the crane operator must be within sight or sound of the crane operator.
- Lift the machine only with the standard bucket installed, the bucket empty and in the transport position.
- Persons must stay clear of and not under the machine when it is lifted.
- Fasten the rigging equipment so the machine is horizontal when it is lifted.
- Do not lift the machine by the eye hooks on the cab. Attach the rigging equipment only at the lift points identified by this symbol:



### **TRANSPORTING**

Obey state and local over-the-road regulations. Check state and local restrictions regarding weight, width and length of a load. The hauling vehicle, trailer and load must all be in compliance with local regulations. See "Loading and Transporting" on page 3-42.

### SAFETY DECALS

The machine has decals shown on the following pages that provide safety information and precautions. These decals must be kept legible. If missing or illegible, they must be replaced promptly. Replacements can be obtained from your dealer.

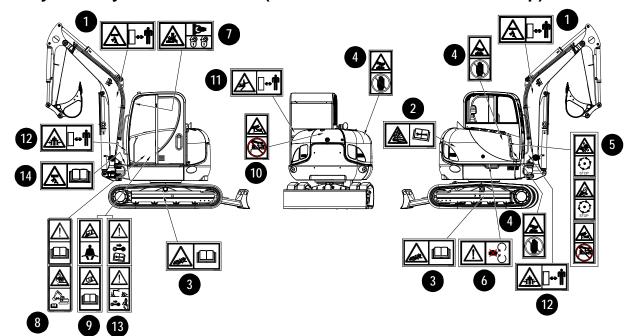
Refer to the Parts Manual for decal part numbers and ordering information.

### **New Decal Application**

Surfaces must be free of dirt, dust, grease and foreign material before applying the decal. Remove the smaller portion of the decal backing paper and apply the exposed adhesive to the clean surface, maintaining proper position and alignment. Peel the rest of the backing paper and apply hand pressure to smooth out the decal surface. Refer to the following pages for proper decal locations.

If replacing a part that has a decal on it, ensure that the replacement part has the same decal.

## ISO-Style Safety Decal Locations (Serial Numbers AH00859 and Up)





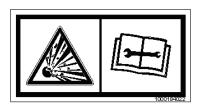


WARNING! Danger Zone Decal AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!

Located on both sides of the boom.

Keep bystanders away from the machine when it is in use.





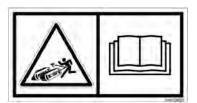
WARNING! Hydraulic Reservoir Under Pressure
AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!

Located inside the hydraulic valve compartment.

Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing machine. Removed hydraulic reservoir cap slowly.

Refer to the maintenance section in the operator's manual before servicing the machine.





## WARNING! Stay Clear Decal AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!

Located next to the track tension grease fitting on both sides of the machine.

WARNING! Grease is under high pressure. Keep your face and body away from the fitting.

Do not loosen the fitting more than two turns. Do not loosen parts other than the fitting.

Refer to the operator's manual for track adjustment procedure.





## WARNING! Hot Surfaces Decal AVOID SERIOUS INJURY!

Located inside the engine compartment.

Stop the engine and wait for all parts to cool before opening the engine compartment. Hot surfaces can cause severe burns.

Read the operator's manual before performing any maintenance on the machine.









WARNING! Rotating and Hot Components Decal

#### **AVOID SERIOUS INJURY!**

Located on the fan shroud inside the engine compartment.

Stop the engine and wait for all parts to cool before opening the engine compartment. Rotating parts can cause severe injury. Hot surfaces and liquids can cause severe burns.

Read the operator's manual before performing any maintenance on the machine.









#### **WARNING!** Decal

Located on the door pillar inside the cab.

Read the operator's manual before operating the machine.

Do not retract the dipper arm so that it contacts the cab or canopy. Severe injury and/or damage to the machine could result.

Keep the dipper arm away from the front of the cab or canopy to provide a margin of safety.





WARNING! Rotating Components! Danger of Entanglement! Decal

### **AVOID SERIOUS INJURY!**

Located below the engine cover latch.

Stop the engine before opening the engine compartment. Rotating parts can cause severe injury.





### WARNING! Crushing Hazard Decal AVOID SERIOUS INJURY!

Located on the inside of the front window on cabequipped machines.

Only open and close the front window using the handles.

Always lock the front window using both locks.









### WARNING! Decal

### **AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!**

Located on the door pillar inside the cab.

No riders! Never use work tool as work platform.

Operate only from operator's seat.

ALWAYS wear seatbelt.

WARNING: Avoid Overturn

Side stability is reduced when: 1) turning; 2) operating on rough terrain or side slopes; and 3) carrying load raised.

Carry load low. Do not exceed Rated Operating Capacity.

Avoid steep slopes and high speed turns.

Travel up and down slopes with heavy end uphill.

Read the operator's manual before operating the machine.



### **WARNING! Hot Components Decal AVOID SERIOUS INJURY!**

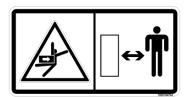


Located next to the hydraulic system filler cap.

Stop the engine and wait for all parts to stop and cool before. Hot surfaces and liquids can cause severe burns.

Read the operator's manual before performing any maintenance on the machine.

(11)

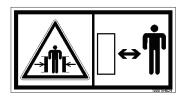


**WARNING!** Danger Zone Decal **AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!** 

Located on the back of the swing frame.

Keep bystanders away from the machine when it is in use.

(12)



**WARNING!** Danger Zone Decal AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!

Located on both sides of the boom swivel bracket.

Swiveling boom can cause crushing. Keep bystanders away from the machine when it is in use.









WARNING! Mandatory Safety Shutdown Decal

#### AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!

Before leaving the machine, or performing any service on the machine, perform the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.

- 1. Lower the working equipment to the ground and support it securely.
- 2. Run the engine at idle speed for a few minutes to allow systems to cool after operation at full speed.
- 3. Turn the key fully counterclockwise to shut off the engine.
- 4. Lock-Jout controls by raising left control console.
- 5. Remove the ignition key and take it with you.



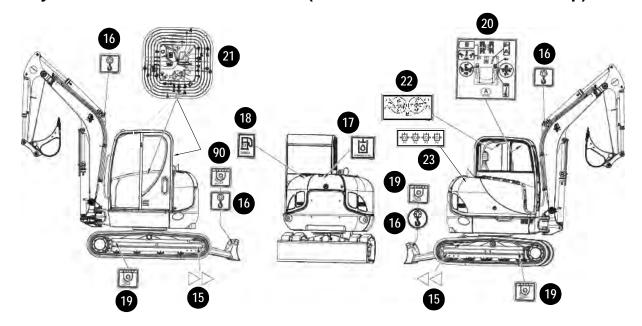


WARNING! Danger Zone Decal AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!

Located next to the boom swivel bracket.

Keep bystanders away from the machine when it is in use. Read the operator's manual before operating the machine.

## ISO-Style Information Decal Locations (Serial Numbers AH00859 and Up)



(15)

**Track Front Decal** 



Located near the front of the track frame on both sides of the machine

Indicates the front of the track frame.

(16)





Located on both sides of the boom on the dipper arm cylinder bracket, and on both ends of the dozer blade.

Apply lift hooks only in these locations.

(17)



**Hydraulic Fluid Decal** 

Located next to the hydraulic system filler cap.

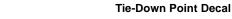
**USE HYDRAULIC FLUID ONLY!** 

(18)



Diesel Fuel Decal

USE DIESEL FUEL ONLY! Located next to the fuel filler neck. (19)

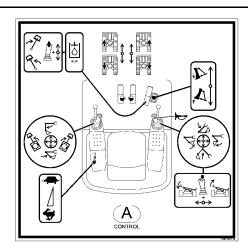




Located on both ends of the dozer blade and near the rear end of the track frame on both sides of the machine.

Only use tie-down points to secure the machine during transport.

20



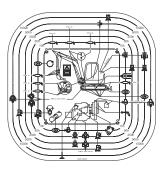
**Operator Controls Decal** 

Located on the ceiling inside the cab.

Provides quick-reference for the SAE operator's control option inside the cab.

Read the operator's manual before operating the machine. Refer to the operator's manual for details about the operator's controls.





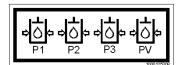
**Maintenance Decal** 

Located on the side window.

Provides maintenance intervals quick-reference.

Read the operator's manual before maintenance on the machine. Refer to "Maintenance Schedule" on page 4-5.



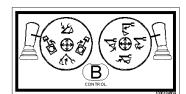


**Test Port Decal** 

Located over the hydraulic test port block inside the engine compartment.

Provides hydraulic test port identification.





**Operator Controls Decal** 

Located on the ceiling inside the cab.

Provides quick-reference for the ISO operator's control option inside the cab.

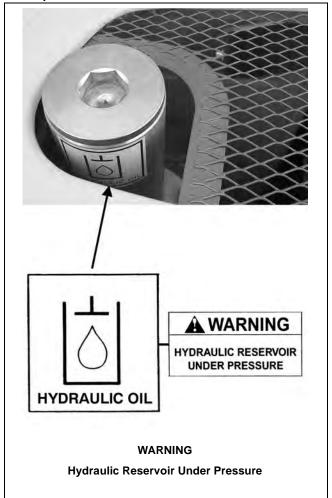
Read the operator's manual before operating the machine. Refer to the operator's manual for details about the operator's controls.

## ANSI-Style Safety Decal Locations (Serial Numbers AH00858 and Before)

Swing Radius Warning Decal (both sides of boom

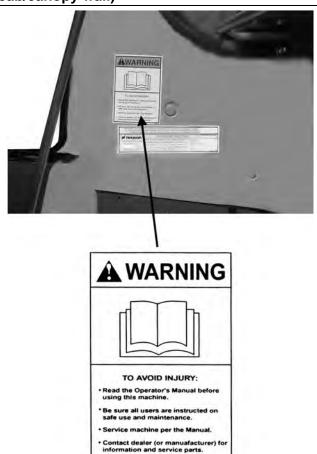


Hydraulic Pressure Warning Decal (top of tank cover)



Read Operator's Manual Decal inside right of

### cab/canopy wall)



### WARNING

#### TO AVOID INJURY:

- Read the Operator's Manual before using this machine.
- Be sure all users are instructed on safe use and maintenance.
- Service machine according to the operator's manual.
- Contact dealer (or manufacturer) for information and service parts.

### **Operation/Warning Decal (cab/canopy ceiling)**

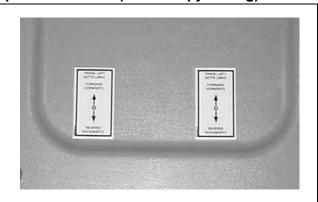


#### **WARNING**

### TO AVOID INJURY:

- 1. Load and transport unit properly. Inspect job-site for hazards.
- 2. Operate only from operator's seat. Fasten seat belt.
- 3. Keep people out of DANGER ZONE.
- 4. Operate within stability limit of machine. DO NOT OVERLOAD. Use only approved attachments.

### **Operation Decals (cab/canopy ceiling)**



## Shutdown/Warning Decal (cab/canopy ceiling)





### WARNING

### TO AVOID INJURY:

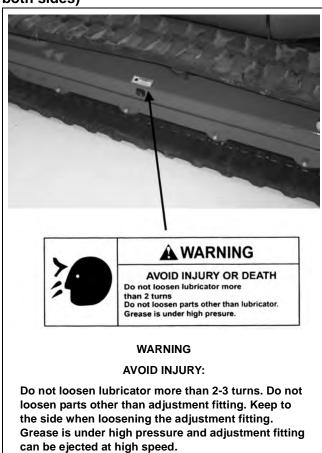
- 1. Lower all equipment to ground.
- 2. Reduce throttle; shut off engine.
- 3. Lock-out controls before exiting.
- 4. Remove key and take it with you.

## Pinch Point Decal (inside windshield [cab unit only]

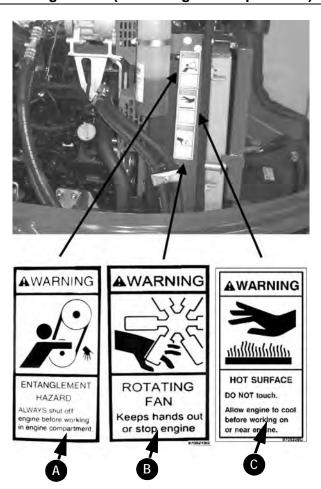


• When opening window, be sure to lock both sides.

## Track Tensioner Warning Decal (track frame — both sides)



Entanglement, Rotating Fan and Hot Surface Warning Decals (inside engine compartment)



A – WARNING: ENTANGLEMENT HAZARD – ALWAYS shut off engine before working in engine compartment.

B – WARNING: ROTATING FAN – Keep hands out or stop engine.

C – WARNING: HOT SURFACE – DO NOT touch. Allow engine to cool before working on or near engine.

## Cab Tilt Warning Decal (under cab/canopy)



Diesel Fuel Decal (at top left of valve cover)



## **CHAPTER 3 – OPERATION**

## **OPERATING CONTROLS**

## **WARNING**

- Read and understand this entire manual. Follow warnings and instructions for operation and maintenance. Failure to follow instructions can result in injury or death.
- Read and understand all safety decals before operating the machine. DO NOT operate the machine unless all factoryinstalled guards and shields are in place.
- Be sure you are familiar with all safety devices and controls before operating the machine.
- Know how to stop the machine before starting.
- Use only with approved accessories or referral attachments. Manitou Americas, Inc. cannot be responsible for safety if the unit is used with nonapproved attachments.
- Check for correct function after adjustments or maintenance.

### **Machine Orientation**

All references to "right" and "left" are determined from the operator's position facing forward. The dozer blade identifies the forward end of the machine.

#### **Guards and Shields**

Whenever possible, guards and shields are used to protect potentially hazardous areas on the machine. In many places, decals are also provided to warn of potential hazards or to display special operating procedures (see Chapter 2 – Safety).

The left hand operator's console should be raised to enter and exit the cab. In the raised position, the console locks out all hydraulic functions of the machine. See Figure 3-1.

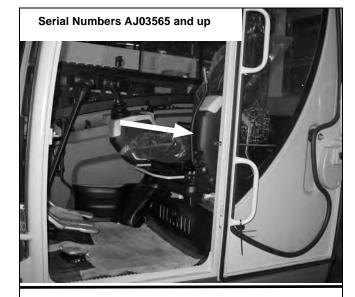




Figure 3-1 Operator's Left Hand Console in Lock-out Position

Figure 3-2 Operator's Controls (Serial Numbers AJ02793 and up) 

Pos.	Description	For more information see page
1	Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal Cover	3-20
2	Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal	3-20
3	Joystick (left)	
4	Joystick (right) - optional proportional auxiliary hydraulic joystick shown	3-19
5	Control Lever Base (left)	
6	Control Lever Base (right)	
7	Armrest (left)	
8	Armrest (right)	
9	Seat Horizontal Adjustment Lever	3-22
10	Air Vent (cab only, rear window, on the left)	
11	Air Vent (cab only, rear window, on the right)	
12	Radio (option)	
13	Seat Backrest Adjustment	3-22
14	Seat Belt Latch	3-22
15	Cup Holder	
16	Bracket (document storage box)	
17	Switch Panel	3-12
18	Throttle Lever	3-21
19	Fuse Box	1-6
20	Preheating/Ignition Switch	
21	Accessory Power Outlet	
22	Instrument Cluster	
23	Drive Pedal (left)	
24	Drive Pedal (right)	
25	Drive Lever (left)	3-16
26	Drive Lever (right)	3-16
27	Dozer Blade Pedal/Lever	
28	Heater Control (cab only)	3-26

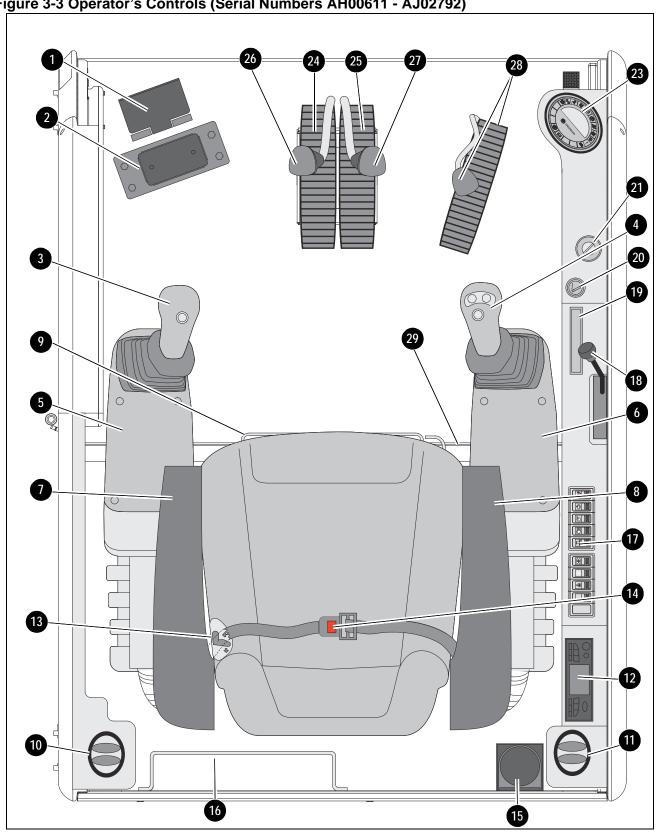


Figure 3-3 Operator's Controls (Serial Numbers AH00611 - AJ02792)

Pos.	Description	For more information see page
1	Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal Cover	3-20
2	Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal	3-20
3	Joystick (left)	3-19
4	Joystick (right) - optional proportional auxiliary hydraulic joystick shown	3-19
5	Control Lever Base (left)	
6	Control Lever Base (right)	
7	Armrest (left)	
8	Armrest (right)	
9	Seat Horizontal Adjustment Lever	3-22
10	Air Vent (rear window, on the left)	
11	Air Vent (rear window, on the right)	
12	Radio (option)	
13	Seat Backrest Adjustment	3-22
14	Seat Belt Latch	3-22
15	Cup Holder	
16	Bracket (document storage box)	
17	Switch Panel	3-12
18	Throttle Lever	3-21
19	Fuse Box	1-6
20	Preheating/Ignition Switch	3-15
21	Accessory Power Outlet	
22	Coolant Temperature Indicator	
23	Instrument Cluster	
24	Drive Pedal (left)	3-16
25	Drive Pedal (right)	3-16
26	Drive Lever (left)	3-16
27	Drive Lever (right)	3-16
28	Dozer Blade Pedal/Lever	3-20
29	Heater Control (cab only)	3-26

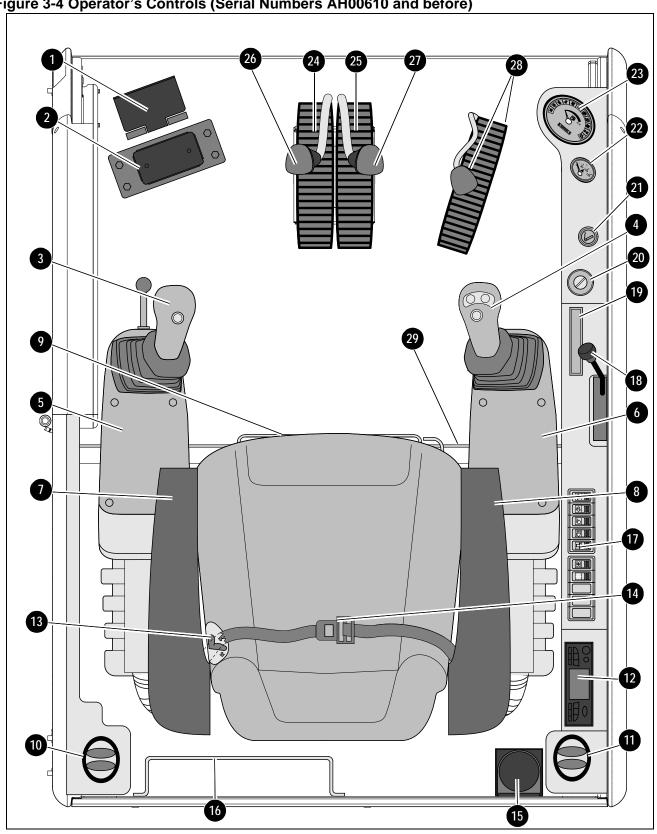
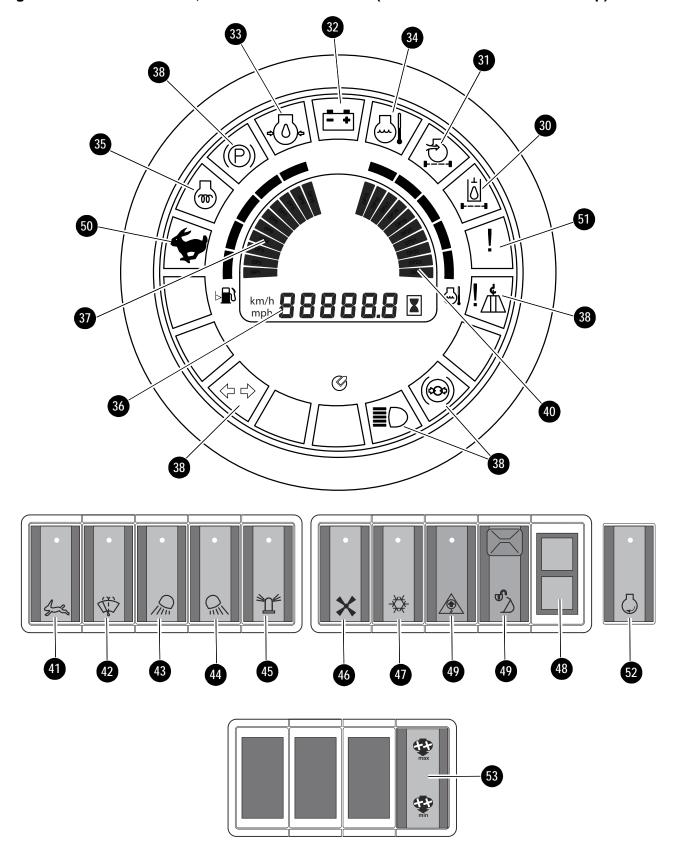


Figure 3-4 Operator's Controls (Serial Numbers AH00610 and before)

Pos.	Description	For more information see page
1	Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal Cover	3-20
2	Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal	3-20
3	Joystick (left)	3-19
4	Joystick (right) - optional proportional auxiliary hydraulic joystick shown	3-19
5	Control Lever Base (left)	
6	Control Lever Base (right)	
7	Armrest (left)	
8	Armrest (right)	
9	Seat Horizontal Adjustment Lever	3-22
10	Air Vent (rear window / left)	
11	Air Vent (rear window / right)	
12	Radio (option)	
13	Seat Backrest Adjustment Knob	3-22
14	Seat Belt Latch	3-22
15	Cup Holder	
16	Bracket (document storage box)	
17	Switch Panel	3-12
18	Throttle Lever	3-21
19	Fuse Box	1-6
20	Preheating/Ignition Switch	3-15
21	Accessory Power Outlet	
22	Coolant Temperature Indicator	
23	Instrument Cluster	
24	Drive Pedal (left)	3-16
25	Drive Pedal (right)	3-16
26	Drive Lever (left)	3-16
27	Drive Lever (right)	
28	Dozer Blade Pedal/Lever	3-20
29	Heater Control (cab only)	3-26

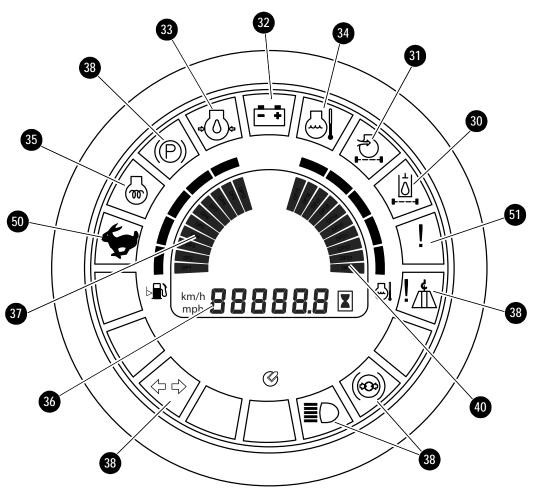
Figure 3-5 Instrument Panel, Switches and Indicators (Serial Numbers AJ02793 and up)

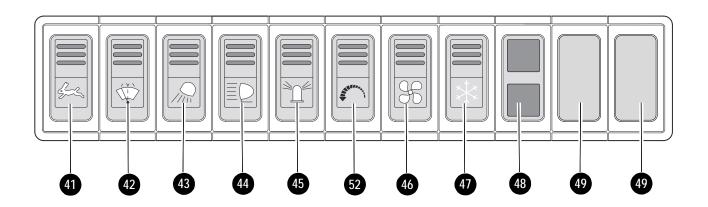


Pos.	Description	
30	Hydraulic oil filter indicator (red) – Hydraulic oil filter indicator light comes on when hydraulic oil filter is too restricted.	
31	Air filter indicator (red) – Air filter indicator light comes on when air filter is too dirty.	
32	Battery charge fault indicator (red) – Battery charge indicator light comes on when the ignition is turned on and goes off when the engine starts. If the indicator light comes on while the engine is running, the battery is not charging, indicating a faulty charging circuit in the alternator or problems with the V-belt. NOTE: a faulty V-belt affects cooling pump operation, which can lead to overheating and more serious engine problems. Shut off the engine IMMEDIATELY and determine the cause if this indicator comes on when the engine is running.	
33	Engine oil pressure indicator (red) – Engine oil pressure light comes on when the ignition is turned on, and goes out when the eingine starts. During normal operation, this indicator should remain off. The indicator will light if the engine oil pressure drops too low. If this occurs, shut the engine off IMMEDIATELY and determine the cause of the pressure drop.	
34	Coolant temperature indicator (red) – Coolant temperature indicator light comes on when coolant temperature is too high.	
35	Glow plug indicator (yellow) – Glow plug indicator light comes on when the ignition key is in the glow plug activation position. Indicator will go out when the glow plugs have heated sufficiently to start the engine.	
36	Hourmeter – Indicates the total operating hours of the machine. Use the hourmeter to track maintenance in the maintenance log.	
37	Fuel level gauge – The fuel level gauge shows the amount of fuel in the tank.	
38	Indicator light – Not assigned.	
39	Hydraulic oil temperature indicator light – Hydraulic oil temperature indicator light comes on when hydraulic oil is too hot.	
40	Coolant temperature gauge – Displays coolant temperature.	
41	<b>High-speed switch (transport speed)</b> – Pressing the switch will enable high travel speed.	
42	<b>Windshield wiper switch (cab models only)</b> – Pressing the two-position switch to the first position turns on the windshield wiper. Pressing and holding the switch in the second position activates the washer fluid pump.	
43	Work light switch – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the boom work light.	
44	Roof lights (option) – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the roof light lights.	
45	Rotating beacon (option) – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the rotating beacon.	
46	Ventilation fan (two-speed) – Press the two-position switch to turn on the ventilation fan. Pressing switch to the first position is the low fan speed position, and the second position is the high fan speed position. If the Summer/Winter operation valve is OPEN (HEATING position), this switch will function as the cab heater ON/OFF switch. The Summer/Winter operation valve is located under the hood on top of the engine behind the radiator.	
47	Air conditioning (option) – Press the switch to turn on the air conditioning.	
48	<b>Proportional control status indicator (option)</b> – One flash indicates precision mode; two flashes indicate power mode.	
49	Not assigned	
50	High-speed indicator (option) – Indicates high-speed is enabled.	
51	Engine error indicator – Indicates a "check engine" condition. See page 5-6.	
52	Auto-idle switch (option) – Enables optional auto-idle feature. See page 3-21.	
53	Auxiliary hydraulics flow rate switch (min./max. (Model 803 only) – Press the "max" end of the toggle switch to enable auxiliary hydraulics flow at the maximum flow rate; Press the "min" end of the toggle switch to enable auxiliary hydraulics flow at the minimum flow rate. See page 3-21.	

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Figure 3-6 Instrument Panel, Switches and Indicators (Serial Numbers AH00611 - AJ02792)

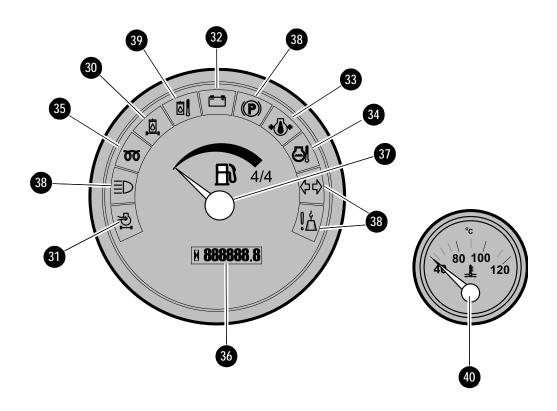


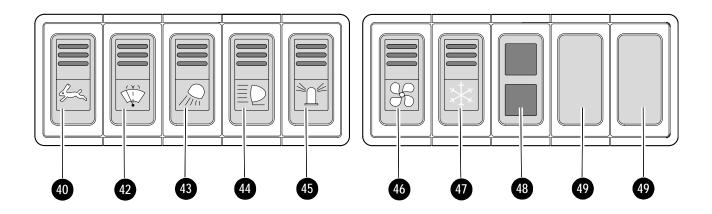


Pos.	Description	
30	Hydraulic oil filter indicator (red) – Hydraulic oil filter indicator light comes on when hydraulic oil filter is too restricted.	
31	Air filter indicator (red) – Air filter indicator light comes on when air filter is too dirty.	
32	Battery charge fault indicator (red) – Battery charge indicator light comes on when the ignition is turned on and goes off when the engine starts. If the indicator light comes on while the engine is running, the battery is not charging, indicating a faulty charging circuit in the alternator or problems with the V-belt. NOTE: a faulty V-belt affects cooling pump operation, which can lead to overheating and more serious engine problems. Shut off the engine IMMEDIATELY and determine the cause if this indicator comes on when the engine is running.	
33	Engine oil pressure indicator (red) – Engine oil pressure light comes on when the ignition is turned on, and goes out when the engine starts. During normal operation, this indicator should remain off. The indicator will light if the engine oil pressure drops too low. If this occurs, shut the engine off IMMEDIATELY and determine the cause of the pressure drop.	
34	Coolant temperature indicator (red) – Coolant temperature indicator light comes on when coolant temperature is too high.	
35	Glow plug indicator (yellow) – Glow plug indicator light comes on when the ignition key is in the glow plug activation position. Indicator will go out when the glow plugs have heated sufficiently to start the engine.	
36	Hourmeter – Indicates the total operating hours of the machine. Use the hourmeter to track maintenance in the maintenance log.	
37	Fuel level gauge – The fuel level gauge shows the amount of fuel in the tank.	
38	Indicator light – Not assigned.	
39	Hydraulic oil temperature indicator light – Hydraulic oil temperature indicator light comes on when hydraulic oil is too hot.	
40	Coolant temperature gauge – Displays coolant temperature.	
41	<b>High-speed switch (transport speed)</b> – Pressing the switch will enable high travel speed.	
42	<b>Windshield wiper switch (cab models only)</b> – Pressing the two-position switch to the first position turns on the windshield wiper. Pressing and holding the switch in the second position activates the washer fluid pump.	
43	Work light switch – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the boom work light.	
44	Roof lights (option) – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the roof light lights.	
45	Rotating beacon (option) – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the rotating beacon.	
46	<b>Ventilation fan (two-speed)</b> – Press the two-position switch to turn on the ventilation fan. Pressing switch to the first position is the low fan speed position, and the second position is the high fan speed position. If the Summer/Winter operation valve is OPEN (HEATING position), this switch will function as the cab heater ON/OFF switch. The Summer/Winter operation valve is located under the hood on top of the engine behind the radiator.	
47	Air conditioning (option) – Press the switch to turn on the air conditioning.	
48	Proportional control status indicator (option) – One flash indicates precision mode; two flashes indicate power mode.	
49	Not assigned	
50	High-speed indicator (option) – Indicates high-speed is enabled.	
51	Engine error indicator – Indicates a "check engine" condition. See page 5-6.	
52	Auto-idle switch (option) – Enables optional auto-idle feature. See page 3-21.	

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Figure 3-7 Instrument Panel, Switches and Indicators (Serial Numbers AH00610 and before)

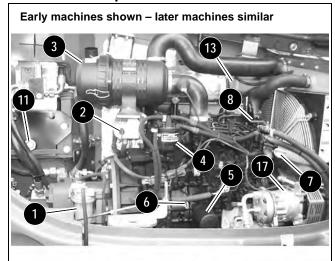


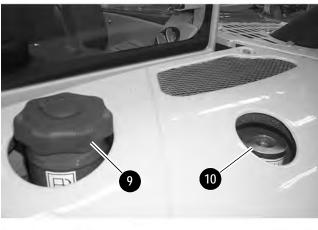


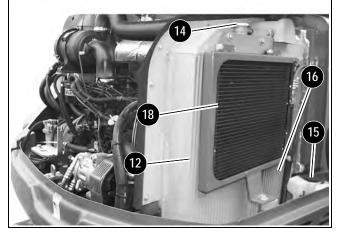
Pos.	Description	
30	Hydraulic oil filter indicator (red) – Hydraulic oil filter indicator light comes on when hydraulic oil filter is too restricted.	
31	Air filter indicator (red) – Air filter indicator light comes on when air filter is too dirty.	
32	Battery charge fault indicator (red) – Battery charge indicator light comes on when the ignition is turned on and goes off when the engine starts. If the indicator light comes on while the engine is running, the battery is not charging, indicating a faulty charging circuit in the alternator or problems with the V-belt. NOTE: a faulty V-belt affects cooling pump operation, which can lead to overheating and more serious engine problems. Shut off the engine IMMEDIATELY and determine the cause if this indicator comes on when the engine is running.	
33	Engine oil pressure indicator (red) – Engine oil pressure light comes on when the ignition is turned on, and goes out when the engine starts. During normal operation, this indicator should remain off. The indicator will light if the engine oil pressure drops too low. If this occurs shut the engine off IMMEDIATELY and determine the cause of the pressure drop.	
34	Coolant temperature indicator (red) – Coolant temperature indicator light comes on when coolant temperature is too high.	
35	Glow plug indicator (yellow) – Glow plug indicator light comes on when the ignition key is in the glow plug activation position. Indicator will go out when the glow plugs have heated sufficiently to start the engine.	
36	Hourmeter – Indicates the total operating hours of the machine. Use the hourmeter to track maintenance in the maintenance log.	
37	Fuel level gauge – The fuel level gauge shows the amount of fuel in the tank.	
38	Indicator light – Not assigned.	
39	Hydraulic oil temperature indicator light – Hydraulic oil temperature indicator light comes on when hydraulic oil is too hot.	
40	Coolant temperature gauge – Displays coolant temperature.	
41	High-speed switch (transport speed) – Pressing the switch will enable high travel speed.	
42	<b>Windshield wiper switch (cab models only)</b> – Pressing the two-position switch to the first position turns on the windshield wiper. Pressing and holding the switch in the second position activates the washer fluid pump.	
43	Work light switch – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the boom work light.	
44	Roof lights (option) – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the roof light lights.	
45	Rotating beacon (option) – Press switch to the ON position to turn on the rotating beacon.	
46	<b>Ventilation fan (two-speed)</b> – Press the two-position switch to turn on the ventilation fan. Pressing switch to the first position is the low fan speed position, and the second position is the high fan speed position. If the Summer/Winter operation valve is OPEN (HEATING position), this switch will function as the cab heater ON/OFF switch. The Summer/Winter operation valve is located under the hood on top of the engine behind the radiator.	
47	Air conditioning (option) – Press the switch to turn on the air conditioning.	
48	Proportional control status indicator (option) – One flash indicates precision mode; two flashes indicate power mode.	
49	Not assigned	
50	High-speed indicator (option) – Indicates high-speed is enabled.	
51	Engine error indicator – Indicates a "check engine" condition. See page 5-6.	
52	Auto-idle switch (option) – Enables optional auto-idle feature. See page 3-21.	

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### **Excavator Components**







**Figure 3-8 Excavator Components** 

- 1. Fuel water separator
- 2. Battery disconnect switch
- 3. Air cleaner
- 4. Fuel filter
- 5. Engine oil filter
- 6. Engine oil dipstick
- 7. Engine oil fill
- 8. Heater on/off valve
- 9. Locking fuel filler cap
- 10. Hydraulic fluid filler cap
- 11. Hydraulic fluid level sight gauge
- 12. Radiator
- 13. Radiator overflow reservoir
- 14. Radiator cap
- 15. Windshield washer reservoir
- 16. Hydraulic oil cooler
- 17. Air conditioning compressor (optional)
- 18. Air conditioning condenser (optional)

## **Ignition Key Switch**

**Note:** The engine can only be started if the left control lever console is pivoted down into the operation position.

With the key in the fully counter-clockwise "P" position, all power is shut off. The key can be inserted or removed when the switch is in this position.

With the key in the "0" position, power to the accessory circuit is turned on. The key can be inserted or removed when the switch is in this position.

With the key in the "I" position, power is turned on to all controls and electrical circuits. The battery charge indicator light and the oil pressure indicator light will come on.

With the key in the "II" position, the glow plug indicator will come on while the glow plugs warm intake air in cold weather.

With the key turned fully clockwise "III" and held in position, the engine will crank/start and the indicator lights should go out. Release the key after the engine starts (the key returns to the "I" position when it is released after starting the engine).

**Note:** The key must always be returned to the "I" position between attempts to start the engine in order to activate the glow plug system.

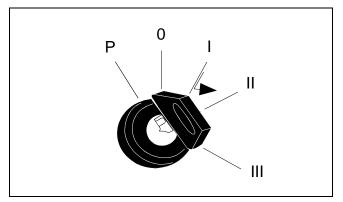


Figure 3-9 Ignition Key Switch

### **Battery Disconnect Switch**

A battery disconnect switch is located in the engine compartment under the hood. The switch allows electrical lock-out of all functions of the excavator. See Figure 3-10. To disconnect battery and lock-out all electrical functions, turn key (1) of the battery disconnect switch to position (2) and remove it. To reconnect battery and turn on all electrical functions, insert key (1) into the battery disconnect switch and turn it down to the notched position (3).

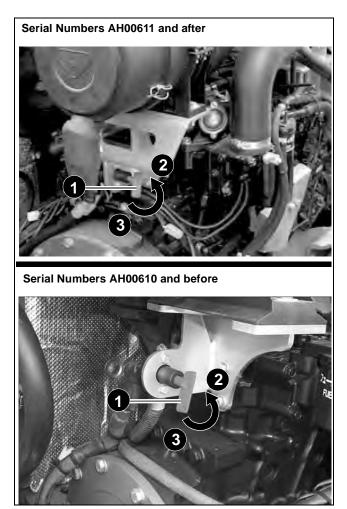


Figure 3-10 Battery Disconnect Switch

### **Travel Controls**

## **WARNING**

- Levers and controls should return to neutral position when released.
- Be sure the levers and controls are in the neutral (middle) position before starting the engine.
- Operate controls gradually and smoothly. Excessive speed and quick control movements without regard for conditions and circumstances are hazardous and could cause an accident.



Be sure that the dozer blade is "in front." When the operator's cab is facing forward, the blade will be visible and travel controls will operate as expected. If the dozer blade is not visible, the operator's cab is facing to the rear, and the travel controls will operate in reverse.

#### **Forward Travel**

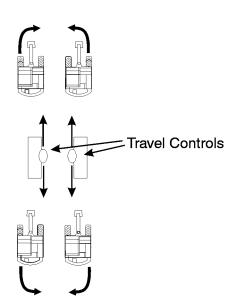
Push both travel control levers or pedals forward. The farther these are moved, the faster the machine will travel. See Figure 3-11.

#### **Reverse Travel**

Pull both travel control levers or pedals back. The farther these are moved, the faster the machine will travel. See Figure 3-11.

### **Turning During Travel**

Move one control lever or pedal farther than the other one. To turn left while moving forward, move the right control lever farther forward; to turn right while moving forward, move the left control lever farther forward. See Figure 3-11.



**Figure 3-11 Travel Controls** 

### **Spin Turn**

Move the levers in opposite directions to spin the machine on its axis. To spin turn left, move the right control lever forward while pulling the left control lever to the rear; to spin turn right, move the left control lever forward while pulling the right control lever to the rear. See Figure 3-11.

### **Tilting the Cab**

## **A** WARNING

- Always tighten cab lock-down nuts before using the machine.
- Always close the cab door before tilting the cab.
- Stay clear from underneath the cab as it is tilted.
- Always secure the tilt rod in the support position the when cab is tilted.

Refer to items 1—10 in Figure 3-12 to safely complete the following procedure.

### Tilting the cab up:

- 1. Follow "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.
- 2. Raise the floor mat (1) on the right, front of the cab and remove cab lock-down nut (2). Remove cab lock-down nut (3) at the right rear of the cab.
- 3. Securely close the cab door.
- 4. Locate the jack handle tubes (4) from the tool kit in the engine compartment and insert into the jack (5) and jack to the limit. The cab will be raised as far as the jack (5) will travel.
- 5. Pull on handle (7) until the cab is completely tilted and supported by safety cable (8).
- 6. Remove the tilt rod (9) from the storage bracket (10) and slide the tilt rod (9) into the guide bracket (11) and secure with the retention pin.

### Tilting the cab down:

- 1. Remove the tilt rod (9) from the guide bracket (11) by removing the retention pin and slide the tilt rod (10) out of the guide bracket (9) and secure with the retention pin back in the storage bracket (10).
- 2. Use handle (7) to slowly lower the cab back onto the jack (5).
- 3. Remove jack handle tubes (4) from the jack (5) and insert the opposite end of the jack handle tubes (4) onto the release pin (6). Slowly turn release pin (6) counter-clockwise until the cab is lowered.

- 4. Turn the release pin (6) clockwise.
- 5. Reinstall the cab lock-down nuts (2) and (3).
- 6. Place the jack handle tubes (4) back in the tool kit.

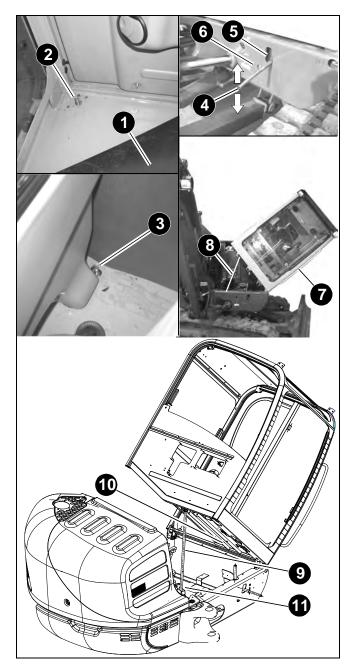


Figure 3-12 Tilting the Cab

## **A** CAUTION

Check tilt rod (9), the retention pin and safety cable (8) at regular intervals for cracks and cuts. Replace defective parts immediately.

### **SAE/ISO Operating Controls Selector Valve**

Located on the lower left side of the chassis, under the cab, is the SAE/ISO selector valve. See (1), Figure 3-12. The SAE/ISO valve can be accessed through a cutout on the left side of the chassis at location (2). The machine has been set at the factory for SAE standard operation shown at position (3). If ISO operation is desired, loosen wing nut (5) and rotate valve to position (4) and tighten wing nut (5). If the machine does not function according to the decals and instructions in this manual, move the selector valve to the other position.

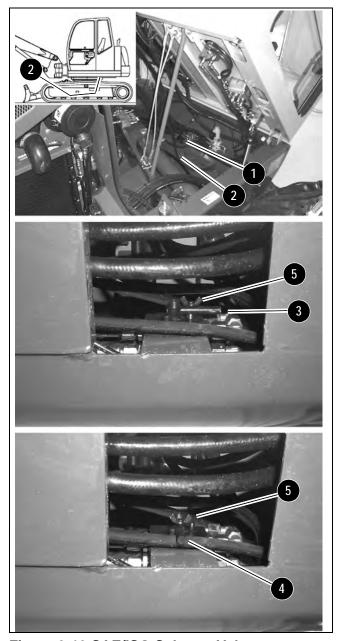


Figure 3-13 SAE/ISO Selector Valve

## **SAE Operating Controls (Standard)**

SAE boom and bucket functions are controlled by the right and left-hand joystick control levers located on the seat consoles.

Left-Hand Joystick – See Figure 3-14.

- 1 Arm extend
- 2 Arm retract
- 3 Swing left
- 4 Swing right

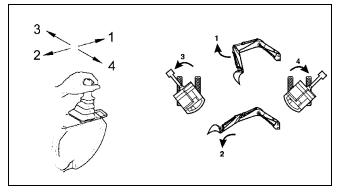


Figure 3-14 SAE Left-Hand Joystick

SAE Right-Hand Joystick – See Figure 3-15.

- 5 Boom lower
- 6 Boom raise
- 7 Curl bucket in
- 8 Curl bucket out

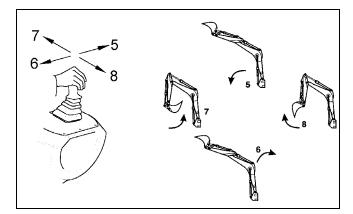


Figure 3-15 SAE Right-Hand Joystick

**Note:** The joystick controls are pilot operated. The farther the controls are moved from center, the faster the machine will function.

## **ISO Operating Controls (Selectable)**

ISO boom and bucket functions are controlled by the right and left-hand joystick control levers located on the seat consoles.

Left-Hand Joystick – See Figure 3-16.

- 1 Boom lower
- 2 Boom raise
- 3 Swing left
- 4 Swing right

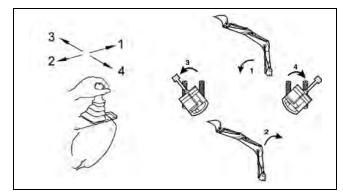


Figure 3-16 Left-Hand Joystick

ISO Right-Hand Joystick – See Figure 3-17.

- 5 Arm extend
- 6 Arm retract
- 7 Curl bucket in
- 8 Curl bucket out

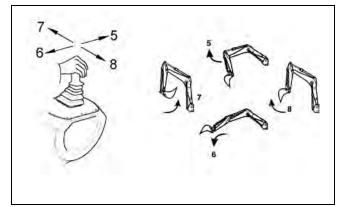


Figure 3-17 ISO Right-Hand Joystick

**Note:** The joystick controls are pilot operated. The farther the controls are moved from center, the faster the machine will function.

# Boom Swivel/Auxiliary Hydraulics Pedal

The boom can be swiveled, or swung, without moving the swing frame by pressing and holding the auxiliary hydraulic/changeover valve button (1) on top of the left hand joystick, and then pressing the auxiliary hydraulics pedal (2) left or right. See Figure 3-18. Pressing and holding the auxiliary hydraulic/changeover valve button (1) and pressing the auxiliary hydraulics pedal (2) to the left with your toe swivels the boom to the left. Pressing and holding the auxiliary hydraulic/changeover valve button (1) and pressing the auxiliary hydraulics pedal (2) to the right with your toe swivels the boom to the right.

The auxiliary hydraulics pedal (2) allows use/control of front end attachments. Action will vary depending on the attachment and how it is connected.

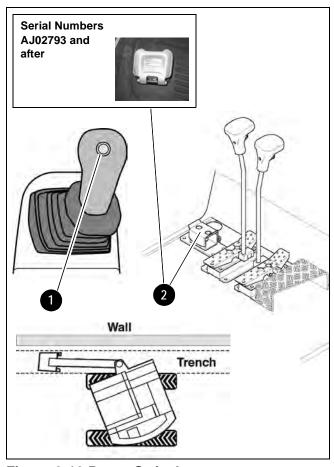


Figure 3-18 Boom Swivel

### **Dozer Blade**

The dozer blade is controlled by the dozer control pedal/lever (1) located next to the travel controls. See Figure 3-19.

- Push control pedal/lever forward to lower the blade.
- Pull control pedal/lever rearward to raise the blade.

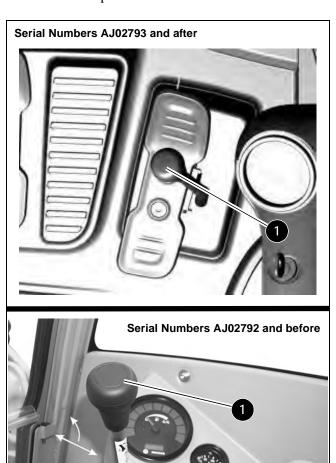


Figure 3-19 Dozer Blade Control

# Auxiliary Hydraulics Flow Rate Switch (Model 803 Only)

### Serial Numbers AJ02793 and After

The auxiliary hydraulics flow rate switch allows changing the auxiliary flow rate for different applications:

- Maximum auxiliary hydraulic flow rate is best used for power applications.
- Minimum auxiliary hydraulic flow rate is best used for precision applications.

Press the "max" end (1, Figure 3-20) of the auxiliary hydraulics flow rate switch to enable maximum/ "power" auxiliary hydraulic flow; Press the "min" end (2) of the auxiliary hydraulics flow rate switch to enable minimum/"precision" auxiliary hydraulic flow.

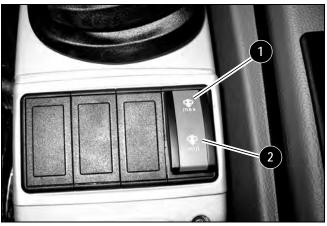


Figure 3-20 Auxiliary Hydraulics Flow Rate Switch

### **Throttle Lever**

The engine RPM is controlled by the throttle lever (1). On later machines, the throttle is located on the console behind the left armrest; on early machines, the throttle is located behind the right joystick. See Figure 3-21.

- Push throttle lever (1) forward to lower the engine RPM.
- Pull throttle lever (1) rearward to increase the engine RPM.

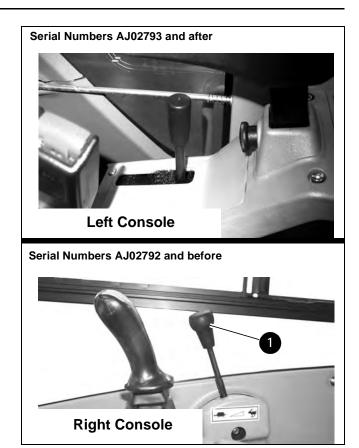


Figure 3-21 Throttle Lever

## **Optional Auto-Idle Feature**

### Serial Numbers AH00611 and After

Press switch (1) to enable the auto-idle feature.

When the auto-idle feature is enabled, engine speed is automatically lowered to idle when no hydraulic functions occur for five seconds. Engine speed resumes when a hydraulic function is activated.

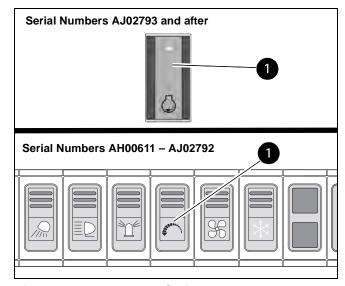


Figure 3-22 Auto-Idle Switch

### **Operator's Seat Adjustments**

**Note:** The operator's seat left-hand console must be raised in order to exit the cab. In the lowered or work position, all operational functions are activated, and operator exit is blocked by the left-hand console. In the raised position, the all hydraulic functions of the machine are locked out.



Figure 3-23 Seat Adjustment

### 1. Seat Suspension Adjustment

Rotate the knob (1) to adjust the seat suspension for the operator's weight. An indicator on the front of the seat base shows the weight adjustment in kilograms (1 kg = 2.2 lbs.). Adjust the seat suspension correctly to ensure a comfortable ride. See Figure 3-23.

### 2. Horizontal Seat Adjustment

The seat adjustment lever (2) allows the operator to move only the seat forward and rearward.

### 3. Horizontal Seat & Control Adjustment

The seat adjustment lever (3) allows the operator to move both the seat and the controls forward and rearward.

### 4. Backrest Adjustment

The backrest adjustment lever (5) allows the operator to move the backrest forward and rearward.

### 5. Headrest Adjustment

The headrest adjustment (6) allows the operator to move the headrest up and down.

### 6. Seat Height Adjustment

The seat height adjustment allows the operator to move the seat height up and down. To raise the seat height, grasp the seat and lift up until you hear an audible click. To lower the seat, raise the seat to the highest position and then lower the seat to its lowest position.

### 7. Horizontal Suspension

When horizontal suspension is turned on, shocks from travel motion are absorbed by the seat suspension.

### **Arm Rests**

Serial Numbers AJ02793 and Up: To adjust, hold armrest (2, Figure 3-24) and pull out latch (3). Move the armrest to the desired position and release latch (3). Make sure latch (3) locks securely into a detent in the armrest.

Serial Numbers AJ02792 and before: To adjust, turn the adjustment wheel (4).

Note: The rear of the left armrest has a turnbuckle that may need to be adjusted to allow the left armrest to rotate out of the way when the left console is raised. Use the turnbuckle to adjust the armrest so it does not contact the left control lever when raising the left console to the lock-out position.

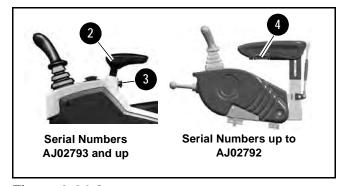


Figure 3-24 Armrests

### **Seat Belt**

## **WARNING**

ALWAYS fasten the seat belt securely and properly. Never operate the machine without the seat belt fastened around the operator.

Keep the seat belt clean because dirt can impair seat belt operation. Check seat belt condition regularly and have damaged or worn belts immediately repaired by an authorized workshop.

After an accident the seat belt strap is stretched and must be replaced with a new strap installed by an authorized workshop.

Make sure the seat belt is not twisted when it is fastened, and that it is fastened over the hips and not the stomach.

Fasten the seat belt tightly and securely. Remove hard, edged or fragile objects from your pockets or clothes that might lie between the seatbelt and your body.

### Fastening/Unfastening the Seat Belt

Fasten the seat belt around your hips and waist and insert tab (A, Figure 3-25) into buckle (B) until it clicks securely in place. Slack in the seat belt should automatically retract into seat belt spool (D).

Unfasten the seat belt by pressing button (C).

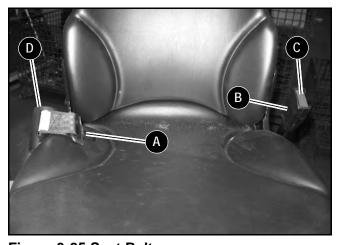


Figure 3-25 Seat Belt

### Ventilation

Windshield - Optional Cab

## **A** CAUTION

When the windshield is opened, be sure both latches are locked. When closing the windshield, keep hands on the handles and away from path of the windshield.

The windshield can be opened for ventilation. Squeeze/turn the latches (1, Figure 3-26) located at the upper corners of the windshield. Grasp the handles (2) and pull the windshield up until the latches lock in the open position. For additional ventilation, the lower portion of the windshield can be removed and securely stored in the glass holder (3) located on the rear window.

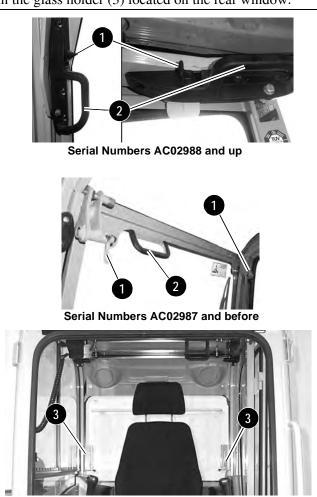


Figure 3-26 Windshield Locks

## **A** CAUTION

Support the windshield when releasing it from the ceiling catches to avoid possible head injury.

Before closing the windshield, first re-install (if removed) and lower the bottom windshield (See "Movable Bottom Window – Optional Cab" on page 24.). Close the windshield by squeezing/turning the latches, and then lower the windshield and lock the latches in the closed position.

### Side Window – Optional Cab

Squeeze button (1, Figure 3-27) and slide the window to open. Release button (1) when the window is in the desired position. Make sure the window lock securely in one of the recesses.

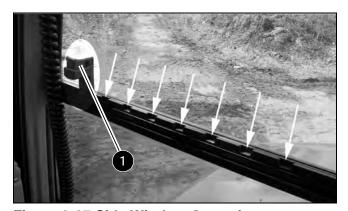


Figure 3-27 Side Window Operation

### Movable Bottom Window – Optional Cab Serial Numbers AH02456 and After

Squeeze both latches (1, Figure 3-28) on the left and right and slide the window at both latches to open or close. Release latches and make sure the window locks securely open/closed.



Figure 3-28 Lower Front Window Operation

**Note:** If the lower front window is raised all the way into the windshield frame, it will move with the windshield as a unit if the windshield is raised for ventilation.

The lower front window can be removed and securely stored in the glass holder (3, Figure 3-26) located on the rear window.

## **IMPORTANT**

Re-install the lower window before lowering the windshield.

### Cab Door Latch Release - Optional Cab

When fully opened, the left-hand cab door will lock in position to the side of the cab. To release the latch, use

the black knob (1) located on the inside of the door. See Figure 3-29

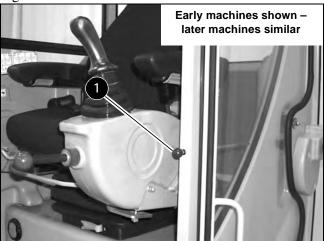


Figure 3-29 Cab Door Latch Release

#### Interior light

The interior light (Figure 3-30) is located on the back of the cab above the rear window. Press the switch to the right or left to turn the light ON. Move the switch to the center position to turn the light OFF.



Figure 3-30 Interior Light

#### **Tool Kit and Cab Jack Handle**

The machine tool kit and the cab jack handle are located in the storage area under the hood in the engine compartment.

#### Cab Heat Control - Optional Cab

Cab heat is controlled using the dial next to the recirculated air mode vent (Figure 3-31). On older models, turn on the cab heater by opening the heater valve located under the hood on top of the engine behind the radiator (Figure 3-32). Rotate the lever to either the "heat on" or "heat off" position as required.



Figure 3-31 Cab Heat Control - SN AD04619 and Up

# Cab Heat Shut-Off Valve – Serial Number AD04618 and Before

On earlier machines, cab heat can be turned on or off using the cab heat shut-off valve located under the hood on top of the engine behind the radiator (Figure 3-32). Rotate the lever to either the "heat on" or "heat off" position as required.

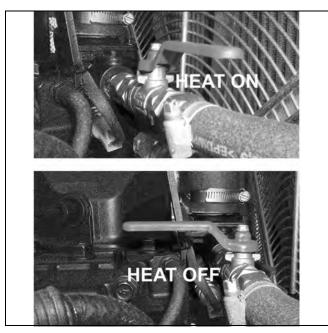


Figure 3-32 Cab Heat Shut-Off Valve - SN AD04618 and Before

#### **Recirculated Air Mode**

When heating or cooling the cab, the recirculated air mode can be utilized to heat or cool only the air in the cab with no fresh air supply from the outside. Sliding the plate to the left will turn ON the recirculated air mode by closing the vent. Sliding the plate to the right will turn OFF the recirculated air mode by opening the vent. Figure 3-33 shows the unit with recirculated air mode turned OFF.

**Note:** The recirculated air mode vent is a storage compartment on the canopy model machines.

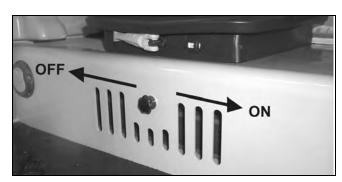


Figure 3-33 Recirculated Air Mode

#### **Preheated Fresh Air**

Selection of "cold" or "preheated" fresh air in winter.

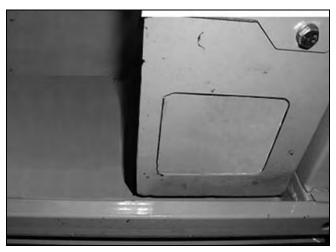


Figure 3-34 Fresh Air

A deflector plate on the heater baffle can be set to two different positions:

- Fresh air-heater takes in air from outside the cab. See Figure 3-34.
- Preheated fresh air-heater takes in air from the chassis. See Figure 3-35.

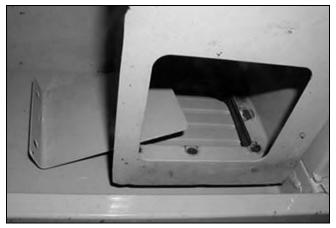


Figure 3-35 Preheated Fresh Air

Change from fresh air to preheated fresh air as follows:

- Tilt the cab. See "Tilting the Cab" on page 3-17. The deflector plate is located on the heater baffle under the cab.
- Loosen both attachment screws.
- Reposition and fit the deflector plate back on again.
- Tilt the cab back down again and secure it.

#### **Mounting/Removing Buckets**

**ALWAYS** wear protective goggles, helmets, gloves, steel-toed shoes, etc.

**DO NOT** service the bucket while the engine is running.

**DO NOT** stand behind the bucket when removing the pins.

**DO NOT** use your hands or fingers to align the bucket and dipper arm holes.

**ALWAYS** verify the bucket is safely locked before starting the engine and resuming operation.

# **WARNING**

- DO NOT use a hammer directly on a securing pin to loosen it. The pounding may cause splintering, which may lead to serious injury.
- The bucket can crush hands or feet. DO NOT use your hands or feet as substitutes for the correct equipment.

#### **Removing A Bucket**

1. Lower the bucket to the ground with the flat side facing down (1, Figure 3-36).

# **IMPORTANT**

Place the bucket against the ground with minimum pressure. More pressure increases resistance, which will make it more difficult to remove the pins.

- 2. Stop the engine.
- 3. Remove the two lynch pins (2A and 2B, Figure 3-36).

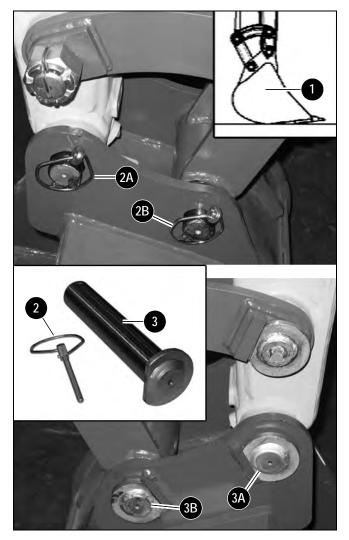


Figure 3-36 Bucket Removal/Mounting

- 4. Remove the lower securing pin first (3B, Figure 3-36) and then the other (3A). Carefully remove the pins with a hammer and brass punch if they are stuck. Once pin 3B is removed, pin 3A might have more pressure applied against it, making it difficult to remove. If this happens:
  - a. Start the engine.
  - b. Slightly raise and lower the boom to relieve pressure from the pin.
  - c. Turn off the engine.
  - d. Try removing the pin again, using a hammer and brass punch if needed.

#### **Attaching A Bucket**

- 1. Grease the dipper arm and bucket holes.
- 2. Since the bucket is on the ground and stationary, maneuver the machine until the dipper arm holes align flush with the bucket holes.

# **A** WARNING

DO NOT use your hands or fingers to align the bucket and dipper arm holes.

- 3. Stop the engine.
- 4. Insert the upper securing pin first (3A, Figure 3-36). If needed, use a hammer and brass punch to gently tap the pin through the hole. Insert a lynch pin (2A, Figure 3-36) through the hole in the pin and lock.

## **IMPORTANT**

The flat side of each securing pin head must align with the flat guide on each side of the hole; see 3A and 3B in Figure 3-27 for how the pins look when properly installed.

- 5. Insert the lower securing pin (3B, Figure 3-36). If needed, use a hammer and brass punch to gently tap the pin through the hole. Insert a lynch pin (2B, Figure 3-36) through the hole in the pin. Lock the lynch pin securely in place.
- 6. Verify the bucket is locked and secure before starting the engine and resuming operation.

#### **Auxiliary Hydraulics Connections**

## **IMPORTANT**

Follow the instructions in the operator's manual from the attachment manufacturer for connecting the attachment to the machine's auxiliary hydraulics.

Figure 3-37 shows the three quick connections on the dipper arm meant for auxiliary hydraulics, which are for the following:

- 1: Pressure line (male connector).
- 2: Large return line (female connector).
- **3:** Pressure line (female connector).

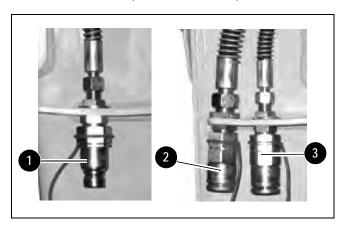


Figure 3-37 Auxiliary Hydraulics Connections

#### **Connecting the Quick Couplings**

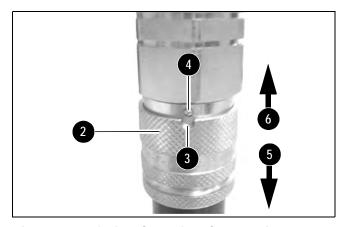
- 1. Park the machine on firm and level ground.
- 2. Extend the dipper arm cylinder halfway and position the boom/dipper arm so the auxiliary hydraulic connectors are positioned as shown in Figure 3-37.
- 3. Stop the engine.
- 4. Turn the ignition key to position 1.
- 5. Release pressure from the bucket cylinder by moving the left control lever to the left and right.
- 6. Lift the left control lever base as a safety precaution.

#### 7. To connect each coupling:

- a. If necessary, rotate lock sleeve (2, Figure 3-38) so notch (3) aligns with lock ball (4).
- b. Pull lock sleeve (2) down in the direction of arrow (5).
- Insert the attachment coupling into the corresponding auxiliary hydraulics connection coupling.
- d. Release lock sleeve (2) so it snaps into place and locks the couplings together. Verify the lock sleeve (2) is snapped closed and the coupling is securely locked together.
- e. Twist lock sleeve (2) so notch (3) is NOT aligned with lock ball (4), to help prevent accidental de-coupling.

#### **Disconnecting the Quick Couplings**

- 1. Perform steps 1 through 6 in "Connecting the Quick Couplings" on page 3-28 before proceeding to the next step.
- 2. To disconnect each coupling:
  - a. Pull lock sleeve (2, Figure 3-38) down in the direction of arrow (5).
  - Listen for the hissing sound to verify that any pressure has been released from the connection
  - c. Twist lock sleeve (2) so notch (3) is aligned with lock ball (4).
  - d. Push lock sleeve (2) up in the direction of arrow (6) to disconnect the coupling.



**Figure 3-38 Quick Coupling Connections** 

#### **MACHINE OPERATION**

# **WARNING**

- Read and understand this entire manual. Follow warnings and instructions for operation and maintenance. Failure to follow instructions can result in injury or death.
- Read and understand all safety decals before operating the machine. DO NOT operate the machine unless all factory installed guards and shields are in place.
- Be sure you are familiar with all safety devices and controls before operating the machine.
- Know how to stop the machine before starting.
- Use only with approved accessories or referral attachments. Manitou Americas, Inc. cannot be responsible for safety if the unit is used with nonapproved attachments.
- Check for correct function after adjustments or maintenance.

## **Pre-Operation Checklist**

## **IMPORTANT**

See the list of recommended lubricants in "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4 for proper grade of engine oil and hydraulic oil. Only use oils specified on the list.

Check the following items at the beginning of each work day or every 12 working hours:

- Seat belt and mounting hardware.
- Safety decals. Replace as required (page 2-11).
- Air cleaner and intake hoses (page 4-11).
- Engine coolant level and system for leaks (page 4-15).

- Clean engine area of any flammable materials.
- Engine oil level (fill as required) (page 4-10).
- Hydraulic system for leaks.
- Hydraulic oil level (fill as required) (page 4-18).
- Pivot points for proper operation.
- Track tension and condition (page 4-24).
- Windshield washer reservoir level (cab machines only) (page 4-26).
- Lights, signals, indicators warning lights and indicator lights.
- Attachment safely locked onto machine and attachment condition.
- V-belt condition and tension (page 4-22).
- Lubrication points lubricated.
- Broken and loose parts (repair as required).
- Engine cover securely latched.
- Fuel level (page 4-11).

### **IMPORTANT**

Do not run the engine until the fuel tank is completely empty. If this happens, air will enter the fuel system, and the fuel system will have to be bled. Always fill the tank with fuel at the end of the working day.

# **A** WARNING

Never use ether starting aids. Glow plugs are used for cold weather starting. The glow plug can cause ether or other starting fluid to detonate, causing injury.

# **Engine Start and Stop**

**Note:** When all machine controls are stationary (no pilot control pressure), the swing motor and travel motor brakes are automatically applied. When any control is activated, the appropriate brake is automatically released.

**Note:** All hydraulic functions are locked out with the operator's seat left-hand console in the raised position.

#### **Engine Start Procedure**



DO NOT run the engine in an enclosed area without proper ventilation. Be sure there is adequate fresh air if running the machine in an enclosed area.



Ensure that bystanders are a safe distance away from the machine before starting the engine.

- 1. Adjust the operator's seat to desired settings.
- 2. Fasten the seat belt.
- 3. Be sure all levers and controls are in neutral positions.
- 4. Make sure no one is dangerously close to the machine.
- 5. Insert the ignition key into the switch and turn it clockwise to the (II) position. Indicators for oil pressure and battery voltage will light. In cold weather, the glow plug indicator will come on while the glow plugs warm the engine.
- 6. Turn the key fully clockwise and hold until the engine starts, and then release the key.

**Note:** The key must be returned to the (I) position between attempts to start the engine in order to activate the glow plug system.

# **IMPORTANT**

Do not activate the starter motor for longer than 20 seconds during each starting attempt. If the engine does not start, turn the key fully counter-clockwise, wait 30 seconds, and then attempt to start the engine again.

## **IMPORTANT**

Indicator lamps should go out when the engine starts. If they do not, turn the engine off IMMEDIATELY. Do not use machine until the problem has been identified and repaired.

- Allow engine to warm up at idle speed for approximately 10 15 minutes to fully warm up all systems.
- 8. Test the controls.

#### **Cold Weather Engine Starting Procedure**

**Note:** Install an in-block or tank style engine heater which will keep engine block and oil warm for easier cold weather starting.

**Note:** Be sure the engine oil is correct type and viscosity for the ambient (air) temperature.

**Note:** *Be sure the battery is fully charged.* 

- 1. Follow all steps according to "Engine Start Procedure" on page 3-30.
- 2. Advance the throttle to 1/4 engine speed for a faster warm up.
- 3. As the engine warms up, move the throttle lever to the idle position.

#### **After Starting/During Operation**

Check the following after startup and during operation. Stop the engine and fix problems before continuing operation.

- 1. Warning indicator lights on?
- 2. Travel drive/steering operating properly?
- 3. Boom, dipper, cab rotation and bucket controls operating properly?
- 4. Engine exhaust excessively smoky?

### **Engine Shut Down**

#### **Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure**

Before leaving the machine:

1. Bring the machine to a complete stop on a level surface. Avoid parking on an incline or a hillside, but if this is not possible, park across the slope.

- 2. Lower the working equipment to the ground and support it securely.
- 3. Run the engine at idle speed for a few minutes to allow systems to cool after operation at full speed.
- 4. Turn the key fully counter-clockwise to shut off the engine. Wait for all movement to stop.
- 5. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 6. Lock-out controls by raising left control console.
- 7. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Exit the machine using the hand-holds.

#### **New Machine Break-in Procedure**

A new machine requires reduced operational speed during the first 50 operating hours to properly break in various parts. If the machine is subjected to hard use during the break-in period, damage to operating systems may occur.

Perform the following when operating a new machine:

- Perform all steps in "Pre-Operation Checklist" on page 3-29.
- Start engine and let it idle for 10 15 minutes so all components and systems can warm up.
- Operate machine at about 80% of maximum loads and speed.
- At the end of the first 100 operational hours, drain and replace the engine oil and engine oil filter.

#### Travel

# **WARNING**

- Before operating the travel levers, be sure that you know in which direction the machine is pointing. If the dozer blade is not visible from the operator's cab, you are looking at the rear of the machine and the travel controls will be the reverse of normal operation.
- Before moving, be sure that there are no personnel in the way of the machine.
   Sound the horn to alert workers that you are about to move the machine.
- · Be sure the path is clear during travel.
- Use extreme caution when reversing travel. Be sure there is a clear path behind the machine.
- Operate the travel control levers smoothly to avoid sudden starts or stops.
- Before leaving the operator's seat, be sure to lock-out all control systems and shut down the engine to avoid accidental activation.

#### **Travel Speed Selection**

The 753Z and 803 models have an Auto-2-Speed transmission that automatically changes the machine from transport to operation modes. When the switch is pressed and the indicator is OFF, this feature is disabled and the machine operates only in slow speed mode. The travel speed switch (1) located on the control console. See Figure 3-39.

#### 753Z travel speeds are:

- Slow Speed Maximum = 2.0 mph (3.2 km/h).
- High Speed Maximum = 3.1 mph (5.0 km/h).

#### 803 travel speeds are:

- Slow Speed Maximum = 2.0 mph (3.2 km/h).
- High Speed Maximum = 3.2 mph (5.2 km/h).

# **A** CAUTION

The slow-speed setting should be selected to prevent automatic up-shifts if conditions warrant.

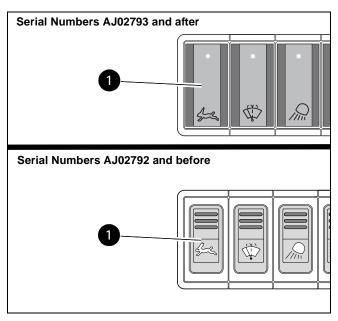
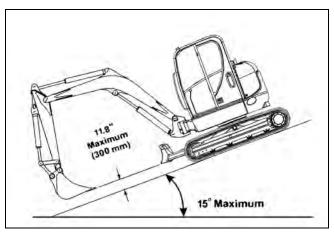


Figure 3-39 Travel Speed Selection

#### **General Travel Instructions**

- 1. Avoid sudden movements and sharp turns.
- 2. Travel slowly on rough, frozen, or uneven terrain.
- 3. Travel straight up and down slopes; never travel across the slope. See Figure 3-40. Extend arm and lower boom to keep the bucket about 12" (300 mm) off the ground. If the machine starts to slide or becomes unstable, lower the bucket to regain control. If the engine stalls, lower the bucket, make sure that all controls are in the neutral position and restart the engine. See "Operating on Slopes" on page 3-35 for more information about operating the machine on slopes.



#### Figure 3-40 Travel Down Slopes

- 4. To travel straight, push both travel control levers (or pedals) forward (or rearward). The farther the levers (or pedals) are moved, the faster the travel speed.
- 5. Pivot (or wide) turns are made by rotating only one track forward (or rearward). The machine will pivot on the stationary track.
- 6. Spin turns are made by rotating one track forward and one track rear. The machine will spin around its center.
- 7. The excavator can travel in water as deep as the top of the upper track rollers. Be sure that the footing is solid so the machine will not sink.

## **Machine Operation**

#### **Joystick Controls**

Extending and retracting the cylinders (boom, arm and bucket) are controlled by the joysticks located on the consoles attached to the operator's seat. See page 3-19 for control configurations.

**Note:** The joystick controls are pilot-operated. The farther the controls are moved from center, the faster the machine will function.

Hydraulic Swivel Unit Brake.

## **IMPORTANT**

Hydraulic swivel unit brake function is not optimal if the hydraulic system has not reached operating temperature.

The upper carriage's rotation is sufficiently braked by moving the control lever back to the initial position. Moving the control lever in the opposite direction brakes the upper carriage with full hydraulic pressure.

#### **Mechanical Stop Brake**

A multi-disc brake integrated into the rotation drive has an additional mechanical brake effect with a time delay. This brake is used to stop the swivel unit from rotating in any position.

#### **Operating Precautions**

# **A** DANGER

- DO NOT elevate the front end of the tracks by use of downward pressure on the dozer blade. This will cause the machine to become unstable.
- DO NOT excavate underneath the machine.
- Always be sure that there is adequate support underneath the machine. Be aware of conditions that could cause the earth or foundation to collapse, resulting in risk of injury or death.
- Do not position the machine directly underneath structures during demolition. Falling objects or structure collapse could cause severe damage or personal injury.
- Be sure that there is the proper clearance from overhead electrical lines.
- Be sure that all underground electrical power and gas supply lines are clearly marked and avoided.

# **A** WARNING

- DO NOT rest your feet on the travel pedals during normal machine operation.
   Unexpected machine movement could occur in this situation.
- On Model 803 machines, make sure there are no obstacles in the immediate area before rotating the swing frame because the rear section of the swing frame protrudes over the undercarriage.
- When working close to an excavated edge, be sure that the ground the machine is sitting on is solid. Keep the travel motors to the rear. See Figure 3-41.

**DO NOT** use machine travel or swing to provide additional breakout force when the bucket is in the ground.

**DO NOT** jam bucket into the ground and use machine weight to provide additional breakout force.

When working on soft or muddy ground, be sure that the machine is not sinking.

**DO NOT** use the bucket as a hammer or ramming device.

## **IMPORTANT**

When digging at maximum excavation depth, BE SURE that the dozer blade does not contact the boom cylinder. Damage to the boom cylinder may occur if it contacts the dozer blade.

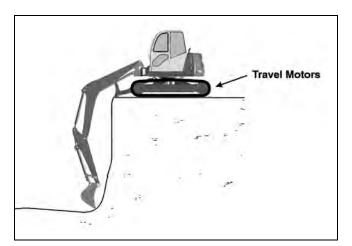


Figure 3-41 Machine Position for Excavating

#### **Operating on Slopes**

# **WARNING**

- Do not travel up or across a slope steeper than 15°. Do not travel down a slope steeper than 25°. Keep boom centered while traveling.
- Keep attachments as low as possible when traveling on slopes or rough terrain.

Operating on a slope is hazardous. It is recommended to level the work area as shown in Figure 3-42. If this is not possible, use the following guidelines:

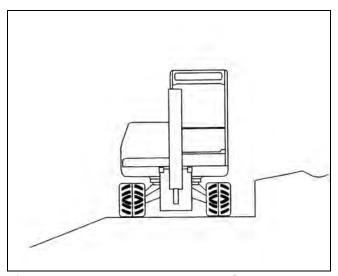
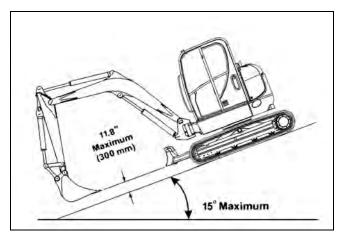


Figure 3-42 Level Work Area on Slope

• Travel straight up and down slopes — never across. See Figure 3-40. Extend arm and lower boom to keep the bucket about 12" (300 mm) off the ground. If the machine starts to slide or becomes unstable, lower the bucket to regain control. If the engine stalls, lower the bucket, be sure that all controls are in the neutral position and restart the engine.

 When traveling down a slope, put the machine in the position shown in Figure 3-43, control the speed with the travel levers and the throttle controls, and reduce engine RPM.



#### Figure 3-43 Travel Down Slopes

- To achieve the best stability while excavating, lower the dozer blade to the ground.
- Operate as slowly as possible and avoid sudden changes in direction.
- Avoid traveling over objects such as rocks, trees, stumps, etc.
- Stop the machine travel before moving the bucket or dozer controls.
- Slow the work cycle. Take your time.
- Avoid working with the tracks positioned across the slope. Position the machine with the blade downhill and lowered.
- Avoid swinging or extending the bucket farther than necessary in a downhill direction. If you must swing the bucket downhill, keep the boom low and skid the bucket along the ground.
- When working with the bucket on the uphill side, keep the bucket as close to the ground as possible.
   Unload far enough away from the excavation to prevent the possibility of a cave-in.

## **Cold Weather Operation**

In cold weather, mud should be removed from the machine before parking. See "Track Cleaning" on page 4-23 for cleaning mud off of the tracks. If possible, park the machine on solid ground, or on wood planks, to prevent the track or undercarriage from freezing to the ground.

#### Operating in Water

Do not operate or immerse the machine in water higher than the tracks.

Thoroughly grease the machine if it has been operated in deep water.

#### Swiveling the Boom



Working with the boom swiveled to the side reduces lifting capacity.

Overloading the bucket can cause an unstable condition and increases the possibility of tipping the machine.

The excavator boom can be swiveled from the front position 63° to the right and 67° to the left on both the 753Z and 803. This allows excavation of trenches along walls, fences, etc. See Figure 3-44.

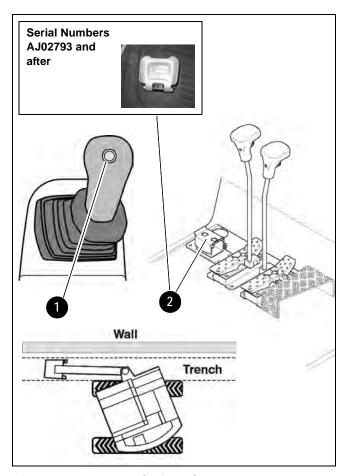


Figure 3-44 Boom Swivel Control

Press and hold the auxiliary control button, located on top of the left-hand joystick. Then press the auxiliary hydraulics pedal with your toe or heel. See Figure 3-44. Pressing the pedal down to the left swivels the boom to the left. Pressing the pedal down to the right swivels the boom to the right.

Bucket controls do not change when swiveling the boom.

#### **Grading**

#### **Bulldozing**

# **A** WARNING

- Be sure there is proper clearance for the front end attachments when bulldozing.
- Be sure that the front-end attachments do not contact any overhead power lines or obstructions during bulldozing.
- DO NOT drive machine into the excavation or onto loose soil, which can cause an unstable condition, and possible tipping of the machine.
- 1. Raise or lower the dozer blade using the control lever/pedal located to the right of the travel levers/ pedals. See Figure 3-45. Move the control forward to lower the dozer blade, rearward to raise the dozer blade.
- 2. The boom must be fully raised and the bucket curled in (up) when grading.
- 3. When grading, the material may be pushed away to the front or the side.
- 4. Raise the dozer blade slightly if excessive resistance occurs.
- 5. When the blade is in position, use the travel controls to move the machine as in normal travel.

Serial Numbers AJ02793 and after



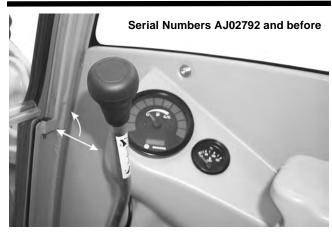


Figure 3-45 Dozer Blade Control

#### **ExcavatiaZ**

The following section applies to an excavator with a standard bucket, which is used mainly for digging into the ground to loosen, excavate and load loose or solid material.

## **IMPORTANT**

Never use the excavator bucket to perform actions other than digging, grading, loading and excavating. Damage to the excavator could result.

- Do not use the swiveling force of the excavator so the bucket serves as a hammer or battering ram (1, Figure 3-46).
- Do not lower the bucket into the ground while rotating the upper carriage or driving the excavator (2, Figure 3-47).
- Do not use the falling force of the dipper arm so the bucket serves as a hammer or pile-driver (3).
- Do not cause the excavator to tip, bounce or fall to amplify digging or excavating (4) force.
- Use caution when retracting the bucket to prepare for driving or transport. Hitting the bucket into the dozer blade might damage either attachment, especially the bucket teeth.
- The dozer blade is intended for grading only; using it as a battering ram risks serious damage to the blade, its cylinder and connections.

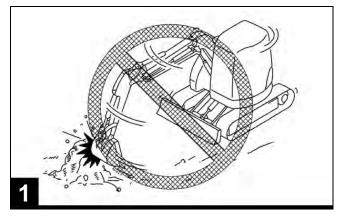
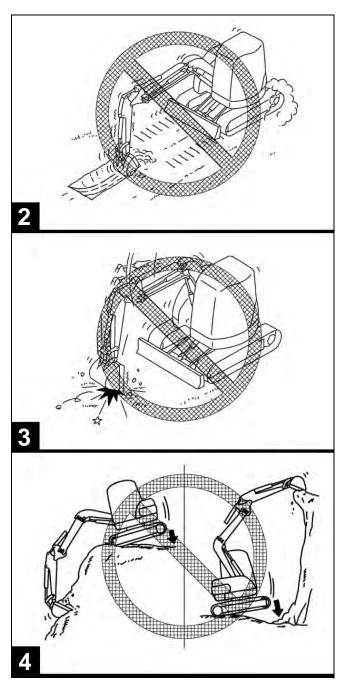


Figure 3-46 Machine Operation Exclusions

- When excavating, lower the dozer blade to the ground to aid machine stability. Whenever possible, it is best to position the dozer blade on the same side as the excavation.
- Do not support the weight of the machine on one side of the dozer blade.



**Figure 3-47 Machine Operation Exclusions** 

#### **Digging**

#### **Proper Bucket Position**

Move the flat side of the bucket so it is parallel to the ground (Figure 3-48).

# **IMPORTANT**

Positions 2 and 3 in Figure 3-48 show improper bucket orientations while excavating.

Position 2 forces the bucket downward into the ground, slowing down work and subjecting the engine and hydraulic pump to overloading.

Position 3 forces the bucket upward toward the ground surface, reducing productivity because of reduced bucket loads.

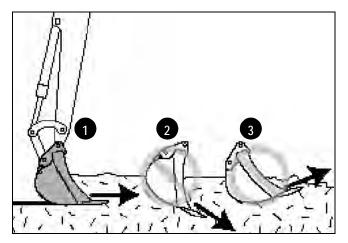


Figure 3-48 Proper and Improper Bucket Orientations

#### **Proper Digging Technique**

- 1. Lower the bucket into the ground (4, Figure 3-49).
- 2. After the bucket penetrates the ground, adjust it so its flat side is parallel to the ground (5, Figure 3-49).
- 3. Pull the bucket towards the excavator by:
  - a. Moving the dipper arm toward the excavator, and
  - b. Lowering the boom.

- 4. After the bucket is sufficiently filled:
  - a. Continue moving the dipper arm toward the excavator.
  - b. Extend the dipper arm cylinder so the bucket is tilted upward (6, Figure 3-49).
  - c. Raise the boom.

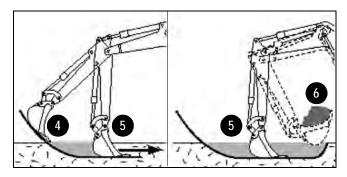


Figure 3-49 Proper Digging Technique

#### **Trench Excavating**

Trench excavating is most efficient when the machine tracks are parallel to the line of the trench (Figure 3-50). For larger trenches, excavate each side first and then the center.

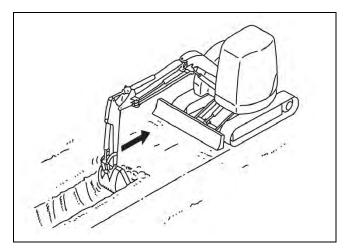


Figure 3-50 Efficient Trench Excavating

When excavating in confined areas, excavate by rotating the upper carriage and swiveling the boom (Figure 3-51).

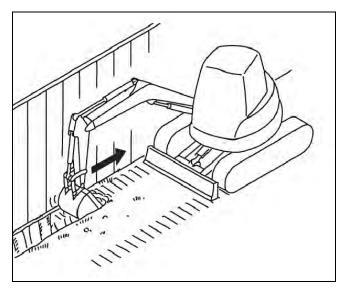


Figure 3-51 Excavating Trenches Sideways

• Working alongside trenches and deep excavation are two applications where the dozer blade might restrict bucket movement. When working alongside trenches, lower and place the dozer blade on the ground to avoid damage to the boom cylinder. When deep excavating, position the machine so the lowered dozer blade is on the opposite side of the excavation (Figure 3-52).

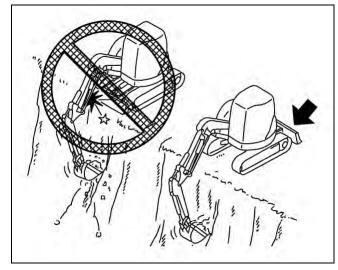


Figure 3-52 Dozer Blade Positioning

# WARNING

Placing the dozer blade on the opposite side of the excavation decreases machine stability. Always consider operator safety when operating the machine, especially under less-than-ideal working conditions.

#### **Loading Vehicles**

When loading vehicles, consider the following:

- Whenever loading in a confined area with a limited range of motion, position the truck so maximum visibility is ensured for the excavator operator.
- When work conditions permit, position the truck so the excavator can load material at the rear of the truck instead of the sides (1, Figure 3-53). The most effective way to load into the rear of the truck is when the truck and excavator form a 45° angle (2, Figure 3-53).
- Raise the boom and dipper arm to dump height just before rotating toward the truck.
- Whenever possible, dump upwind to keep dust and airborne debris away from the operator, and the excavator air filters and fans.

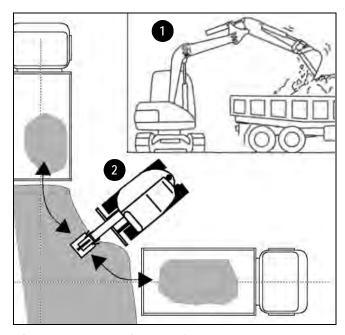


Figure 3-53 Loading Vehicles

## **Transporting the Machine**

#### **Towing**

# WARNING

- When towing the machine, make sure no one is close to the towing apparatus, or in between the vehicles. The machine may only be towed using suitable towing equipment, in connection with suitable towing apparatus, such as a towing coupling, hooks and eyes.
- Do not use a towing apparatus that is kinked, twisted, or otherwise damaged.
- Do not apply high loads abruptly to the retrieval apparatus. The towing bracket has a maximum admissible load of 14613 lbf (6500 daN).
- The towing bracket is designed for retrieving the machine only. Do not use the excavator to tow other vehicles.
- Do not tow the machine if the travel drive is damaged. Damage to the machine cause by towing is not covered under warranty.

The machine can be towed by using the towing bracket (1). Secure a towing shackle, shackle pin and lock (2) of adequate size to the towing bracket (1) as shown in Figure 3-54. Tow the machine slowly and only short distances.

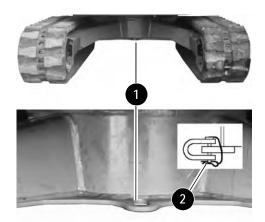


Figure 3-54 Towing

## **Lifting the Machine**

# WARNING

- Use a lifting device and rigging with sufficient capacity for the weight of the machine plus any attachments.
- While lifting, maintain the center-ofgravity and balance points on the machine. See Figure 3-55.
- Do not swing the boom.
- Never lift the machine with the anyone on-board.

Secure the lifting fixture sling to the lifting points (1) as shown.

- Model 753Z: length L1 on the lifting sling for the boom must be 6'2" (1.9 m) long; length L2 on the lifting sling must be 15'1" (4.6 m) long. See Figure 3-55.
- Model 803: length L1 on the lifting sling for the boom must be 5'2" (1.6 m) long; length L2 on the lifting sling must be 15'7" (4.8 m) long. See Figure 3-55.
- Do not exceed rated load capacity of the lifting machine. See "753Z General Specifications" on page 1-9 and "803 General Specifications" on page 1-10 for excavator weights.

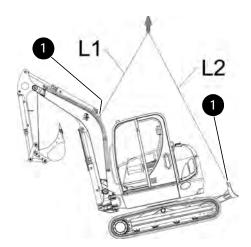


Figure 3-55 Machine Lifting Points

#### **Loading and Transporting**

Use only transport machines that are in proper working order and are approved for use on public roads.

# WARNING

- Do not exceed the transport vehicle's gross weight rating and the gross axle weight rating when loading and transporting the machine.
- The transport vehicle must have sufficient capacity for the size and weight of the machine. See "753Z General Specifications" on page 1-9 and "803 General Specifications" on page 1-10.
- Make sure the load does not fall short of the minimum axle load of the steering axle of the transport vehicle, otherwise the transport vehicle's steering could be seriously affected.
- Adjust transport speed to the load, to the road/traffic conditions and to the handling of the transport vehicle. Consider all possible transport conditions such as: heavy braking, evasive maneuvers, and uneven or rough roadways.

When using ramps to load the machine:

- Do not exceed an incline of  $17^{\circ}$  (30%). See Figure 3-42.
- Clean dirt, mud, ice and snow from the ramps and tracks.
- Use metal loading ramps with a slip-resistant surface, and with beveled ends to prevent damage to rubber tracks.
- 1. Attach the ramps securely to the transport machine to prevent the ramps from slipping off during loading.
- 2. Load the machine on solid, even ground.
- 3. Apply the parking brake and chock the wheels on the transport machine.
- 4. Determine the direction of the track movement (dozer blade facing forward) before moving the machine onto the ramps.
- Raise the bucket and dozer blade on the excavator high enough so they will not touch the ramps during loading.

- 6. Slowly and carefully drive the machine onto the transport vehicle. Do not change direction while driving on the ramps. Instead, drive down off of the ramps, and re-align the machine with the ramps.
- 7. After the machine is on the transport machine, lower the dozer blade and the bucket onto the loading surface and turn of the engine. See Figure 3-42.
- 8. Perform the Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure on page 2-2.
- 9. Lock the cab. Do not allow anyone to stay in the machine.
- 10. Place chocks under the machine tracks and secure the machine to prevent slipping, overturning and moving on the transport machine.
- 11. Use the tie down points (1) identified by decals for securing to the transport machine. See Figure 3-42. Securely tie the excavator to the transport vehicle at the front, rear and the sides.

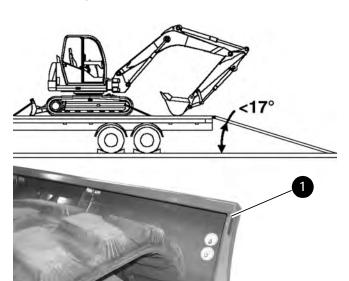




Figure 3-56 Loading and Transporting

Secure the machine properly so it cannot slip, slide, roll, tip over or fall, or cause the transport vehicle to tip over under transport conditions. Use anti-slip bases and linings, load-securing straps and chains, clamping beams, protective paddings, nets, edge protectors, etc. as needed to properly secure the load. Consider all possible transport conditions such as: heavy braking, evasive maneuvers, and uneven or rough roadways. Make sure the load does not exceed the authorized maximum height.

#### **OPTIONAL CONTROLS**

# Proportional Auxiliary Hydraulic Joystick Control (Option)

The proportional auxiliary hydraulic joystick control enables the following new functions:

- Selectable two-speed variable auxiliary hydraulic mode at startup (precision or power).
- Auxiliary hydraulic control moved to the right joystick thumb control.
- Auxiliary hammer operation is enabled for the right joystick trigger button control.

**Note:** With proportional auxiliary hydraulic joystick control, the auxiliary hydraulic / changeover valve button (A, Figure 3-57) is not functional. Pedal (B) always controls boom swiveled and does not change to control the auxiliary hydraulics if button (A) is pressed. The auxiliary hydraulics are instead controlled using the thumb and trigger switches installed on the new right joystick.

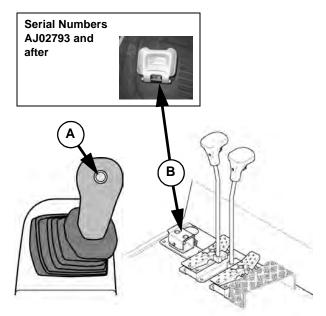


Figure 3-57 Auxiliary Hydraulic Changeover Valve Button/
Boom Swivel Pedal

# Two-Speed Variable Auxiliary Hydraulic Mode Selection

Upon startup, the auxiliary hydraulic system can be placed into either the power mode, or the precision mode. Select the appropriate mode depending upon the job requirements.

- 1. Shut down the excavator.
- 2. To set the auxiliary hydraulics to power mode, slide and hold the thumb switch (C, Figure 3-58) on the right joystick to the right and start the excavator.
- 3. To set the auxiliary hydraulics to precision mode, slide and hold the thumb switch (C, Figure 3-58) on the right joystick to the left and start the excavator.

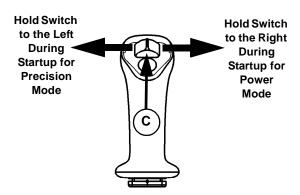


Figure 3-58 Right Joystick

4. Continue holding thumb switch (C) until the proportional control indicator (D, Figure 3-59) flashes. It will flash once when starting in precision mode; twice when starting in power mode.

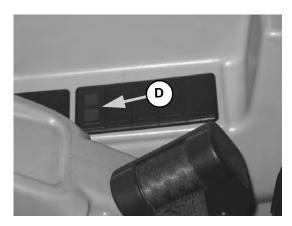


Figure 3-59 Proportional Control Indicator

**Note:** After the excavator is started, it must be shut down and restarted in order to change the auxiliary hydraulic mode.

# **Auxiliary Hydraulics Proportional Joystick Control**

When the excavator is running, use the thumb switch (C, Figure 3-60) on the right joystick to control the auxiliary hydraulics.

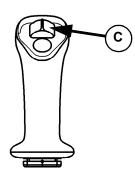


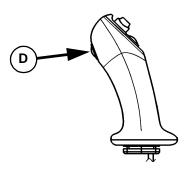
Figure 3-60 Auxiliary Hydraulics Control

Slide thumb switch (C) to the right to direct auxiliary hydraulics flow in one direction; slide thumb switch (C) to the left to direct the auxiliary hydraulics flow in the opposite direction.

# **Auxiliary Hydraulic Hammer Operation**

**Note:** Use the power mode (refer to "Two-Speed Variable Auxiliary Hydraulic Mode Selection") when operating a hydraulic hammer attachment. Maximum performance of hammer attachments is only possible using the power mode.

To operate an auxiliary hydraulic hammer attachment, press and hold trigger button (D, Figure 3-61) on the right joystick. The hammer will operate continuously until button (D) is released.



**Figure 3-61 Hammer Operation** 

# **NOTES**

# **CHAPTER 4 – MAINTENANCE**

# GENERAL CARE AND SERVICING INFORMATION

# WARNING

Instructions are necessary before operating or servicing the machine. Read and understand this entire manual. Follow warnings and instructions for operation and maintenance. Check for correct function after adjustments or maintenance. Failure to follow instructions can result in injury or death.

# **WARNING**

Be sure you are familiar with all safety devices and controls before operating or servicing the machine. Know how to stop before starting. This machine is designed for use only with approved accessories or referral attachments. Consult your dealer before using special attachments or equipment not approved for use with the machine. Manitou Americas, Inc. cannot be responsible for safety if the unit is used with non-approved attachments.

# **WARNING**

Hydraulic reservoir is under pressure. Avoid contact with leaking hydraulic fluid and diesel fuel under pressure. It can penetrate the skin and eyes.

#### Care and Servicing

Care and servicing have a significant influence on the readiness for operation and service life of the machine.

For additional service information about the engine, see the engine manual provided with the machine.

Use of lubricants that do not correspond to the manufacturer's recommendations may invalidate warranty claims.

More frequent servicing, other than the recommended intervals, may be required under extreme operational conditions (extremely dusty or hot conditions).

Always dispose of waste lubrication oils and hydraulic fluids according to local regulations or take to a recycling center for proper disposal. **DO NOT** pour fluids onto the ground or down a drain.

**DO NOT** power wash the main hydraulic pumps and controls, throttle solenoids and sealed bearings. High pressure water can be forced through seals and trapped within these components, causing premature failure.

The operating pressure settings of the hydraulic system should only be adjusted by trained, qualified personnel. If malfunctions are caused by unauthorized alteration of operating pressure settings, all warranty responsibilities of the manufacturer are invalidated.

#### **Maintenance Safety**

- Never service the machine without reading the applicable instructions.
- Always lower bucket and dozer blade to the ground before performing any maintenance.
- Use correct procedures to lift and support the machine. Always lift the blade fully before installing jackstands.
- Keep engine cover and hydraulic valve cover closed except for service. Close and latch covers before operating the machine.
- Be sure to have area properly ventilated when grinding or welding parts. Wear a dust mask.
- Exhaust fumes can kill. Exhaust system must be tightly sealed. If working in an enclosed area, vent exhaust to the outside when the engine must be run for service.
- Never modify equipment or add unapproved attachments.
- Before checking fluid levels, stop engine and let cool, and then clean any flammable materials from the engine and engine compartment.
- Never service or adjust the machine with the engine running unless the service procedure requires it.

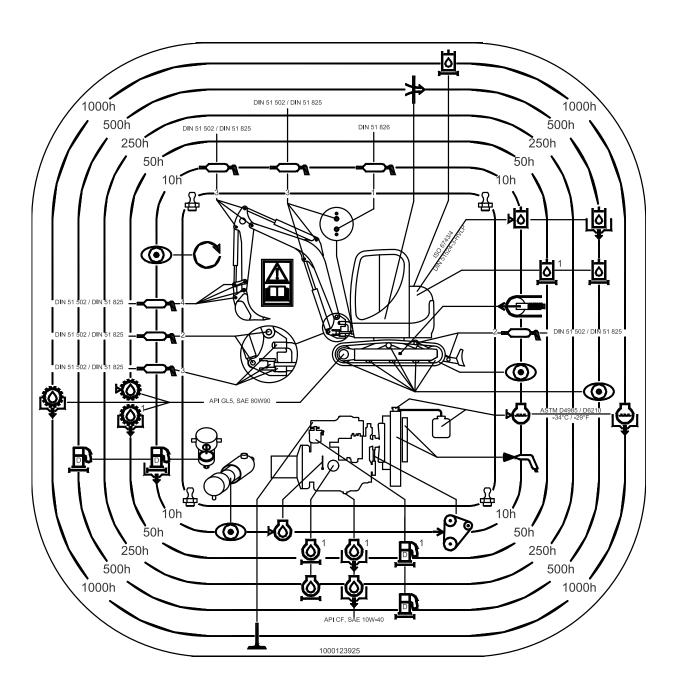
- Avoid contact with leaking hydraulic fluid and diesel fuel under pressure, which can penetrate the skin and eyes. NEVER use your hands to search for hydraulic fluid leaks; use a piece of paper or cardboard. Escaping fluid under pressure can be invisible and can penetrate skin and cause serious injury. If any fluid is injected into your skin, get immediate medical attention. Injected fluid MUST be surgically removed or gangrene may result.
- Never fill the fuel tank with the engine running, while smoking or when near open flame.
- Wipe up fuel spills immediately.
- Keep body, jewelry and clothing away from moving parts, electrical contacts, hot parts and exhaust.
- Wear eye protection when servicing the machine.
- Lead-acid batteries produce flammable and explosive gas. Keep arcs, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco away from batteries.
- Batteries contain acid, which can burn eyes and skin on contact. Wear protective clothing. If acid contacts body, flush well with water. For eye contact, flush well with water and get immediate medical attention.

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# **Maintenance Label Symbols**

Symbol	Assembly	Explanation
	General	Visual check
	General	Lubrication instructions
TO N	Fuel system	Drain condensation water
	Fuel system	Replace the fuel filter; clean the fuel pre-filter
	Radiator	Check the coolant level
	Radiator	Change coolant
1	Engine	Check valve clearance; adjust if necessary
	Engine	Check engine oil level
	Engine	Change engine oil
0	Engine	Replace oil filter
*6	Engine	Check V-belt tension
	Travel drive	Change final drive oil
PQ)	Travel drive	Check final drive oil level
mm inm	Undercarriage	Check track tension
	Hydraulic system	Check hydraulic oil level
	Hydraulic system	Change hydraulic oil
	Hydraulic system	Replace hydraulic oil filter; replace hydraulic reservoir breather filter
	Radiator fins	Clean radiator fins
*	Heating, air conditioning	Replace the cab air filter

# **Maintenance Label**



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## **MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

The following service schedule is a recommended. Maintenance work must be done at regular intervals. Failure to perform scheduled maintenance work will result in excessive wear and early machine failures. The following service schedule is a recommended.

## Check, Clean and Inspect

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Engine oil level	Х					х	
Engine coolant level	Х					Х	
Hydraulic oil level	Х					Х	
Inspect engine/hydraulic oil radiator and air conditioning condenser for dirt/debris; clean if necessary	Х					х	
Inspect cooling system, heating and hoses for leaks and pressure (visual check)	Х					х	
Inspect air filter for damage	Х					Х	
Inspect water separator pre-filter; drain water	х					Х	
Inspect V-belt condition and tension	Х					Х	
Inspect exhaust system for damage	Х					Х	
Gearbox oil level		Х				Х	
Check battery electrolyte; fill with distilled water if necessary.		х				Х	
Clean battery				х		Х	
Clean water separator				х			Х
Replace cab air filter for heating and air conditioning				х			Х
Empty diesel fuel tank <sup>a</sup>				х			Х
Inspect alternator, starter and electrical connections, bearing play and function				Х			Х
Preheating system and electrical connections				Х			Х
Check engine valve clearance; set if necessary					Х		Х
Fuel injection pump, injection and pressure, injection nozzles and valves					Х		Х
Check injection timing; adjust if necessary					Х		х
Inspect pilot control valve filter/restrictor; clean/replace if necessary					Х		
Clean drain holes in cab/canopy					Х		Х

a. After emptying the tank, water must be removed and air must be purged from the fuel system before use. See "Fuel Shut-off Valve and Water Separator" on page 4-14 and "Purging Air from the Fuel System" on page 4-14.

## Check, Clean & Inspect (Cont.)

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Inspect tracks for cracks or cuts	Х					Х	
Check track tension; adjust if necessary	Х					Х	
Inspect cylinder piston rods for damage	Х					Х	
Ensure bucket and attachment pins are secure and locked	Х					Х	
Inspect hydraulic line clamps for tightness/damage	Х					Х	
Clean hydraulic couplings/dirt build-up on the hydraulic system dust caps	Х					Х	
Grease central lubrication system	Х					Х	
Inspect engine cover gas strut	Х					Х	
Ensure warning decals and Operator's		х		х		х	х
Manual are in place <sup>a</sup>							
Inspect insulating mats in the engine compartment <sup>a</sup>		×		Х			Х
Check indicator lights for correct function <sup>a</sup>		х		Х			Х
Inspect cab/canopy tilt lock/support components <sup>a</sup>		х		х			Х
Check fasteners for tightness <sup>a</sup>		Х		Х			Х
Check primary relief valve pressure <sup>a</sup>		х		х			Х
Check bearing play on tread rollers, track carrier rollers and front idlers				х			х
Check air filter restriction indicator				х			Х

a. Check after first 50 hrs; every 500 hrs thereafter.

# Fluid and Filter Changes

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Engine oil		x <sup>a</sup>	x <sup>b</sup>	Х			Х
Engine oil filter		x <sup>a</sup>	Х				Х
Fuel filter		xc		х			Х
Hydraulic oil filter insert		xc		х			Х
Gearbox oil		x <sup>d</sup>			Х		Х
Hydraulic oil					Х		Х
Breather-hydraulic oil tank					Х		Х
Engine coolant					Х		Х
Air filter element when indicator light comes on						х	

- a. Change after first 50 hrs; every 500 hrs thereafter.
- b. Dusty work environment, high temperature, high rate of hammer use, and similar intensive use conditions.
- c. Change after first 50 hrs; every 500 hrs thereafter.
- d. Change after first 50 hrs; every 1000 hrs thereafter.

# **Cab Air Conditioning**

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Test air conditioning function		Х					Х
Check dehumidifier for corrosion		х					х
Replace cab air filter				Х			Х
Check refrigerant				Х			Х
Replace dehumidifier <sup>a</sup>					Х		Х
Replace compressor oil <sup>a</sup>					Х		Х

a. Replace every 1000 hrs or once every 2 years, whichever comes first.

## **Cab Functional Checks**

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Lights, signaling system, audible warning system <sup>a</sup>		Х					Х
Heating function <sup>a</sup>		х					Х

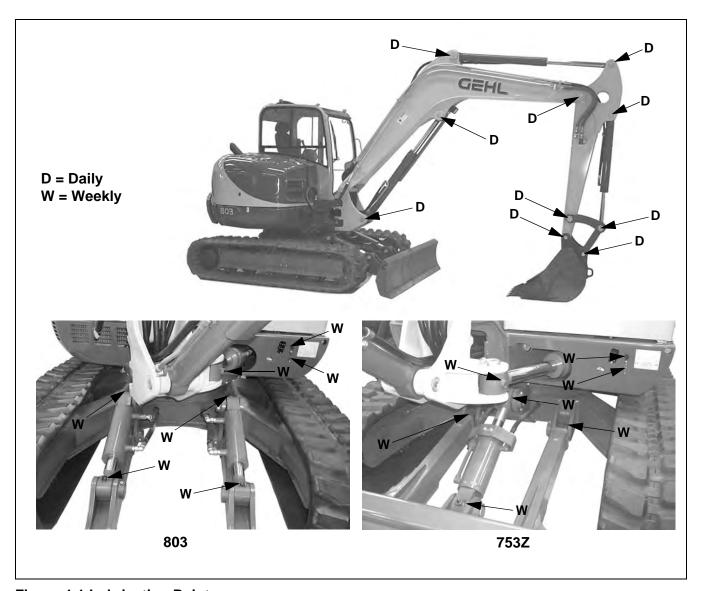
a. Operate weekly.

# **Leakage Checks**

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Inspect hydraulic lines/hoses for tight- ness, leaking, or chafing	Х					Х	
Engine and hydraulic system components	х					х	
Cooling and heating circuit components	Х					Х	
Traveling drive components	Х					Х	

# Lubrication

Service Activity	Daily	Every 50 Hours	Every 250 Hours	Every 500 Hours	Every 1000 Hours	Customer	Dealer
Dozer blade	х					Х	
Swivel console	х					Х	
Boom	х					Х	
Dipper arm	Х					Х	
Attachments	х					Х	
Chassis (front of undercarriage)	Х					Х	



**Figure 4-1 Lubrication Points** 

#### **Recommended Lubricants**

#### **Engine Oil**

## **IMPORTANT**

Be sure to read the engine manual supplied with this machine for detailed engine specifications.

See "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4 for engine oil specifications.

#### **Hydraulic Oil**

See "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4 for hydraulic oil specifications.

#### **Swing Ring**

Lubricate with a heavy-duty lithium complex grease with 3% molybdenum disulfide, such as Chevron RPM Heavy Duty Grease No. 2, Mobilgrease Moly 52 or BP Energrease Moly EP2.

#### **Final Drive Unit**

An EP grade gear oil that conforms to API GL5, such as Chevron Delo Gear 80W-90 or BP Transgear 80W-90 is required.

#### **Swing Gear Unit**

An EP grade gear oil that conforms to API GL5, such as Chevron Delo Gear 80W-90 or BP Transgear 80W-90 is required.

#### **Lubrication Points**

See Figure 4-1 on page 4-8

Grease all lubrications points using a heavy-duty lithium complex grease with 3% molybdenum disulfide, such as Chevron RPM Heavy Duty Grease No. 2, Mobilgrease Moly 52 or BP Energrease Moly EP2.

#### Ranges of Applications

From –4° F to +104° F (-20° C to + 40° C) outside temperature.

#### **Engine**

#### **Checking Engine Oil Level**

## **IMPORTANT**

See "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4 for engine oil grade. To prevent damage to the engine, only use the engine oils specified, or oils of equivalent quality and grade.

To check the engine oil, the machine must be on a level surface with the engine turned off. Check the oil level before starting the engine or at least five minutes after shutting off the engine.

- 1. Open the engine cover.
- 2. Check the engine oil level using the dipstick (1) located at front of the engine. See Figure 4-2.
- 3. Add oil if required through the oil filler neck (3). See Figure 4-2.
- 4. Drain excess oil if required. See "Changing Engine Oil and Filter" on page 4-10.

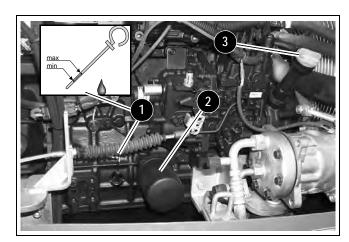


Figure 4-2 Oil Dipstick and Filter Locations

**Note:** The marks on the dipstick indicate the minimum and maximum oil levels.

#### **Changing Engine Oil and Filter**

1. Perform the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2, but do not allow the engine to fully cool; warm oil will drain more completely.

## **IMPORTANT**

The machine must be postioned on a level surface for the oil to drain completely.

- 2. Open the engine cover.
- 3. Position a waste oil collection container under engine oil pan.
- Remove the drain plug from the oil pan and allow the oil to drain into the waste oil collection container.

## **IMPORTANT**

Dispose of waste engine oil according to environmental laws or take to a recycling center for proper disposal. DO NOT pour waste engine oil onto the ground or down a drain.

5. Remove the oil filter (2), using a filter wrench as necessary.

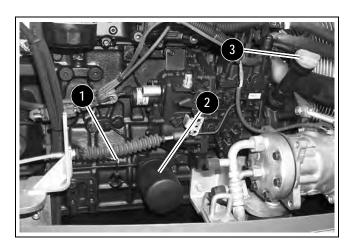


Figure 4-3 Oil Filter Location

- 6. Clean the filter housing surface. Put a film of clean oil on the filter gasket. Install the new filter and tighten 1/2 rotation past where the filter contacts the filter mounting surface.
- 7. Reinstall the drain plug.
- 8. Clean the area around the oil filler cap.
- 9. Remove the oil filler cap (3) and raise the oil dipstick (1) slightly to allow any trapped air to escape.
- 10. Pour in new oil. Crankcase capacity is 10.8 qts. (10.2 L). Do NOT fill crankcase above the MAX mark on the dipstick.
- 11. Reinstall oil filler cap.
- 12. Wait about 3 minutes to allow the oil to run into the oil sump and check the oil level according to "Checking Engine Oil Level" on page 4-9.
- 13. Start the engine and let it run for several minutes. Watch the engine oil light on the control panel. The light should turn off after several seconds. If it does not, shut off the engine, determine the cause and fix the problem before restarting the engine.
- 14. Stop the engine and check for leaks at the oil filter and oil drain plug.
- 15. Check the oil level again and add oil if necessary.

#### **Air Cleaner Service**

- 1. Perform the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.
- 2. The air cleaner is located under the engine cover. Press the engine cover release button and raise the engine cover.
- 3. Release the bow clips (1) to remove the air cleaner cover and gasket (2). See Figure 4-4.
- 4. Carefully remove outer air cleaner element (3). See Figure 4-4. Carefully remove inner air cleaner element (3). Clean the inside of the air cleaner housing components with a lint-free cloth. Clean all contamination, dirt and dust from inside the upper and lower air cleaner housing and cover.
- 5. Replace both the inner and outer air cleaner elements when the indicator light comes on. See "Fluid and Filter Changes" on page 4-6.
- 6. Reinstall air cleaner elements (3, 4), gasket and air cleaner cover (2). Fasten bow clips (1).
- 7. Close and secure engine cover.

## **IMPORTANT**

Do not knock the element against a solid object to remove dust. The element may become distorted and damaged.

# **IMPORTANT**

Do not operate engine without the air cleaner components installed or damage to the engine could occur.

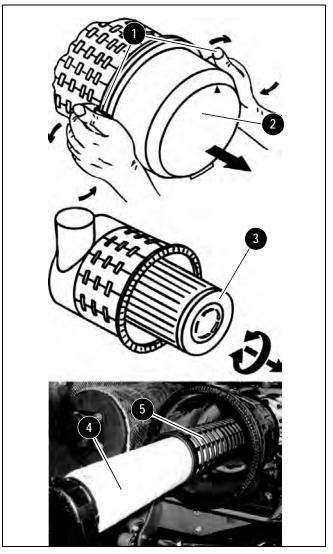


Figure 4-4 Air Filter Service

## **Fuel System**

#### Filling the Fuel Tank

# **A** WARNING

Stop the engine and allow it to cool before filling the fuel tank. NO SMOKING! Failure to obey warnings can cause an explosion or fire.

The fuel level in the tank is indicated by the fuel gauge (1) on the console. See Figure 4-5.

The fuel filler cap (2) is located on the left rear of the machine behind the cab. To fill the tank, remove the fuel filler cap (2) by using the ignition key to unlock the cap. See Figure 4-5. Fill the fuel tank with clean diesel fuel with a cetane rating over 45. After fueling, re-install fuel cap.

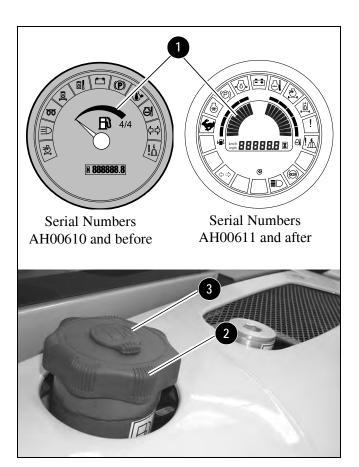


Figure 4-5 Fuel Gauge & Fuel Filler Cap

## **IMPORTANT**

Unless draining fuel tank for servicing, never operate the machine until the fuel tank is completely empty. The fuel system has to be bled of air whenever the fuel tank is run empty. Always fill the fuel tank after use.

## **IMPORTANT**

When using the machine in cold weather, it is important to use the proper fuel blend to prevent fuel "gelling". See the engine operator's manual for fuel blend information related to temperature. Fuel gelling can permanently clog the fuel filter and water separator elements, requiring replacement.



Always clean up spilled fuel and oil. Keep heat, flames, sparks and lighted tobacco away from fuel and oil. Failure to use care around combustibles can cause explosion or fire, which can result in injury or death.

# DANGER

When handling fuel, there is a high risk of fire. Never work on the fuel system around open flames or sparks. DO NOT smoke when working on the fuel system or refueling. Before refueling, turn off the engine and remove the ignition key. Do not refuel in closed rooms. Wipe up fuel spills immediately. Keep the machine clean to reduce the risk of fire.

#### **Fuel Filter**

# **A** WARNING

Use care to catch any spilled fuel when servicing the fuel filter. Spilled fuel can cause a fire.

The fuel filter is located behind and below the engine cover.

- 1. Perform the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.
- 2. Twist the fuel shut-off valve lever (2, Figure 4-6) on the water separator clockwise to the "OFF" position.



Figure 4-6 Fuel Shut-off Valve, Fuel Pre-filter and Water Separator

- 3. Clean dirt from the housing and unscrew the fuel filter element (1, Figure 4-7).
- 4. Remove and discard old filter element properly.
- 5. Clean around the filter housing.
- 6. Coat the seal on the new fuel filter with clean engine oil.
- 7. Install the new fuel filter and tighten 1/2 rotation past where the filter contacts the filter mounting surface.
- 8. Twist the fuel shut-off valve (2, Figure 4-6) on the water separator counter-clockwise to the "ON" position.

The fuel system must be purged of air after changing the fuel filter, or if the fuel tank has been run dry. See "Purging Air from the Fuel System" on page 4-14.

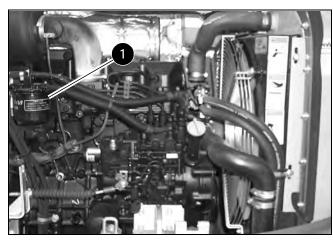


Figure 4-7 Fuel Filter

#### **Fuel Shut-off Valve and Water Separator**

If water is seen in the plastic water separator bowl or the indicator ring rises to position (3), the water will need to be drained. See Figure 4-8.

**Note:** The water separator is located behind the engine underneath the engine cover.

- 1. Perform the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.
- 2. Twist the fuel shut-off valve lever (2, Figure 4-8) on the water separator clockwise to the "OFF" position.

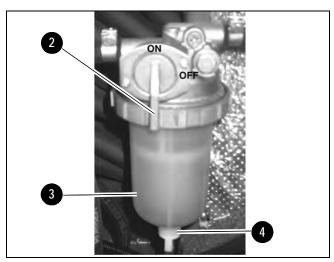


Figure 4-8 Fuel Shut-off Valve and Water Separator

- 3. Unscrew plug (4) and collect the water that drains out of the bottom of the water separator. Allow water to drain until the indicator ring returns to the bottom of the water separator.
- 4. Tighten plug (4) and discard fuel/water according to local regulations. DO NOT pour fluids onto the ground or down a drain.
- 5. Twist the fuel shut-off valve (2) on the water separator to the (ON) position.

#### Purging Air from the Fuel System



DO NOT air bleed a hot engine. Spilled fuel can cause a fire.

Starting from the fuel tank, the fuel system runs through the water separator, fuel filter, fuel injection pump and high pressure piping to the fuel injection nozzles. If the fuel tank is run dry, or if the fuel filter, water separator or fuel lines are replaced, trapped air must be removed, or bled, from the fuel system.

Bleed air from the fuel system according to the following steps:

- 1. Fill the fuel tank.
- 2. Make sure that the valve on the water separator (2, Figure 4-8) is in the "open" (ON) position.
- 3. Turn the ignition key to the "I" (ON) position.
- 4. Wait about five minutes while the fuel system automatically bleeds itself.
- 5. Start the engine.

If the engine runs smoothly and then stops, or if it does not run smoothly, switch off the engine and bleed the system again as described in this procedure. If the engine still does not run smoothly, contact your dealer.

# **Coolant System**

#### **Checking Coolant Level**

**Note:** *Engine must be cold.* 

- 1. Perform the "Mandatory Safety Shutdown Procedure" on page 2-2.
- 2. Open the engine cover.
- 3. Check the coolant level in the expansion reservoir. See (1), Figure 4-9.
- 4. If low, (2), Figure 4-9 remove cap and overflow tube.
- 5. Fill reservoir to FULL line (1). Refer to "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4 for the correct coolant type and to "Coolant Compound Table" on page 1-8 for the correct coolant mixture. Replace the reservoir cap.

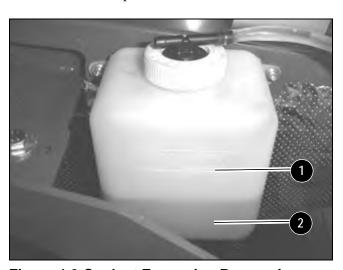


Figure 4-9 Coolant Expansion Reservoir

# **Electrical System**



Inspect and check the machine's electrical equipment at regular intervals. Defects, such as loose connections or scorched cables much be repaired before using the machine.

Work on the machine's electrical system must be done only by a trained technician.

#### **Fuses**

The fuse panel is located on the right-hand console, toward the rear, below the switches. See (1) Figure 4-10.

To replace a fuse, remove the panel cover and pull the old fuse from the socket. Install a new fuse of the same rating and re-install the fuse panel cover.

# **IMPORTANT**

Blown fuses indicate electrical system malfunctions. Determine what caused the fuse to blow and repair the problem before replacing the fuse.

Refer to page 1-6 for fuse identification.

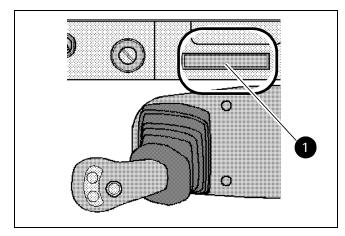


Figure 4-10 Fuse Panel

# **Battery**



Before servicing the battery or electrical system, disconnect battery from the electrical system by turning the battery disconnect switch to the "OFF" position.

Explosive gas is produced while a battery is in use or being charged. Keep flames or sparks away from the battery area. ALWAYS charge the battery in a wellventilated area.

Do not jump-start a frozen battery, or it may explode. A discharged battery can freeze at 14°F (10°C).

To prevent short circuits keep metal parts on your clothing and metal watchbands away from the positive (+) terminal of the battery.

# WARNING

Never lay a metal object on top of a battery, because a short circuit can result. Battery acid is harmful to skin and fabrics. If acid spills, follow these first-aid tips:

Immediately remove any clothing on which acid spill.

- If acid contacts skin, rinse the affected area with running water for 10 to 15 minutes.
- If acid contacts eyes, flood eyes with running water for 10 to 15 minutes. See a doctor at once. Never use any medication or eye drops unless prescribed by the doctor.
- To neutralize acid spilled on the floor, use one of the following mixtures:
  - 0.5 kg (1 lbs.) of baking soda in 4 L (4 qts.) of water.
  - 0.5 L (0.5 qts.) of household ammonia in
     4 L (4 qts.) of water.

In case of acid contact, wash immediately with water for several minutes. In case of eye contact, get medical attention immediately.

The battery is located to the side of the cab near the engine cover. See (1, Figure 4-11). Refer to Page 3-17 in Chapter 3 for how to tilt and secure the cab to gain access the battery.

Battery cables must be clean and tight. Remove any acid or corrosion from the battery and cables using a sodium bicarbonate and water solution. Cover the battery terminals and cable ends with battery-saver grease.

**Note:** The battery is maintenance-free and requires no other service.

**Using a Booster Battery (Jump-Starting)** 

# **A** WARNING

- Keep arcs, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco away from batteries. When jump-starting from a booster battery, make final connection (negative) at engine frame away from the battery. A discharged battery can create flammable gases. Sparks or open flames can cause this gas, and the battery, to explode.
- DO NOT jump-start or charge a frozen battery. Warm battery to 60°F (16°C) before connecting to a charger. Unplug charger before connecting or disconnecting cables to battery.

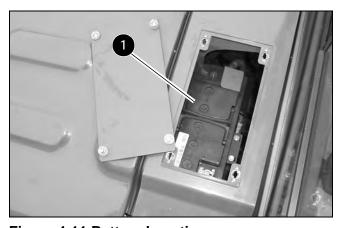


Figure 4-11 Battery Location

# **IMPORTANT**

When jump-starting from another machine, be sure the second machine is not running while using the unstarted machine's glow plugs. High voltage spikes from a running machine can burn out the glow plugs.

# **IMPORTANT**

Damage to the electrical system can occur if:

- the engine is operated with the battery cables disconnected,
- the battery cables are connected when using a fast charger or when welding on the machine (When welding on the machine, remove both cables from the battery and ground the welder to the machine frame near the repair area), or
- battery booster cables are connected incorrectly.

Use care when jump-starting the machine. The booster battery must be 12-volt.

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Ensure the battery disconnection switch is turned to the "ON" position.
- 2. Turn ignition key to the "OFF" position.
- 3. Remove the battery cover by loosening the four 1/4-turn bolts (1).
- 4. First, connect one end of the cable to the positive (+) terminal on the booster battery. Connect the other end of the same cable to the positive (+) terminal on the battery of the machine to be started.
- 5. Connect one end of the second cable to the negative (-) terminal on the booster battery. Connect the other end of the same cable to the frame of the machine to be started.
- 6. Start the engine. After the engine is running, remove the cable connected to the frame first. Disconnect the other cable from the machine battery positive (+) terminal.
- 7. Re-install the battery cover.

# **IMPORTANT**

DO NOT allow the cable ends to touch when removing them from the batteries. Arcs and direct short circuits can cause severe damage to the electrical system of the running machine.

# **Hydraulic System**

# **WARNING**

Hydraulic reservoir is under pressure. Never use your hands to search for hydraulic fluid leaks; use a piece of paper or cardboard to find leaks. Escaping fluid under pressure can be invisible and can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury. If any fluid is injected into your skin, get immediate medical attention Injected fluid MUST be surgically removed or gangrene may result.

## **Checking Hydraulic Oil Level**

- 1. Run the machine until the hydraulic system has reached operating temperature. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Fully extend the bucket and boom, retract the arm and position as shown in Figure 4-12.
- 3. Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 4. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.

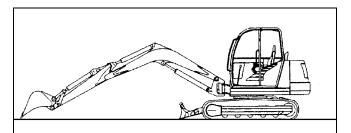


Figure 4-12 Checking and Changing Hydraulic Oil

- 5. Check the hydraulic oil level sight gauge (1, Figure 4-13). Oil level should be approximately at the point shown at (2).
- 6. If the hydraulic oil level is low:
  - a. Open the engine cover.
  - b. Slowly open the hydraulic oil filler cap (4) and then remove the cap.

**Note:** A short hex shaft is included in the tool kit. This tool is designed to be used with a standard ratchet wrench to open the filler cap.

c. With the filter insert (5) in place, add hydraulic oil until the oil level is between the marks on sight gauge (1).

Machine Condition	Temperature	Oil Level
Before Operation	Between 50 and 86°F (10 and 30°C)	LOW mark
Normal Operation	Between 122 and 194°F (50 and 90°C)	FULL mark

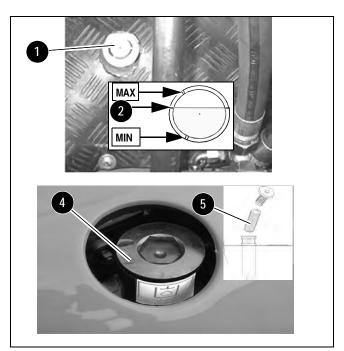


Figure 4-13 Hydraulic Reservoir

# **A** WARNING

Do not overfill the hydraulic reservoir. Damage to the system, high-pressure leaks and injury can result.

- d. Re-install the hydraulic oil filter insert and filler cap and tighten them securely.
- e. Start the engine and let it idle for a few minutes.

f. Check hydraulic functions. Repeat this procedure to recheck the hydraulic oil level. Add oil if necessary.

#### **Changing Hydraulic Oil**

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Fully extend the bucket and boom, retract the arm and position as shown in Figure 4-12.
- 3. Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 4. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 5. Slowly open the hydraulic oil filler cap (4). Remove the cap and the filter insert (5).

# **IMPORTANT**

The filler cap and filter assembly will be removed over the rear cover. Protect the rear cover from spilled or dripping hydraulic fluid.

6. Open the reservoir drain plug and drain the oil into a suitable container. Re-install the drain plug and tighten securely.

# **IMPORTANT**

Always dispose of hydraulic fluids according to local regulations or take to a recycling center for proper disposal. DO NOT pour onto the ground or down a drain.

- 7. Reinstall filter insert (5).
- 8. Fill reservoir with hydraulic oil until oil level is between marks on sight gauge.
- 9. Re-install the hydraulic reservoir cover (2) and tighten securely.
- 10. Start the engine and let it idle for a few minutes. Cycle all front attachment hydraulic functions and check the hydraulic oil level according to "Checking Hydraulic Oil Level" on page 4-18.

# **Hydraulic Cooling System**

The hydraulic system uses a hydraulic cooler to keep the hydraulic fluid at the proper temperature. The cooler is located inside the engine compartment near the engine radiator. Inspect the cooler for leaks or damage.

#### **Pilot Valve**

# **IMPORTANT**

Hydraulic oil contamination can damage pilot valve control spools. Check the pilot control valve filter/restrictor every 1000 hours and clean if necessary. Replace the filter/restrictor if it is damaged in any way.

#### **Checking Pilot Control Valve Filter:**

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Fully extend the bucket and boom, retract the arm and position as shown in Figure 4-12.
- 3. Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 4. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 5. To relieve pressure, slowly open the hydraulic oil filler cap (4). Re-tighten the filler cap after relieving pressure.
- 6. Tilt the cab/canopy according to "Tilting the Cab" on page 3-17.
- 7. Disconnect hose (A, Figure 4-14) connected to the pilot control filter/restrictor fitting (B) on the side of a joystick control valve.

# **IMPORTANT**

Hydraulic oil will leak during this procedure. Place absorbent material under valve to catch leaking oil. Always dispose of hydraulic fluids according to environmental laws or take to a recycling center for proper disposal.

8. Disconnect the pilot control filter/restrictor fitting (B) from the valve.

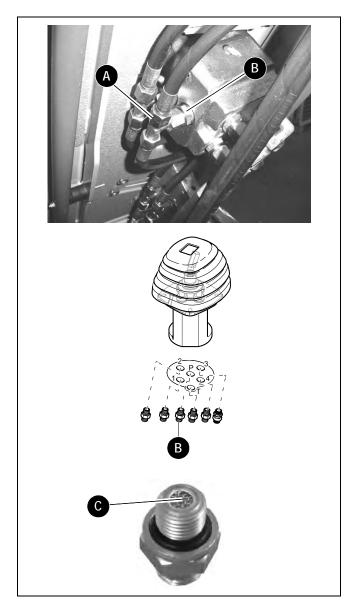


Figure 4-14 Pilot Control Filter/Restrictor

- 9. Check the filter/restrictor fitting filter screen (C) for contamination/dirt and clean if necessary. Replace the filter/restrictor if it is damaged.
- 10. Replace filter/restrictor fitting (B) back into the valve, and reconnect hose to the filter/restrictor (C). Tighten securely.
- 11. Repeat steps 7-10 for the other joystick control valve.
- 12. Tilt the cab/canopy down according to "*Tilting the Cab*" on page 3-17.

#### **Hydraulic Hose Maintenance**

# WARNING

- Hydraulic hoses and connections must be inspected by a trained technician before the first use of the machine, and at least annually thereafter, for leaks and/or damage.
- Leakages and damaged pressure lines must be immediately repaired or replaced by an authorized service center.
- Never use your hands to check for suspected hydraulic leaks. Always use a piece of wood or cardboard.
- Leaks from hydraulic hoses or pressurized components can be difficult to see, but pressurized oil can have enough force to pierce the skin and cause serious injury.
- Obtain immediate medical attention if pressurized oil pierces the skin. Failure to obtain prompt medical assistance could result in gangrene or other serious damage to tissue.
- Always relieve hydraulic system pressure before performing any maintenance on the machine. Do not tighten leaking connections when the hydraulic system is under pressure.
- Never weld or solder damaged or leaking pressure lines and/or screw connections. Always replace damaged hydraulic components.
- Hydraulic hoses must be replaced every six years from the date of manufacture, even if they do not appear damaged. The date of manufacture (month or quarter and year) is indicated on hydraulic hoses. See Figure 4-15.

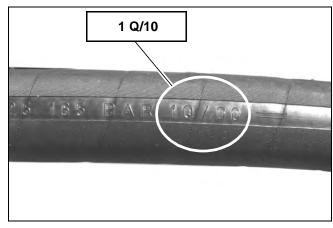


Figure 4-15 Hydraulic Hose Manufacture Date

# **Checking & Adjusting V-belt Tension**

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 3. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 4. Wait for the engine to cool and then open the engine cover and carefully inspect the V-belt (1) for damage. If the V-belt (1) is damaged, have it replaced by your dealer.
- 5. Press on the center of a span on the V-belt to check deflection. The belt deflection should be no more than 5/16" (8 mm). See Figure 4-16.
- 6. If deflection is more than 5/16" (8 mm):
  - a. Loosen adjustment bolt (2) and rotate the alternator (3) in the direction of the arrow until reaching the correct V-belt tension.
  - b. Tighten adjustment bolt (2) and re-check V-belt tension. Close the engine cover when finished.

# Later machines shown – early machines similar approx. 5/16" (8 mm)

Figure 4-16 Checking & Adjusting V-belt Tension

# Checking & Adjusting Air Conditioning V-belt Tension

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground. Move the joysticks in all directions to verify the hydraulic system is de-pressurized.
- 3. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 4. Wait for the engine to cool and then open the engine cover and carefully inspect the V-belt (1) for damage. If the air conditioning V-belt (1) is damaged, have it replaced by your dealer.
- 5. Press on the center of a span on the air conditioning V-belt to check deflection. The belt deflection should be no more than 11/32" (9 mm). See Figure 4-17.
- 6. If deflection is more than 11/32" (9 mm):
  - a. Loosen jam nut (2) and rotate the adjustment nut (3) until reaching the correct V-belt tension.
  - b. Tighten jam nut (2) and re-check V-belt tension. Close the engine cover when finished.

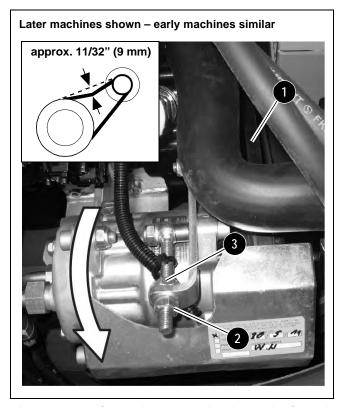


Figure 4-17 Checking & Adjusting Air Conditioning V-belt Tension

## Track System

#### **Track Cleaning**

If dirt or mud builds up in the track frame, raise the track frame using the boom and dipper arm and then rotate the elevated track to clean it. Be sure that the build-up has been cleared from the track. Repeat for the other track. See Figure 4-18.

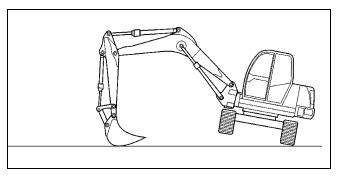


Figure 4-18 Track Cleaning

**Note:** When using the boom and dipper arm to lift any portion of the machine, roll the bucket until the round base is against the ground. The angle of the arm to the boom should be at 90°. See Figure 4-18.

### **Changing Final Drive Oil**

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface with final drive plugs positioned as shown in "Drain Position," Figure 4-19. Turn off the engine.
- 2. Open both plugs and drain oil into a suitable container. Re-install plugs.

# **IMPORTANT**

Always dispose of oil according to local regulations or take to a recycling center for proper disposal. DO NOT pour fluids onto the ground or down a drain.

- 3. Start the engine and move the machine slightly until plugs are positioned as shown in "Fill Position," Figure 4-19.
- 4. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 5. Remove both screw plugs. Pour fresh oil (Chevron Delo Gear 80W-90 or BP Transgear 80W-90) into the top hole until oil starts to run out of the bottom hole.

6. Re-install both plugs securely.

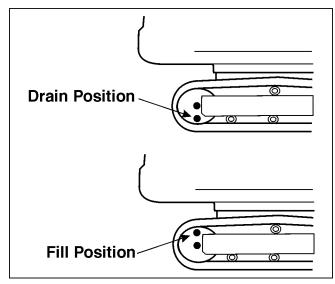


Figure 4-19 Track Final Drive Oil Change

#### **Checking and Adjusting Track Tension**

1. Position the machine on a level surface. On machines equipped with rubber tracks, position the excavator so the tracks are positioned with mark (1, Figure 4-20) on the top span of the track in between drive pinion (2) and track tension roller (3).

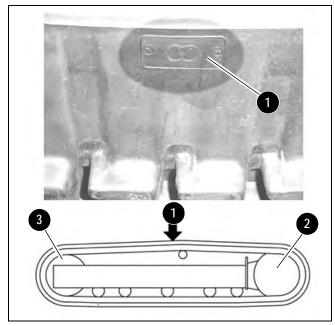


Figure 4-20 Rubber Track Tensioning Positioning

- 2. Use the bucket and dozer blade to lift the unit up until tracks are just clear of the ground as shown in Figure 4-21.
- 3. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 4. Measure the clearance at the second track roller from the drive gear. Deflection should be between 3/4"-1" (20-25 mm).
- 5. Using a grease gun, pump grease into the fitting until the track is properly tensioned.

**Note:** A grease gun is supplied with machine tool kit.

# **IMPORTANT**

Do not over-tension the track. If track is too tight, loosen the grease fitting to relieve pressure.



Do not loosen grease fitting more than two turns, or grease fitting could be ejected under pressure and cause injury. Keep your face and body away from the fitting when loosening.

- 6. Start the engine. Lower the unit to the ground.
- 7. Repeat this procedure for the other track.

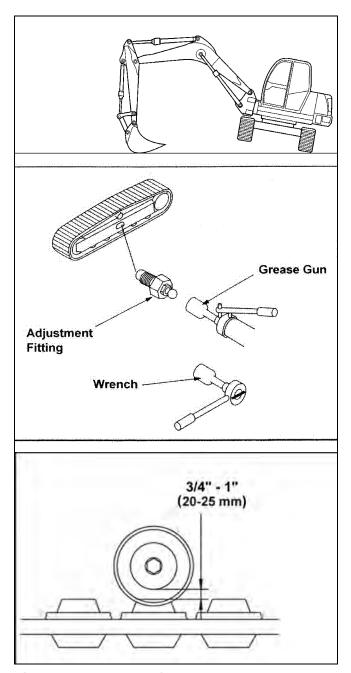


Figure 4-21 Track Adjustment

#### Windshield Washer Fluid

- 1. Shut off the engine. Remove the ignition key and take it with you. Lock-out the controls by raising left control console.
- 2. Open the engine cover
- 3. Locate the windshield washer reservoir (Figure 4-22), in front of the radiator.
- 4. Open the windshield washer reservoir cover (1, Figure 4-22) and fill the tank with windshield washer fluid.
- 5. Close the windshield washer tank cover securely.
- 6. Close and latch the engine cover.



Figure 4-22 Windshield Washer Fluid Reservoir

## LONG-TERM STORAGE

If storing the machine for a long period (longer than two months), perform the procedures in this section.

# **Before Storage**

- 1. Wash the entire machine.
- 2. Lubricate all grease fittings. See "Lubrication" on page 4-8.
- 3. Change the engine oil and filter according to "Changing Engine Oil and Filter" on page 4-11.
- 4. Add a fuel stabilizer to the fuel system according to the fuel supplier's recommendations.
- 5. Remove and fully charge the battery. Store the battery in a cool, dry location.
- If the machine will not be operated for a month or longer, apply grease to all exposed hydraulic cylinder rod areas or retract all cylinders so rod exposure is minimized. Apply grease to any remaining rod areas.
- 7. If the ambient temperature (at any time during the storage period) is expected to drop below freezing, make sure the engine coolant is either completely drained from the radiator and engine block or that the amount of anti-freeze in it is adequate to keep the coolant from freezing. Refer to the engine manual for anti-freeze recommendations and quantities.
- 8. Protect against extreme weather conditions such as moisture, sunlight and temperature.

#### **During Storage**

About once each month, connect the battery and check all fluid levels to make sure they are at the proper level before starting the engine.

Start the engine and allow it to run until it warms up and then move the machine a short distance to help relubricate the internal parts. Run the engine until the battery has a chance to recharge and then shut it off.

# **IMPORTANT**

If it is desired to operate the hydraulic cylinders at this time, BE SURE to wipe the protective grease (and any adhering dirt) from the cylinder rods prior to starting the engine. After operating, BE SURE to recoat the cylinder rods with grease if the machine is to be returned to storage.

# **After Storage**

After removing the machine from storage and before operating it, perform the following:

- 1. Replace and re-connect the battery.
- Wipe off grease (and any adhering dirt) from cylinder rods.
- 3. Check V-belt tension.
- 4. Check all fluid levels and top-off as necessary.
- 5. Start the engine. Observe all indicators. If all indicators are functioning properly and reading normally, move the machine outside.
- 6. When outside, park the machine and let the engine idle for at least five minutes.
- Shut off the engine and walk around machine. Make a visual inspection looking for evidence of leaks.
- 8. Review and re-familiarize yourself with all safety precautions starting on page 2-1.
- 9. Follow the starting and warm-up procedures according to starting on page 3-30.

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# **CHAPTER 5 – TROUBLESHOOTING**

# **ENGINE**

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Engine hard -starting or will	No fuel	Add fuel to tank; bleed air from fuel system.
not start	Incorrect engine oil SAE grade	Replace engine oil with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
	Incorrect fuel grade	Replace fuel with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
	Loose, or corroded starter circuit connections	Repair starter circuit; contact authorized service center
	Incorrect engine valve clearance	Adjust valve clearance; contact authorized service center
	Battery power insufficient	Charge battery or replace if necessary
	Fuel filter contaminated.	Clean fuel filter
	Malfunctioning fuel injector(s)	Repair fuel injector(s); contact authorized service center
	Glow plug system not working.	Replace glow plug system. Contact authorized repair center
	Starter not working / pinion fails to engage	Repair starter/pinion; contact authorized service center
Rough running engine	Incorrect fuel grade	Replace fuel with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
	Incorrect engine valve clearance	Adjust valve clearance; contact authorized service center
	Fuel line leakage	Replace fuel line; contact authorized service center
	Malfunctioning fuel injector(s)	Repair fuel injector(s); contact authorized service center.
Insufficient engine power	Fuel line leakage	Replace fuel line
	Air filter contaminated	Service air filter; see "Air Cleaner Service" on page 4-11
	Engine not at operating temperature	Warm up the engine
	Incorrect fuel grade	Replace fuel with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
	Incorrect engine valve clearance	Adjust valve clearance; contact authorized service center
	Oil level too high	Adjust oil level; see "Checking Engine Oil Level" on page 4-9
	Malfunctioning fuel injector(s)	Repair fuel injector(s); contact authorized service center
	Engine overheated.	Check cooling system

Problem		Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Engine overheats	Oil leve	el too low	Add engine oil; see "Checking Engine Oil Level" on page 4-9
	Fouled	oil cooler fins	Clean oil cooler; contact authorized service center
	Damaged fan. Damaged or loose V-belt		Replace the fan / service V-belt; see "Checking & Adjusting V-belt Tension" on page 4-22 or "Checking & Adjusting Air Conditioning V-belt Tension" on page 4-22; contact authorized service center
	Coolan	t level too low	Add coolant; see "Checking Coolant Level" on page 4-15
	Oil leve	el too high	Adjust oil level; see "Changing Engine Oil and Filter" on page 4-10
	Oil leve	el too low	Add engine oil; see "Checking Engine Oil Level" on page 4-10
	Malfund	ctioning fuel injector(s)	Repair fuel injector(s); contact authorized service center
High engine oil consumption	Oil level too high		Adjust oil level; see "Changing Engine Oil and Filter" on page 4-10
	Machine inclination too high		15° maximum inclination up and across slopes; 25° maximum inclination down slopes
	Incorrect engine oil SAE grade		Replace engine oil with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
Engine smoke	Blue	Oil level too high	Adjust oil level; see "Changing Engine Oil and Filter" on page 4-10
		Machine inclination too high	15° maximum inclination up and across slopes; 25° maximum inclination down slopes
	White	Incorrect fuel grade	Replace fuel with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
		Engine starting temperature too low	Wait for engine pre-heat cycle to complete before starting engine
		Incorrect engine valve clearance	Adjust valve clearance; contact authorized service center
		Malfunctioning fuel injector(s)	Repair fuel injector(s); contact authorized service center
	Black	Air filter contaminated	Service air filter; see "Air Cleaner Service" on page 4-11
		Incorrect engine valve clearance	Adjust valve clearance; contact authorized service center
		Malfunctioning fuel injector(s)	Repair fuel injector(s); contact authorized service center

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# **INDICATOR LAMPS**

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Engine oil pressure indicator light comes on during operation	Engine oil pressure too low	Stop engine immediately; check oil level and add oil if necessary; see "Checking Engine Oil Level" on page 4-10; if oil level is correct, oil pump may have failed
	Engine oil level too low	Add oil; "Checking Engine Oil Level" on page 4-10
	Oil pump not working	Replace oil pump. Contact authorized repair center
	Machine inclination too high	15° maximum inclination up and across slopes; 25° maximum inclination down slopes
	Incorrect engine oil SAE grade	Replace engine oil with proper grade; see "Fluid Capacities/Lubricants" on page 1-4
Water temperature display light comes on during operation (Engine overheating)	Coolant level too low	Add coolant; see "Checking Coolant Level" on page 4-15
	Fan blades rotating too slowly	Adjust v-belt tension; see "Checking & Adjusting V-belt Tension" on page 4-22 or "Checking & Adjusting Air Conditioning V-belt Tension" on page 4-22
	Air filter contaminated	Service air filter; see "Air Cleaner Service" on page 4-11
	Coolant system malfunction	Service cooling system; contact authorized service center
Battery voltage light comes on during operation	Alternator not charging properly / malfunctioning alternator	Adjust v-belt tension; see "Checking & Adjusting V-belt Tension" on page 4-22 or "Checking & Adjusting Air Conditioning V-belt Tension" on page 4-22; contact authorized service center
	Loose, or corroded charging circuit connections	Repair charging circuit; contact authorized service center
Fuel light comes on	Low fuel	Add fuel
Air filter light comes on	Air filter contaminated	Service air filter; see "Air Cleaner Service" on page 4-11

# **SEALS AND HOSES**

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Oil, coolant or fuel leakage	Loose hose connection	Tighten hose connections
under engine	Seals or hoses damaged	Change seals or hoses and check engine oil, engine coolant or fuel levels. Add engine oil, coolant or fuel if necessary
Hydraulic fluid losses from hydraulic system	Loose hose fittings	Tighten hose connections
	Seals, hoses or lines damaged	Service seals, hoses and/or lines; contact authorized service center

# **TRAVELING GEAR**

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Machine will not travel in any direction	Foreign object jammed in track	Remove object
	Gears not operative	Repair gears. Contact authorized repair center
Machine will not travel straight forward or backward	Foreign object jammed in track	Remove object
	Unequal track tension	Adjust track tension; see "Checking and Adjusting Track Tension" on page 4-24
	Travel valves damaged	Repair/replace valves. Contact authorized repair center

# **BUCKET, BOOM AND DOZER BLADE**

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Swing frame rotation malfunc-	Swing lock pin engaged	Release swing lock pin
tioning	Insufficient lubrication	Lubricate swing gear using remote grease fit- ting
Front end attachments do not work or work only at a low	Low hydraulic fluid level	Add hydraulic fluid; see "Checking Hydraulic Oil Level" on page 4-18
performance level	Low engine power	See "Engine" troubleshooting on page 5-1; contact authorized service center
	Engine to pump coupling or hydraulic pump damaged	Contact authorized service center
	Pressure limiting valves set too low	Contact authorized service center
	Hydraulic cylinder damaged	Contact authorized service center
	Control valves damaged	Contact authorized service center
Hydraulic cylinders lower too	Seals contaminated or damaged	Contact authorized service center
quickly	Heavy internal leakage at control spools	Contact authorized service center
	Secondary cartridge valves damaged	Contact authorized service center
Hydraulic lines overheat	Low hydraulic fluid level	Add hydraulic fluid; see "Checking Hydraulic Oil Level" on page 4-18
	Secondary cartridges set too low	Contact authorized service center
	Hydraulic fluid cooling system not in working order	Service hydraulic fluid cooling system; contact authorized service center

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# **ENGINE ERROR CODES**

#### Serial Numbers AH00611 and Up

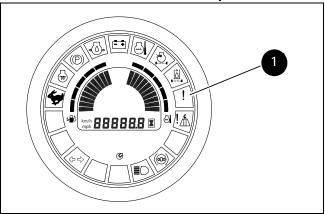


Figure 5-1 Engine Error Indicator

The engine error indicator (1) flashes when the onboard diagnostics detects an engine problem.

Certain engine problems can result in reduced engine RPM, the engine shutting down, or the engine failing to start.

# **Error Diagnostic Code Examples**

The specific engine error can be determined based on upon the number and duration of flashes displayed by the engine error indicator.

Figure 5-2 shows three possible engine error code examples. These examples correspond to the error codes shown in the Engine Diagnostic Codes Table, starting on page 5-6.

**Note:** As shown in Figure 5-2, a two-second "ignition on" flash, followed by a three-second "separator pause" before the error codes are displayed. Error codes are then repeated, separated by additional three second "separator pauses".

**Example 1**: Indicates a throttle problem, possibly a wiring error or a defective throttle lever sensor.

**Example 2**: Indicates an exhaust gas recirculation problem, possibly wiring/connection problems, cold starter solenoid valve or ECU errors.

**Example 3**: Indicates a combination of errors from Examples 1 and 2.

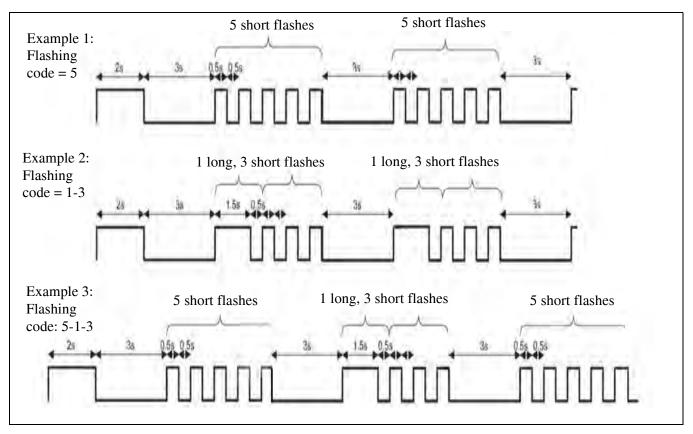


Figure 5-2 Error Code Diagnostic Examples

# **Engine Diagnostic Codes Table**

Flashing Code	Error Sender	Associated Component	Troubleshooting
7	Fuel injection pump regula-	Loose connector	Tighten connector
tor s	tor sensor	Wiring error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective sensor	Contact dealer
5	Throttle	Wiring error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective throttle lever sensor	Replace throttle lever sensor
4-1	ECU temperature sensor	Internal ECU error	Allow to cool down, contact dealer
		ECU temperature too high	
2-5	ECU temperature	ECU temperature too high	Allow to cool down
4	Coolant temperature sensor	Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective coolant temperature sensor	Replace sensor
3-6	Coolant temperature too	Overheated engine	Allow to cool down
	high	Low coolant	Add coolant
		Defective engine cooling system	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective coolant temperature sensor	Replace sensor
2-4	5-V sensor	Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
2-3	Battery voltage	Worn battery	Replace battery
		Oxidized battery terminals	Clean battery terminals
		Defective alternator	Replace alternator
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
6	Speed sensor	Loose connector	Tighten connector
		Defective starter	Replace starter
		Defective fuel injection	Contact dealer
		Battery voltage too low	Charge battery
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
1-1	Spare speed sensor (alter-	Loose connector	Tighten connector
	nator)	Defective wiring harness	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
9	Overs-peed	Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Engine runs at over-speed	Reduce engine RPMs, stop the machine
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer

Flashing Code	Error Sender	Associated Component	Troubleshooting
	Fuel injection pump regula-	Loose connector	Tighten the connector
	tor relay	Defective fuel injection pump	Contact dealer
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
1-5	Start relay	Loose connector	Tighten connector
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective start relay	Replace start relay
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
1-4	Cold starter	Loose connector	Tighten connector
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective cold starter solenoid valve	Contact dealer
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
1-3	Exhaust gas recirculation	Loose connector	Tighten connector
	valve	Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective stepping motor of exhaust gas recirculation valve	Contact dealer
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
2-1	Oil pressure	Loose connector	Tighten connector
	Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)	
		Defective oil pressure switch	Replace oil pressure switch
	Internal ECU error	Contact dealer	
3-3	Coolant temperature	Overheated engine	Allow to cool down
		Coolant level too low	Add coolant
		Defective engine cooling system	Check the engine cooling system
		Wiring harness error	Check and replace the defective component
		Defective coolant temperature sensor	Replace the sensor
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
8	Fuel injection pump regula-	Loose connector	Tighten connector
tor	tor	Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective regulator	Contact dealer
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
		Stuck regulator	Contact dealer
		Engine runs at over-speed	Reduce engine RPMs, stop the machine
4-1	ECU	Internal ECU error	Contact dealer

Flashing Code	Error Sender	Associated Component	Troubleshooting
1-6	Main relay	Loose connector	Tighten connector
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Defective main relay	Replace main relay
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
1-2	CAN connection	Battery voltage too low	Charge battery
		Loose connector	Tighten connector
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer
4-2	Antitheft protection	Battery voltage too low	Charge the battery
		Loose connector	Tighten connector
		Wiring harness error	Check/replace defective component(s)
		Internal ECU error	Contact dealer

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# **TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

Note: Use these torque values when tightening hardware (excluding: locknuts and self-tapping, thread forming and sheet metal screws) unless specified otherwise.

Hydraulic fittings with various seals (light application). All torque values are in lbft. (Nm) unless marked otherwise.						
Thread	Straight pipe fitting with thread and screwed plug (GE)			Non-return valve	Identification aid	
Tilleau	Sealing washer	Elastic seal	O-ring	with elastic seal	outside Ø	
M10X1.0	7 (9)	13 (18)	11 (15)	13 (18)	0.4 in. (10 mm)	
M12X1.5	15 (20)	18 (25)	18 (25)	18 (25)	0.5 in. (12 mm)	
M14X1.5	26 (35)	33 (45)	26 (35)	26 (35)	0.6 in. (14 mm)	
M16X1.5	33 (45)	41 (55)	30 (40)	37 (50)	0.6 in. (16 mm)	
M18X1.5	41 (55)	52 (70)	33 (45)	52 (70)	0.7 in. (18 mm)	
M22X1.5	48 (65)	92 (125)	44 (60)	92 (125)	0.9 in. (22 mm)	
M27X2.0	66 (90)	133 (180)	74 (100)	107 (145)	1.0 in. (27 mm)	
M33X2.0	111 (150)	229 (310)	118 (160)	155 (210)	1.3 in. (33 mm)	
M42X2.0	177 (240)	332 (450)	155 (210)	266 (360)	1.7 in. (42 mm)	
M48X2.0	214 (290)	398 (540)	192 (260)	398 (540)	1.9 in. (48 mm)	
G1/8A	7 (9)	13 (18)	11 (15)	13 (18)	0.4 in. (9.73 mm)	
G1/4A	26 (35)	26 (35)	22 (30)	26 (35)	0.5 in. (13.16 mm)	
G3/8A	33 (45)	52 (70)	33 (45)	37 (50)	0.7 in. (16.66 mm)	
G1/2A	48 (65)	66 (90)	41 (55)	48 (65)	0.8 in. (20.96 mm)	
G3/4A	66 (90)	133 (180)	74 (100)	103 (140)	1.0 in. (26.44 mm)	
G1A	111 (150)	229 (310)	118 (160)	140 (190)	1.3 in. (33.25 mm)	
G1 1/4A	177 (240)	332 (450)	155 (210)	266 (360)	1.7 in. (41.91 mm)	
G1 1/2A	214 (290)	398 (540)	192 (260)	398 (540)	1.9 in. (47.80 mm)	

Hydraulic fittings with various seals (heavy application). All torque values are in lbft. (Nm) unless marked otherwise.						
Thread	Straight pipe fitting with thread and screwed plug (GE)			Non-return valve	Identification aid	
Tilleau	Sealing washer	Elastic seal	O-ring	with elastic seal	outside Ø	
M12X1.5	15 (20)	26 (35)	26 (35)	26 (35)	0.5 in. (12 mm)	
M14X1.5	26 (35)	41 (55)	33 (45)	33 (45)	0.6 in. (14 mm)	
M16X1.5	33 (45)	52 (70)	41 (55)	41 (55)	0.6 in. (16 mm)	
M18X1.5	41 (55)	66 (90)	52 (70)	52 (70)	0.7 in. (18 mm)	
M20X1.5	41 (55)	92 (125)	59 (80)	74 (100)	0.8 in. (20 mm)	
M22X1.5	48 (65)	100 (135)	74 (100)	92 (125)	0.9 in. (22 mm)	
M27X2.0	66 (90)	133 (180)	125 (170)	100 (135)	1.0 in. (27 mm)	
M33X2.0	111 (150)	229 (310)	229 (310)	155 (210)	1.3 in. (33 mm)	
M42X2.0	177 (240)	332 (450)	243 (330)	266 (360)	1.7 in. (42 mm)	
M48X2.0	214 (290)	398 (540)	310 (420)	398 (540)	1.9 in. (48 mm)	
G1/8A	26 (35)	41 (55)	33 (45)	33 (45)	0.5 in. (13.16 mm)	
G1/4A	33 (45)	59 (80)	44 (60)	44 (60)	0.7 in. (16.66 mm)	
G3/8A	48 (65)	85 (115)	55 (75)	74 (100)	0.8 in. (20.96 mm)	
G1/2A	66 (90)	133 (180)	125 (170)	107 (145)	1.0 in. (26.44 mm)	
G3/4A	111 (150)	229 (310)	229 (310)	192 (260)	1.3 in. (33.25 mm)	
G1A	177 (240)	332 (450)	243 (330)	266 (360)	1.7 in. (41.91 mm)	
G1 1/4A	214 (290)	398 (540)	310 (420)	398 (540)	1.9 in. (47.80 mm)	

Theread	Threads accord	Threads according to DIN 912, DIN 931, DIN 933, etc.			Threads according to DIN 7984	
Thread	8.8	10.9	12.9	8.8	10.9	
M5	4.1 (5.5)	6 (8)	7 (10)	4 (5)	5 (7)	
M6	7 (10)	10 (14)	13 (17)	6.3 (8.5)	9 (12)	
M8	18 (25)	26 (35)	31 (42)	15 (20)	22 (30)	
M10	33 (45)	48 (65)	59 (80)	30 (40)	44 (59)	
M12	64 (87)	81 (110)	108 (147)	51 (69)	74 (100)	
M14	100 (135)	133 (180)	170 (230)	81 (110)	118 (160)	
M16	155 (210)	203 (275)	258 (350)	125 (170)	184 (250)	
M18	207 (280)	302 (410)	354 (480)	181 (245)	254 (345)	
M20	302 (410)	420 (570)	509 (690)	251 (340)	361 (490)	
M22	406 (550)	575 (780)	686 (930)	339 (460)	487 (660)	
M24	524 (710)	738 (1000)	878 (1190)	435 (590)	620 (840)	
M27	767 (1040)	1092 (1480)	1305 (1770)	642 (870)	922 (1250)	
M30	1047 (1420)	1482 (2010)	1770 (2400)	885 (1200)	1254 (1700)	

Thread	Threads accord	Threads according to DIN 912, DIN 931, DIN 933, etc.			Threads according to DIN 7984	
mreau	8.8	10.9	12.9	8.8	10.9	
M8X1.0	18 (25)	27 (37)	32 (43)	16 (22)	24 (32)	
M10X1.0	37 (50)	55 (75)	65 (88)	32 (43)	48 (65)	
M10X1.25	36 (49)	52 (71)	61 (83)	31 (42)	46 (62)	
M12X1.25	64 (87)	96 (130)	111 (150)	55 (75)	81 (110)	
M12X1.5	61 (83)	92 (125)	107 (145)	53 (72)	77 (105)	
M14X1.5	100 (135)	148 (200)	173 (235)	89 (120)	129 (175)	
M16X1.5	155 (210)	229 (310)	266 (360)	133 (180)	195 (265)	
M18X1.5	232 (315)	332 (450)	391 (530)	199 (270)	284 (385)	
M20X1.5	325 (440)	465 (630)	538 (730)	277 (375)	391 (530)	
M22X1.5	435 (590)	620 (840)	723 (980)	369 (500)	524 (710)	
M24X2.0	546 (740)	789 (1070)	922 (1250)	465 (630)	664 (900)	
M27X2.0	811 (1100)	1143 (1550)	1328 (1800)	679 (920)	959 (1300)	
M30X2.0	1106 (1500)	1586 (2150)	1844 (2500)	959 (1300)	1364 (1850)	



# THIS OPERATOR'S MANUAL IS PROVIDED FOR OPERATOR USE

# DO NOT REMOVE FROM THIS MACHINE

Do not start, operate or work on this machine until you have carefully read and thoroughly understood the contents of the operator's manual.

Failure to follow safety, operating and maintenance instructions could result in serious injury to the operator or bystanders, poor operation, and costly breakdown.

If you have any questions on proper operation, adjustment or maintenance of this machine, contact your dealer or the GEHL Company service department before starting or continuing operation.

#### California Proposition 65 Warnings:

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects and other reproductive harm.

Battery post, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects and other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling battery.



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